ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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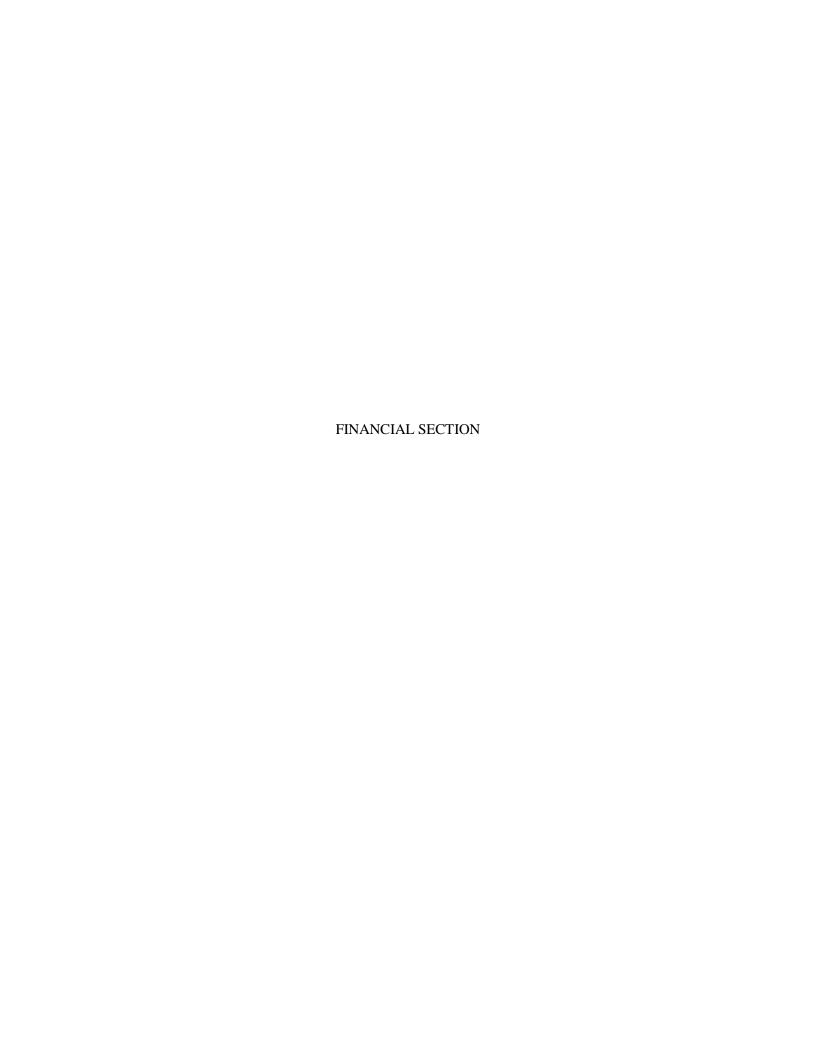
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Board of Commissioners

Name and Address	<u>County</u>	Term Expires
Thomas Huxley, Chair 94235 Moore St., Suite 122 Gold Beach, OR 97444 huxleyt@co.curry.or.us	#1	December 31, 2018
Susan Brown, Vice Chair 94235 Moore St., Suite 122 Gold Beach, OR 97444 browns@co.curry.or.us	#2	December 31, 2016
David Brock Smith, Commissioner 94235 Moore St., Suite 122 Gold Beach, OR 97444 smithd@co.curry.or.us	#3	December 31, 2016

Elected Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>	Term Expires
V. James Kolen	County Assessor	December 31, 2016
Renee Kolen	County Clerk	December 31, 2016
Everett Dial	County District Attorney	December 31, 2016
John Ward	County Sheriff	December 31, 2016
Deborah E. Crumley	County Treasurer	December 31, 2016
Reily Smith	County Surveyor	December 31, 2016





REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Commissioners Curry County, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Curry County, Oregon (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Curry County Public Transit Service District were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

<u>Opinion Unit</u>	Type of Opinion
Governmental Activities	Unmodified
Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units	Qualified
Governmental Fund – General Fund	Unmodified
Governmental Fund – Road Fund	Unmodified
Governmental Fund - Road Capital Improvement Fund	Unmodified
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified





Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

Included in the aggregate discretely presented component units is 4-H and Extension Service District (the "District"), which we did not audit. The District's financial activities are included in the County's basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit and represents 53 percent, 57 percent and 26 percent of assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the County's aggregate discretely presented component units.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the County, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 11, budgetary comparison information for the general and major special revenue funds on pages 46 through 48, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability on page 49, and the schedule of contributions on page 49, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability, and the schedule of contributions as described in the preceding paragraph in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information described above is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*; the schedule of property tax transactions; the general fund budgetary schedule by department; and the schedule of accountability for elected officials; each as listed in the table of contents (collectively, the supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as described above is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 1, 2017 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations

In accordance with the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated June 1, 2017, on our consideration of the County's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Medford, Oregon June 1, 2017

Imanda McCleany-moore



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Curry County, we offer readers of Curry County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Curry County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Curry County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$54,285,074 (GASB 68 adjusted net position).
- The County's total net position decreased by \$5,557,719
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Curry County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$40,716,982, a decrease of \$1,060,081 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 8.4% of this total amount, \$3,411,023, is available for spending at the county's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,416,397 million or 45.9% of the total General Fund expenditures.
- Curry County's total long term obligations increased 0.5% from \$394,845 on June 30, 2015 to \$408,724 on June 30, 2016. Note 7.
- A number of County funds transitioned to provide services as private non-profit organizations.
 - o Home Health and Hospice became Coastal Home Health and Hospice July 2011.
 - o Animal Control became Pennies For Pooches September 2012.
 - o CASA (Court Appointed Special Advocacy) became CASA of Douglas County November 2012.
 - o Human Services became Curry Community Health February 2013.
 - o Hammond House became Curry Community Health February 2013.
 - o Public Health became Curry Community Health February 2013.
 - o Environmental Sanitation services transitioned to Oregon State May 2014.
- The County General Fund continues to struggle with funding as Federal Secure Rural Schools (SRS) funding sunseted and future federal timber receipts are expected to be very small. The above services were transferred to freestanding non-profit organizations to assure the continued delivery of services if the County were no longer able to continue those programs. This change does not help the County's funding situation except that the General Fund will no longer provide subsidy to those programs as it has in the past.
- The Oregon Health Authority Agreement for the Financing of Public Health Services states the County must retain ultimate control and oversight of public health programs in Curry County and the County is still the Public Health and Mental Health Authority. The Human Services Fund was consolidated into the Public Health Fund October 15, 2014. Some Human Services and Public Health revenue streams must always flow through the County.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Curry County's basic financial statements. Curry County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Curry County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of net position presents information on all of Curry County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Curry County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Curry County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). Curry County no longer has "business type" activities. The governmental activities of Curry County include general government, health and social services, public safety and justice, community services, roads and bridges, and culture and recreation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Curry County itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate component units 4H & Extension Services and Public Transit District for which Curry County is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Curry County, like state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Curry County can be divided into three categories: government funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluation a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because of the focus of governmental funds being narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for government funds with similar information presented for government activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Curry County maintains 29 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet (page 14) and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances (page 16) for the General Fund, Road Fund, and Road Capital Improvement Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds (non-major governmental funds) are combined into a single aggregated presentation (pages 52-55). Additional information for the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 17 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Curry County maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate funds internally among Curry County's various functions. Curry County uses eight internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, equipment self-insurance, unemployment clearing, PERS reserve, commissioners' governance and general administrative services, including commissioners' office, county counsel, computer services, accounting, human resources, and building occupancy. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 86 - 99 in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 to 20 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Curry County's own programs. Fiduciary funds include Unsegregated Taxes that will be paid to taxing districts, Accrued Interest, Assessment & Taxation Due to State, Advance Taxes, Payroll Liabilities, Treasurer's Banking and Investment Trust for Districts. The accounting used for the seven fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21 and 22 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23 - 45 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Curry County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$54,285,074 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of Curry County's net position reflects \$37,633,564 (70%) restricted net position. This portion of the net position is restricted in use by outside parties, contracts, or by State Statute.

An additional \$18,079,966 of Curry County's net position (34%) represents the county's investment in capital assets. (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses the capital assets to provide services to citizens and those assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other resources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used.

The remaining balance of net position is a negative \$1,428,456 in unrestricted net position. Net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing business obligation to citizens and creditors.

As the following schedule will show, at the end of the current fiscal year, Curry County is able to report positive balances in two of three categories of net position for the government as a whole.

CURRY COUNTY NET POSITION

	Governmenta	l Activities
	2015-2016	2014-2015
ASSETS		
Current and Other Assets	\$43,651,142	\$ 44,998,576
Net Pension Asset	-	2,142,832
Capital Assets, Net	18,219,587	17,813,757
Total Assets	\$61,870,729	\$ 64,955,165
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	944,228	604,202
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	\$ 1,009,445	\$ 979,230
Net Pension Liability	5,454,322	-
Long-Term Obligations	382,297	368,879
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,846,064	\$ 1,348,109
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	1,683,819	4,368,465
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$18,079,966	\$ 17,664,700
Restricted	37,633,564	38,075,864
Unrestricted	(1,428,456)	4,102,229
	\$54,285,074	\$ 59,842,793

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased Curry County's net position by \$5,557,719. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Curry County reported net position of \$54,285,074, a decrease of \$5,557,719 in comparison with the prior year. Funds restricted for capital projects and special revenue is \$37,633,564 and \$18,079,966 is invested in capital assets.

GASB 68 (Government Accounting Standards Board) was implemented starting in the 2015 financial statements. In the Statement of Net Position in 2015 there was a Net Pension Asset of \$2,142,832 in the Assets section, in 2016 there is a Net Pension Liability of \$5,454,322. On page 14 of the audit there are also Net Pension Related Deferred Inflows and Outflows. The Net Pension Assets and Liabilities and Deferred Inflows are governed and actuarially determined by the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP). Whether there is a Net Pension Asset (Liability) is actuarially determined by comparing pension assets to future pension liabilities. A decline in market value of investments can result in significant change from Net Pension Asset (Liability). The County does not have access or control of the assets invested in OPSRP. Please see Note 10 on page 37 regarding details of the Employee Retirement Plan.

CURRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	Governmental Activities			
	2015-2016	2014-2015		
REVENUE				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services Operating Grants & Conribu-	\$ 1,655,944	\$ 1,886,015		
tions	8,610,259	10,940,783		
General Revenues				
Taxes	2,311,365	2,225,580		
Intergovernmental	292,496	286,332		
Other Income	502,100	533,557		
Total Revenues	13,372,164	15,872,267		
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	6,460,006	4,471,611		
Public Safety	7,259,325	4,173,567		
Highway & Streets	3,661,283	2,496,300		
Pubic Works	614,648	116,851		
Health and Welfare	971,351	625,371		
Interest on Long Term Debt	7,274	7,713		
(Gain) Loss on Sale of Assets	(44,004)	11,526		
Total Expenditures	18,929,883	11,902,939		
Change in Net Position	\$(5,557,719)	\$ 3,969,328		
Beginning Net Position	59,842,793	55,873,465		
Ending Net Position	\$54,285,074	\$59,842,793		

See pages 13

General Fund Highlights

The general fund is the chief operating fund of Curry County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,416,397. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, the unassigned fund balance represents 45.9% of the total General Fund expenditures.

During the current fiscal year the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$691,451. Passage of PL 110-343, Secure Rural Schools 2008, on October 3, 2008 created four declining amount safety net payments for Curry County. The reduced last payment of \$1,079,053 was received January 2012. A one year extension was included in the Surface Transportation Bill June 29, 2012 that provided \$1,226,138 in February 2013 in place of the budgeted \$350,000 expected timber harvest funds. October 2, 2013 a second one- year extension attached to the Helium Stewardship Bill provided \$1,205,796 in place of the \$150,000 budgeted timber harvest revenues.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund budgeted appropriations increased \$1,800,000 from original budget to the final budget primarily due to the \$1,640,164 Brookings Head Start Community Development Block Grant (CDGB).

- DOI/BLM SRS payment of \$1,036,967 more than original budget projection resulted in an increase in revenue to budget. The additional revenue was carried forward to FY 2015/2016.
- Actual payroll costs are less than original budget appropriation, primarily due to staff turnover and inability to hire staff for open positions.
- Actual expenditures are less than original appropriation due to operating and working capital reserves being maintained and departments being very frugal in staffing and other expenditures.

The Road Capital Improvement Fund restricted fund balance decreased \$221,246 to \$31,287,290. This is due to severely reduced USDA/ Forest Services SRS payments. The Road Fund balance decreased \$848,431 to \$3,144,447. The Human Services Fund was consolidated into Public Health Fund. Public Health Fund maintains a \$30,000 maximum fund balance as all revenue is passed through to CCH.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital asset. Curry County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016, amounts to \$18,219,587 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, communications towers, roads, highways, and bridges.

Major capital asset transactions during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Road maintenance equipment.
- Road infrastructure moved from Construction in Progress
- Brookings Airport improvements funded by FAA grants.
- Search and Rescue equipment funded by Federal Title III funds.
- Replacement of seven Sheriff's vehicles.
- Fairgrounds new restrooms/deck/storage
- 18 Elec/Water sites at Boice-Cope County Park
- ODOT Funded Rogue River Bike Path
- Courthouse Jail re-roof and Courthouse fire alarm system

CURRY COUNTY CAPITAL ASSETS

Net of Depreciation

	Governmental Activities					
	2015-2016 2014-2015					
Land	\$ 131,780	\$ 131,380				
Construction in Progress	198,954	380,029				
Building	1,986,701	2,065,986				
Machinery and Equipment	2,085,360	2,473,744				
Infrastructure	13,816,792	12,762,618				
Total Assets	\$18,219,587	\$ 17,813,757				

Additional information about Curry County's capital assets can be found in Note 5.

Long-term obligations. At the end of the current fiscal year, Curry County had total obligations outstanding of \$408,724. Of this amount, \$139,621 compromises a refurbishment loan from the State of Oregon, and \$269,103 is projected landfill post closure costs.

Additional information about Curry County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Curry County has the lowest Average Tax Rate of \$8.84 per \$1,000 Net Assessed Value in Oregon according to Oregon Department of Revenue, Oregon Property Tax Statistics, Fiscal Year 2015-16. The Statewide Average is \$16.30 per \$1,000 Net Assessed Value (NAV).
- Curry County unemployment rates have been dropping steadily since July 2013 when the unemployment rate was at 10.1%. In December 2016 Curry County's unemployment rate was at 6.7%. Oregon statewide unemployment rate is generally more than 3% lower than Curry County.
- Portland Oregon CPI showed a 2.6% annual increase for the 12 months ending June 2016.
- Teamsters' health insurance is capped at \$1,150 per month with a \$50 per month increase each January. January 2016 \$1,200, January 2017 \$1,250. Premiums over the cap shall be paid by the employee. The County contributes \$50 per month to each employee's health reimbursement agreement.
- Teamsters' employees receive a 5% step increase at annual anniversary for an employee who meets standards in all areas. Teamsters' employees pay the required PERS 6% employee portion.
- The SEIU union agreement was extended to June 30, 2017. There are 18 SEIU members remaining after downsizing and outsourcing various programs.
- As departments leave the County the PERS unfunded liability falls on a smaller salary base and thus requires a higher rate to amortize the liability. These changes will have a continuing impact on the County's personnel costs.
- The 2016/2017 budget includes or is expected to have available:
 - o \$1,835,000 of Road Reserves are being used for County Road Patrol,
 - o Revenue streams are expected to be essentially the same as the 2015/2016 actual,
 - o The budget is based on 2015/2016 budget or status quo

- o The \$850,000 working capital reserve is carried forward to 2016/2017,
- The \$2,265,167 2015/2016 unassigned fund balance carried forward to 2016/2017 is \$977,359 more than the 2016/2017 budget due primarily to General Fund departments being under budget and unspent contingencies.

All factors are considered in preparing Curry County's budget for fiscal year 2016-2017.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Curry County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the following address:

Curry County Clerk 94235 Moore Street, Suite 212 Gold Beach, OR 97444



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

				Compone	ent Units		
				Extension Services		Public Transit	
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	42,466,172	\$	556,812	\$	4,149	
Restricted Cash		19,652		-		-	
Receivables:							
Taxes		152,365		-		-	
Accounts (Net of Allowance for Uncollectible)		502,170		-		82,027	
Prepaid Expenses		89,169		-		-	
Supply Inventories		421,614		_		-	
Capital Assets:							
Land		131,780		-		-	
Other Capital Assets, Net		18,087,807		2,049		412,748	
Total Assets		61,870,729		558,861		498,924	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension Related Deferred Outflows		944,228		<u>-</u>		-	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable		408,323		-		82,657	
Payroll and Related Accruals		126,258		-		_	
Accrued Compensated Absences		250,470		-		-	
Unearned Revenue		172,865		-		-	
Other Accrued Expenses		25,102		-		-	
Net Pension Liability		5,454,322		-		-	
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Due Within One Year:							
Loan Payable		9,897		-		-	
Landfill Post-closure Cost		16,530		-		-	
Due in More Than One Year:							
Loan Payable		129,724		-		-	
Landfill Post-closure Cost		252,573		<u>-</u>		-	
Total Liabilities		6,846,064		-		82,657	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension Related Deferred Inflows		1,683,819		<u>-</u>		-	
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		18,079,966		2,049		412,748	
Restricted for:				•		,	
Capital Projects		34,010,123		-		-	
Special Revenues		2,458,855		-		-	
Road Fund Equipment Self Insurance		1,164,586		-		-	
Unrestricted		(1,428,456)		556,812		3,519	
Total Net Position	¢	54,285,074	\$	558,861	\$	416,267	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Net Revenue (Expenses) and							
		Prog	gram R	levenues	Chan	ges in Net Position	n Compone	nt Units	
					Operating				
		C	charges for		Grants and	G	overnmental	4H & Extension	Public
	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Activities	Services	Transit
Functions/Programs									
Governmental Activities									
General Government	\$ 6,460,006	\$	655,417	\$	3,111,681	\$	(2,692,908)	\$ -	\$ -
Public Safety	7,259,325		329,071		1,363,977		(5,566,277)	-	-
Highways and Streets	3,661,283		137,725		3,137,809		(385,749)	-	-
Public Works	614,648		116,528		760,218		262,098	-	-
Health and Welfare	971,351		417,203		236,574		(317,574)	-	-
Interest on Long-term Debt	7,274		-				(7,274)		
Total Governmental Activities	18,973,887		1,655,944	_	8,610,259		(8,707,684)		
Total Primary Government	\$ 18,973,887	\$	1,655,944	\$	8,610,259		(8,707,684)		
Component Units									
4H & Extension Services	\$ 228,228	\$	-	\$	-			(228,228)	
Public Transit	¢ 451.240	\$		¢	769,200				317,852
Public Transit	\$ 451,348	3	-	3	769,200				317,832
		G	l Revenues						
		Taxe							
			s: operty				1,618,012	275,304	
			her Taxes				693,353	273,304	-
				ot Doctr	icted to Specific Programs		292,496	-	-
			estricted Investme		-		272,055	3,573	129
			cellaneous Incom		inigs		230,045	3,373	42,582
			1 (Loss) on Sale o		al Accate		44,004	_	682
		Gan	i (Loss) oii Sale o	т Сарп	ai Assets		44,004		082
		Total G	General Revenue	s			3,149,965	278,877	43,393
		Change	e in Net Position				(5,557,719)	50,649	361,245
		Net Pos	sition - Beginnin	g of Ye	ar		59,842,793	508,212	55,022
		Net Pos	sition - End of Y	ear		\$	54,285,074	\$ 558,861	\$ 416,267

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

			5	SPECIAL RE	VEN	IUE FUNDS				
			_			OAD CAPITAL		OTHER		
	(GENER AL		ROAD	IN	IPROVEMENT		GOVERN-		
		FUND	_	FUND		FUND		MENTAL		TOTAL
ASSETS:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,447,470	\$	2,752,511	\$	31,287,290	\$	2,788,862	\$	40,276,133
Restricted Cash		19,652		-		-		-		19,652
Receivables:										
Accounts (net of allowance)		223,133		163,005		-		112,642		498,780
Property Taxes		152,365		-		-		-		152,365
Prepaid Expenses		88,770		-		-		399		89,169
Supply Inventory		-		421,614		-		-		421,614
Due from Other Funds		28,859	_	-				-		28,859
Total Assets	\$	3,960,249	\$	3,337,130	\$	31,287,290	\$	2,901,903	\$	41,486,572
LIABILITIES:										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	71,066	\$	170,471	\$	_	\$	58,101	\$	299,638
Accrued Payroll and Related Expenses	s ·	78,880		22,212		-	·	15,718		116,810
Due to Other Funds		· -		· -		_		28,859		28,859
Unearned Revenue		153,718		-		_		19,147		172,865
Other Accrued Expenses		25,102	_	-	_			<u> </u>	_	25,102
Total Liabilities		328,766	_	192,683		-		121,825	_	643,274
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ES									
Unavailable Property Tax Revenues		126,316	_					-	_	126,316
FUND BALANCE:										
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		88,770		421,614		-		399		510,783
Restricted for:				2 522 022		21 207 200				24 010 122
Capital Projects		-		2,722,833		31,287,290		2.460.416		34,010,123
Special Revenues		-		-		-		2,460,416		2,460,416
Committed Assigned for:		-		-		-		70,829		70,829
Special Revenues		_						191 252		181,253
Capital Projects		-		-		-		181,253 74,116		74,116
Unassigned		3,416,397		-		-		(6,935)		3,409,462
Chassigned		3,110,377	_		_			(0,755)		3,103,102
Total Fund Balance		3,505,167	_	3,144,447		31,287,290		2,780,078		40,716,982
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	3,960,249	\$	3,337,130	\$	31,287,290	\$	2,901,903	\$	41,486,572

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

Fund Balances-Governmental Funds	\$	40,716,982
The net pension asset (liability) is the difference between the total pension liability and the assets set aside to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries.		(4,908,052)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the pension plan include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earning, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date.		
Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows		849,660 (1,515,178)
The cost of capital assets, net of adjustments (land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole.		
Governmental Capital Assets (excluding internal service funds) \$ 29,083,668 Less Accumulated Depreciation \$ (11,398,522)	<u>-</u>	17,685,146
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position.		
Accrued Compensated Absences (250,470))	
Loan Payable (139,621) Landfill Post-closure Liability (269,103)		(659,194)
Deferred Revenue represents amounts that were not available to fund current expenditures and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		126,316
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net Position of the internal service funds that are reported with governmental activities, net.		1,989,394
Total Net Position	\$	54,285,074

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		SDECIAL RE	VENUE FUNDS		
		SI ECIAL RE	ROAD CAPITAL	OTHER	
	GENER AL	ROAD	IMPROVEMENT	GOVERN-	
	FUND	FUND	FUND	MENTAL	TOTAL
REVENUES	TOND	TONE	TONE	WELVITE	TOTAL
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 1,620,718	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,620,718
Other	457,157	-	-	-	457,157
Franchise	86,144	-	-	150,052	236,196
Grants and Donations	12,348	-	-	165,249	177,597
Charges for Services	486,447	54,084	-	494,070	1,034,601
Intergovernmental	3,377,274	3,137,809	-	2,138,408	8,653,491
Licenses and Permits	55,098	-	-	395,665	450,763
Investment Earnings	24,042	200	227,885	14,331	266,458
Fines and Forfeitures	53,166	-	-	-	53,166
Internal Service	24,266	83,641	-	166,562	274,469
Reimbursements	10,229	14,412	-	5,383	30,024
Miscellaneous	58,231	12,189		30,636	101,056
Total Revenues	6,265,120	3,302,335	227,885	3,560,356	13,355,696
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	2,357,606	-	-	1,034,891	3,392,497
Public Safety	5,061,794	-	-	42,349	5,104,143
Highways and Streets	-	2,797,077	6,639	-	2,803,716
Public Works	18,664	-	-	452,980	471,644
Health and Welfare		- 1 471 002	-	733,929	733,929
Capital Outlay	7,587	1,471,992	-	718,472	2,198,051
Debt Service:				7.274	7.274
Interest	-	-	-	7,274	7,274
Principal		-		9,436	9,436
Total Expenditures	7,445,651	4,269,069	6,639	2,999,331	14,720,690
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(1,180,531)	(966,734)	221,246	561,025	(1,364,994)
•					
Other Financing Sources, (Uses)					
Transfers In	525,962	78,046	-	61,382	665,390
Transfers Out	(36,882)		-	(365,508)	(402,390)
Sale of Capital Assets		40,257		926	41,183
Total Other Financing					
Sources, (Uses)	489,080	118,303	_	(303,200)	304,183
2041003, (2303)	,,,,,	110,000		(202,200)	501,100
Net Change in Fund Balance	(691,451)	(848,431)	221,246	257,825	(1,060,811)
FUND BALANCE -					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,196,618	3,992,878	31,066,044	2,522,253	41,777,793
FUND BALANCE -					
END OF YEAR	\$ 3,505,167	\$ 3,144,447	\$ 31,287,290	\$ 2,780,078	\$ 40,716,982

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities (1,060,811)Excess of Revenues over Expenditures The pension expense represents the changes in net pension asset (liability) from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits. (4,130,488)Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Expenditure for capital outlay, net of adjustments for changes in estimates 1,444,711 Less current year depreciation, net of adjustments for changes in estimates (1,066,650) 378,061 Governmental funds record revenue for amounts received from the disposal of assets. However, in the statement of net activities revenues are not recorded for proceeds received from the disposal of capital unless they are in excess of the net book value of the disposed assets and result in a gain. When proceeds less than the net book value of the disposed assets a loss is recorded for the difference. Gain/(Loss) from the disposal of capital assets 37,324 Proceeds from the disposal of capital assets (41,183)(3,859)Deferred revenue was recognized in the prior year in the government-wide statements but remained deferred in the funds. This revenue was recognized in the funds in the current year and must be removed in government-wide since it was recognized in the prior year. (Current year deferred revenues are properly recorded as deferred in the funds and in the government-wide statements, as such, none of those amounts will be recognized in the current (2,706)Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, however repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Notes payable principal payments 9,436 Change in landfill post-closure liability (23,315)Change in accrued compensated absences 1,196

Change in net position of internal service funds reported with governmental activities, net

Change in Net Position

(12,683)

(725,233)

(5,557,719)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

	GOVERNMENTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
ASSETS	·	
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,190,039
Accounts Receivable, Net		3,390
Total Current Assets		2,193,429
Noncurret Assets		
Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		534,441
Total Assets		2,727,870
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related Deferred Outflows		94,568
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,822,438
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	108,685
Accrued Payroll and Related Expenses		9,448
Total Current Liabilities		118,133
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net Pension Liability		546,270
Total Liabilities		664,403
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related Deferred Inflows		168,641
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		534,441
Restricted for self insurance		1,164,586
Unrestricted		290,367
Total Net Position		1,989,394
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	2,822,438

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

OPERATING REVENUES	GOVERNMENTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
Charge for Services	\$	1,598,367
Grants and Contracts Miscellaneous		12,705 874
Miscerialicous		074
Total Operating Revenues		1,611,946
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personal Services		1,269,973
Materials and Services		642,912
Depreciation Expense	-	173,571
Total Operating Expenses		2,086,456
Income, (Loss) From Operations		(474,510)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest on Investments		5,597
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		6,680
Total Non-Operating Revenues		12,277
Income, (Loss) Before Transfers		(462,233)
Transfers Out		(263,000)
Change in Net Position		(725,233)
Beginning Net Position		2,714,627
Ending Net Position	\$	1,989,394

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

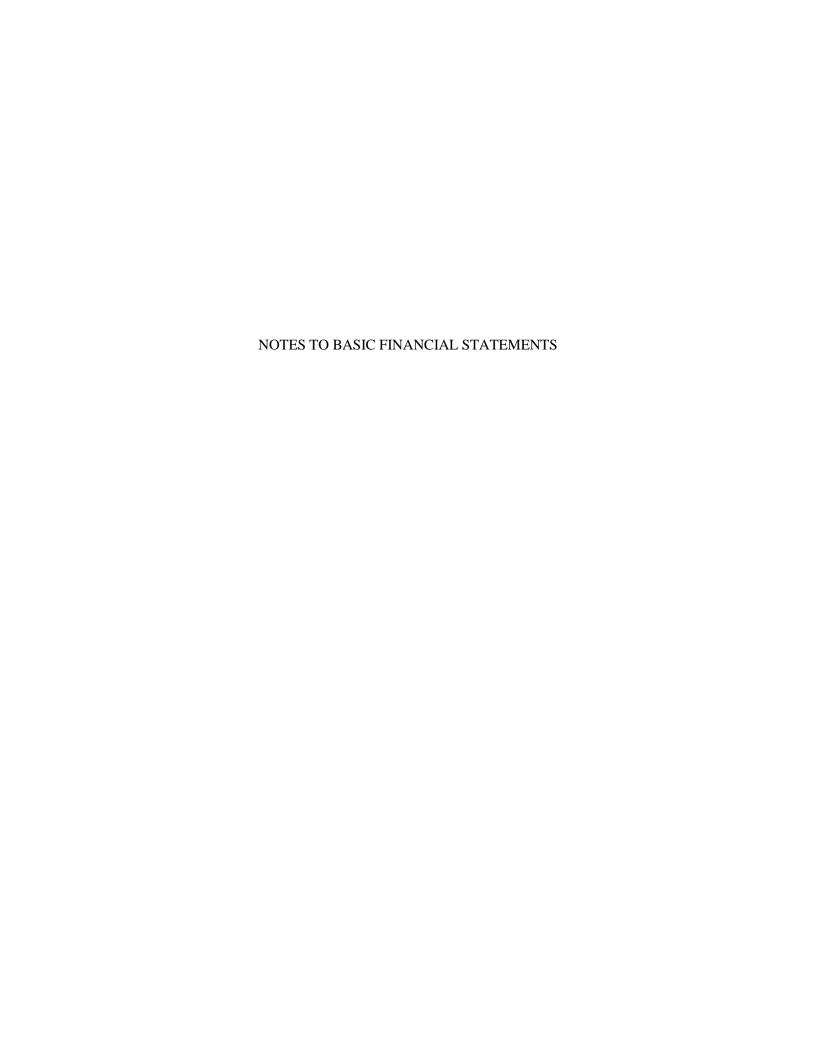
	IN	ERNMENTAL NTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from Services Provided	\$	1,612,257
Payments to Suppliers		(698,344)
Pay ments to Employees		(836,331)
Net Cash Provided (used) by Operating Activities		77,582
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interfund Transfers		(263,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(263,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		6,680
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(205,199)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(198,519)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and Dividends Received	-	5,597
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		5,597
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(378,340)
CASH AND CASH EQ UIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,568,379
CASH AND CASH EQ UIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	2,190,039
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (loss)	\$	(474,510)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (loss) to net		
Cash from Operating Activities:		
Depreciation/Amortization		173,571
Decrease (Increase) in assets:		
Accounts Receivable		346
Increase (Decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts Pay able/Accrued Liabilities		(55,432)
Unearned Revenue		(35)
Accrued Payroll		(8,352)
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liabilities and Related Deferrals		441,994
Net Cash From Operations	\$	77,582

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	AGENCY FUNDS	II	COUNTY NVESTMENT FUND
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 858,585	\$	580,042
Receivables			
Taxes	 2,128,462		-
Total Assets	 2,987,047		580,042
LIABILITIES			
Payroll Liabilities	552,209		-
Due to - Oregon State	59,521		-
Due to - Other Taxing Districts	 2,375,317		
Total Liabilities	 2,987,047		
NET POSITION			
Held in trust for-other taxing districts	 -		580,042
Total Net Position	\$ -	\$	580,042

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	COUNTY INVESTMENT FUND	
ADDITIONS		
Participant contributions	\$	23,138,426
Interest, dividends, and other investment income		3,562
Less investment expense		(178)
Net Investment Income (Loss)		3,384
Total additions		23,141,810
DEDUCTIONS		
Participant withdrawals		23,068,355
NET CHANGES		73,455
Net Position – July 1, 2015		506,587
Net Position – June 30, 2016	\$	580,042



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

Curry County, Oregon (the County) was established in 1855 and is organized under the general laws of the State of Oregon as a general law county. A Board of County Commissioners governs the County and consists of three independently elected members who serve full-time and are compensated. Other elected officials include the Treasurer, the County Assessor, the County Clerk, the County Surveyor, the Sheriff and the District Attorney.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards.

The accompanying financial statements present the County and its component units. Component units, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, are separate organizations that are included in Curry County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective July 1, 2015, the County adopted the following accounting and financial reporting standards:

- GASB Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application.
- GASB Statement No. 79 Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.

Every government in the United States was required to comply with these new accounting rules. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting. GASB Statement No. 79 establishes criteria for external investment pools to measure all investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. It also requires additional disclosure for governments that participate in these investment pools. Both GASB pronouncements will improve financial reporting by enhancing comparability among governments.

Component Units

The Curry County 4-H and Extension Service District serves all citizens of the County and is governed by the County's Board of Commissioners. The Board approves the District's budget, levies taxes and approves contracts with all cities receiving District support payments. The District is reported as a discretely presented component unit. Reviewed financial statements for the District may be obtained from the Registered Agent at County offices at 950 S Ellensburg, Gold Beach, OR 97444.

The Curry County Public Transit Service District serves all citizens of the County and is governed by the County's Board of Commissioners. The Board approves the District's budget and approves contracts with all cities receiving District support payments. The District is reported as a discretely presented component unit. Audited financial statements for the District may be obtained from Curry County at 94235 Moore Street, Suite 123, Gold Beach, OR 97444.

The County is not entitled to any financial benefits, or subject to any obligations of the Curry County 4-H and Extension Service District and Curry County Public Transit Service District.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within ninety days after year-end. Property taxes, interest, and certain intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Road Fund* accounts for revenue and expenditures associated with the operations of the Road Department. Historically Forest Services timber harvest revenue and more recently the Secure Rural Schools Act (SRS) payments was the major source providing over 40% of revenue. Oregon motor vehicle fuel tax provides 50% of the revenue.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

The *Road Capital Improvement Fund* accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with capital improvements for the Road Fund. All of the revenue and accumulated fund balance is from Forest Services timber harvest revenue and more recently the Secure Rural Schools Act (SRS) payments and interest earned on those funds. Resource uses are restricted by Federal and State law.

Additionally, the following fund types are reported:

Special Revenue funds are primarily operating funds that account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other revenue sources, which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities. When a special revenue fund is not an operating fund, transfers are made from the special revenue fund to operating funds authorized to make expenditures.

Capital projects funds account for expenditures on major construction projects or equipment acquisition. The principal sources of revenues are proceeds from certificates of participation issued to finance capital acquisitions, proceeds from the sale of property, general obligation bond proceeds, full faith and credit bonds, and revenue bonds.

Proprietary Funds account for the operations of internal service funds (ISF) for services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on an annual budgetary cost reimbursement basis. Administrative Services is funded by transfers from operating departments and provides accounting, audit, legal, payroll, human resources, information network services, and facilities operations. General Services is funded by a mileage reimbursement and provides operating and maintenance services for all County vehicles that are not Road Department vehicles. Vehicle Replacement is funded by periodic or lump sum payment for all purchases of General Service vehicles. Sheriff Reserve departments are the major users of this fund. General Fund Equipment Self Insurance is funded by a per mile transfer from General Services and insurance reimbursements. Damaged or destroyed vehicle costs are paid from this fund. Road Fund Equipment Self Insurance is funded with Road restricted funds and pays the damaged or destroyed Road vehicle costs. The Unemployment Reserve Fund was established by the BOC and is funded by a 1.5% assessment of covered payroll by all departments. This fund pays the County's quarterly unemployment claims reimbursements to the State. The BOC established the PERS Reserve Fund to cover potential PERS unfunded liability assessments and significant rate increases. Each department contributed a share. The Commissioners' Fund was established by BOC resolution April 2, 2014 to begin with the 2014/2015 Budget Fiscal Year. The purpose is to provide funding for commissioners compensation and related costs specific to governance. The cost recovery is 70% from all operating departments and 30% from General Fund discretionary resources.

Fiduciary Funds account for resources received and held in a fiduciary capacity. Disbursements from these funds are made in accordance with the trust agreement or applicable legislative enactment for each particular fund.

The County follows the standards that are set by Governmental Accounting Standards Board for governmental entities.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payables from the business-type activities to the governmental activities.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fair value inputs and methodologies and hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

 $\underline{\text{Level 1}}$ – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

<u>Level 2</u> – other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market–corroborated inputs)

<u>Level 3</u> – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and investments

The County policy defines cash as all moneys on deposit in bank checking and savings accounts, money market accounts, certificates of deposits, deposits in LGIP (Local Government Investment Pool), grant or pass through funds currently in County bank accounts, unsegregated property tax receipts not yet transferred to taxing districts, funds held and invested for select taxing districts, and petty cash held in departments. Cash includes pooled cash that is allocated to the respective funds based on fund balance.

State statutes authorize investing in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, municipal bonds, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments (continued)

Investments are reported at fair value. The only investment is the LGIP. The LGIP operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations.

The County treats all cash and investments held in its internal investment pool as cash equivalents for statement of cash flow purposes since each fund can draw resources from the pool upon demand.

Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/ from other funds". All other outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property taxes receivable are deemed by management to be substantially collectible or recoverable through foreclosure. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful tax accounts is deemed necessary. All other receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Property taxes are assessed in October and tax payments are due November 15th of the same year. Under the partial payment schedule, the first one third of taxes are due November 15th, the second one-third on February 15th, and the remaining one third on May 15th. A three percent discount is allowed if full payment is made by November 15th and a two percent discount is allowed if two thirds payment is made by November 15th. Taxes become delinquent if not paid by the due date and interest accrues after each trimester at a rate of one percent per month. Property foreclosure proceedings are initiated four years after the tax due date.

Assessments receivable are offset by deferred revenue in the governmental statements, and accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

Receivables of the proprietary fund types are recorded as revenue earned, including services earned but not billed.

Receivables for federal and state grants and state, county, and local shared revenue are recorded as revenue in all fund types as earned. The receivables for state, county, and local shared revenue are recorded in accounts receivable.

Investment earnings (e.g., accrued interest receivable) are recorded as revenue in all fund types as interest income.

Supply inventory

Supply inventories for all governmental funds are valued at cost. Inventories are maintained only in the Road Fund. Inventories are stated at cost (first-in, first-out basis) in the Road fund. The other funds use the consumption method to account for their inventories.

Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include payments for goods, services and dues actually made during the current fiscal year that will not be consumed or effective until a future fiscal year.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, sewers, street lighting, and similar items,) and their improvements, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All assets with an expected useful life beyond a single reporting period and that meet the capitalization threshold specified for the asset classification shall be capitalized. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Category	Threshold	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	\$50,000	50 years
Building Improvements	\$30,000	25 years
Land improvements	\$30,000	25 years
Machinery and equipment	\$7,000	3 - 7 years
Heavy Equipment	\$10,000	10 years
Vehicles	\$10,000	3 - 5 years
Infrastructure	\$100,000	50 years

Compensated absences

It is the policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory, and sick leave benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since there is no policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the County. All vacation pay and compensatory time is accrued when incurred in the government wide and proprietary funds.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions, is followed. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance (continued)

- <u>Nonspendable</u> represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid items.
- Restricted represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation). Legally enforceable enabling legislation restriction is one that a party external to a government—such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary—can compel a government to honor. 100% of the restricted fund balances are restricted due to enabling legislation and comprise 90% of the Curry County Total Fund Balance.
- <u>Committed</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution, which is the County's highest level of decision making authority.
- <u>Assigned</u> represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. The Board of Commissioners, by Resolution approved June 29, 2011, delegates the responsibility to assign funds to the Liaison Commissioner, the department head, or the County Accountant. Assignments may occur subsequent to fiscal year-end.
- <u>Unassigned</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

E. NET POSITION

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operations, non-operating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of all capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – consists of external constraints placed on asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There is not position restricted for special revenue and capital projects funds.

Unrestricted – consists of all other assets that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. RETIREMENT PLANS

Substantially all of the County's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

G. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At June 30, 2016 there were deferred outflows of \$944,228 representing pension related deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statement will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items which qualify for reporting in this category. The first item, unavailable revenue of \$126,316, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues for property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. At June 30, 2016, there were also deferred inflows of \$1,683,819 representing pension related deferrals.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGET INFORMATION

Budgets are prepared and adopted, and expenditures are appropriated, in accordance with Oregon Local Budget Law. Except for the agency funds, the County is required by law to budget all resources. The budgetary level of control is by department and object for the General Fund. All other funds appropriate by object. Local Budget Law requires budgeting by object classifications of personal services, materials & services, capital, debt service, interfund transfers, contingencies, and other expenses. Expenditures may not legally exceed the adopted level of detail and all annual appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbrance accounting is not used. The budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for capital outlay expenditures which are budgeted by function, depreciation expense is not recorded, and property taxes received more than 60 days after year end are not considered budgetary resources in the funds.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplementary budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers, and adoption by the Board of Commissioners. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets by the use of appropriation transfers, which require only the approval of the Board. However, the transfers of appropriations within a budgetary control level may be made without the approval of the Board. During the year, the adopted budget was modified with multiple supplemental budgets.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures were within appropriation levels except for the following:

Fund	Personal Services	M aterials Services	Capital Outlay	Interfund Transfers	Other Expenses	
General Fund						
	¢.	¢ 2.200	¢	¢	¢	
County Clerk - Elections	\$ -	\$ 3,280	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Tax Collection	100	-	-	-	-	
Emergency	191	-	-	-	-	
RSVP	1,337	-	-	_	-	
Veterans	-	4,009	-	-	-	
Total Genefal Fund	\$ 1,628	\$ 7,289	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Court Mediation	\$ -	\$ 1,896	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Law and Library	-	2,069	-	_	-	
Brookings Airport	-	4,228	-	_	-	
County Parks	1,589	11,485	-	-	-	
Victims' Assistance	10,414	1,729	-	-	-	
Bridge Lights Maintenance	-	7,238	-	-	-	
County School	-	-	-	-	258	
Towers Systems Maintenance	-	129	-	-	-	
Child Advocacy	410	-	-	-	-	
Vehicle Replacement Reserve	-	946	11,143	-	-	
Children & Families	-	-	-	756	-	
Commissioners' Fund	199	438	-	-	-	

At June 30, 2016, four funds had a negative ending fund balance. The Commissioners' Services Fund has an ending fund balance of (\$189,180), the Administration Services Fund has and ending fund balance of (\$157,710) the Law Library fund had an ending fund balance of (\$1,561), and the Economic Development Fund had an ending fund balance of (\$5,374).

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The cash management policies are governed by state statutes. Statutes authorize investing in banker's acceptances, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

A cash pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reported on the balance sheet as Cash and Investments.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and Investments (recorded at cost) as of June 30, 2016 consisted of:

Deposits with Financial Institutions:

Petty Cash and Cash on Hand	\$ 3,530
Deposits with Financial Institutions	831,303
Investments in LGIP	43,089,618
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 43,924,451

Reconciliation of Cash to Financial Statements:

Governmental	\$ 42,485,824
Agency/Fiduciary	 1,438,627
Total	\$ 43,924,451

Deposits

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. The total bank balance per the bank statements as of June 30, 2016 was \$915,972, of which \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was collateralized by the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP). Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk on deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank or credit union failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. In order to minimize the risk, Curry County policy and state statues require banks and credit unions holding public funds become members of the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP), a multiple financial institution collateral pool created by the Office of the State Treasurer. To qualify, participating banks and credit unions must pledge collateral against any public fund deposits in excess of deposit insurance. The amount of collateral is set by the PFCP between 10% and 110% of each bank's public fund deposits based on their net worth and level of capitalization. Although the PFCP creates a shared liability structure for participating bank and credit union depositories, it does not guarantee that all funds are 100% protected. The \$915,972 in County deposits, including amounts with Oregon Pacific Trust, are covered by the state collateral pool is exposed to custodial credit risk because the collateral is not held by a third-party custodial bank in the County's name.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund appears to be in compliance with all portfolio guidelines at June 30, 2016. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We intend to measure these investments at book value since it approximates fair value. The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. As of June 30, 2016, the fair value of the position in the LGIP is 100.6% of the value of the pool shares as reported in the Oregon Short Term Fund audited financial statements. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized.

		Investment Maturities (in months)						
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 3	3-17	18-59				
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$ 43,089,618	\$ 43,089,618	\$ -	\$ -				
Total	\$ 43,089,618	\$ 43,089,618	\$ -	\$ -				

Interest Rate Risk

Curry County adopted a written investment policy in March of 2011 which requires that investments not exceed a maturity of 18 months.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the value of the deposit will not be recovered. There is no formal investment policy for custodial credit risk.

Oregon Revised Statues does not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE.

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2016, 100% of total investments were in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. State statute does not limit the percentage of investments in this instrument.

4. RECEIVABLES

Allowance for doubtful accounts: The revenues and receivables of the Human Services fund and Public Health Fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts. There were no uncollectible amounts as of fiscal year end, as determined by management.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Description		July 1, 2015		Adjustments		Additions		Disposals	June 30, 2016	
Capital assets not being depreciated										
Land	\$	131,380	\$	-	\$	400	\$	-	\$	131,780
Construction In Progress		380,029		(112,796)		1,435,364		(1,503,643)		198,954
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$	511,409	\$	(112,796)	\$	1,435,764	\$	(1,503,643)	\$	330,734
Capital Assets being depreciated										
Buildings and Improvements	\$	3,894,549	\$	-	\$	45,758	\$	-	\$	3,940,307
Equipment		9,283,383		-		283,865		(249,535)		9,317,713
Infrastructure		15,633,617				1,503,643				17,137,260
Total Capital Assets being depreciated		28,811,549		_		1,833,266	_	(249,535)		30,395,280
Less Accumulated Depreciation										
Buildings and improvements		1,828,564		3,261		121,781		-		1,953,606
Equipment		6,809,640		(575)		668,964		(245,676)		7,232,353
Infrastructure		2,870,999		<u> </u>		449,469		-		3,320,468
Total Accumulated Depreciation		11,509,203		2,686		1,240,214		(245,676)		12,506,427
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		17,302,346								17,888,853
Total Governmental Activities, Net	\$	17,813,755							\$	18,219,587

Adjustments made to depreciation during 2015-16 included a correction of Road Fund - Buildings and Improvements beginning balance in order to match 2014-15 ending balance. Construction Projects – Buildings and Improvements was adjusted to correct the depreciation of an HVAC unit and depreciated it over the proper service life. Road Fund – Equipment adjustments included adding back 2008 Ford Truck depreciation that was incorrectly deleted during 2014-15 and the correction 2014-15 sanding unit depreciation. Public Services Fund – Equipment had one adjustment to remove the accumulated depreciation for 2008 Ford Truck, this asset was moved back to the Road Fund in the current year.

Depreciation Expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$ 289,350
Public Safety	435,338
Highways and Streets	239,132
Public Works	40,226
Health and Welfare	62,597
Depreciation charged to Internal Service Funds	173,571
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,240,214

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

PUBLIC TRANSIT SERVICE DISTRICT

Description	Ju	ly 1, 2015	Adjus	stments	Additions		Disposals		June 30, 2016	
Capital Assets being depreciated										
Vehicles	\$	564,848	\$	-	\$	396,206	\$	(91,356)	\$	869,698
Less Accumulated Depreciation										
Vehicles		516,131		-		32,175		(91,356)		456,950
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		\$48,717		\$0		\$364,031		\$0		\$412,748

6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

				Govern	nmen								
					Brookings Other				Internal				
	(General	Road		Airport Governmen		vernmental	Service		Total			
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds		Transfers	
Transfers In	\$	525,962	\$	78,046	\$	16,082	\$	45,300	\$	-	\$	665,390	
Transfers Out		(36,882)		-		-		(365,508)		(263,000)		(665,390)	
Total	\$	489,080	\$	78,046	\$	16,082	\$	(320,208)	\$	(263,000)	\$	-	

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Interfund transfers to the General Fund are reimbursements for services provided by those funds. Other transfers are budgeted for as deemed necessary by the Commissioners.

		Governn				
				Other		
		General	Gov	ernmental		
		Fund		Funds	Total	
Due From Other Funds	\$	28,859	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	28,859
Due Holli Other Fullus	φ	20,037	φ	-	φ	20,037
Due To Other Funds	\$	-	\$	28,859	\$	28,859

Interfund receivables and payables represent amounts owed to the General Fund for expenditures paid for on behalf of the other funds. Expected repayment date for interfund loans is June 30, 2016.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Loan with the State of Oregon: On December 1, 2002 a loan agreement was entered into with the State of Oregon. The loan proceeds are to be used to help finance the remodel of the courthouse and the jail. The \$225,000 loan was partially received during the year ended June 30, 2003 (\$153,296); the remainder was received in the year ended June 30, 2004 (\$71,704). The loan payable is in annual installments of \$16,710, including interest at 4.88% beginning July 31, 2004, due December 1, 2026.

Future payments of principal and interest on the loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Principal		Interest		Total
2017	\$	9,897		6,813	16,710
2018		10,379		6,331	16,710
2019		10,886		5,824	16,710
2020		11,417		5,293	16,710
2021		11,974		4,736	16,710
2022-2026		69,230		14,320	83,550
2027		15,838		773	16,611
Total	\$	139,621	\$	44,090	\$ 183,711

Postclosure Landfill Cost: A postclosure landfill is maintained. The liability for postclosure costs as of June 30, 2016 was \$269,103. The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to have financial assurance in place to finance postclosure costs.

A fully funded Trust account at Oregon Pacific Bank, with the Bank as Trustee, is in place to meet this obligation. The Port Orford Landfill Post-Closure Trust Fund Agreement was updated November 16, 2012 and includes Grantors Curry County, City of Brookings, City of Gold Beach, City of Port Orford, Beneficiary DEQ, Trustee Oregon Pacific Bank (OPB), and State of Oregon / Department of Environmental Quality.

The landfill was in use for more than 30 years prior to June 1991 when a closure plan was prepared. A trust agreement was signed in March 1993 by all the cities, DEQ and the County. Formal closure construction work began October 1996. CTR (Curry Transfer & Recycling) pays a percentage of revenue to the trust to fund the post-closure costs. DEQ must authorize all release of funds from OPB. \$243,408 was expended to support the landfill post-closure from 2002 to 2014. The County submits annual reports to DEQ that include engineering and monitoring reports and cash flow projections. It is expected that DEQ will extend the landfill monitoring requirements beyond the current 2022 end date.

Changes in long term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Be	ginning				Ending		Due within		
	Balance		Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
State of Oregon Loan	\$	149,057	\$	-	\$	9,436	\$	139,621	\$	9,897
Landfill postclosure cost		245,788		30,113		6,798		269,103		16,530
Total	\$	394,845	\$	30,113	\$	16,234	\$	408,724	\$	26,427

8. OPERATING LEASES

Various leases were entered into for various items including buildings, equipment, copy machines, and a hanger for the Sheriff Department. Total lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$33,898. Approximate future minimum rental commitments under these lease agreements are as follows:

Year	En	А	امم
rear	ГЛ	(1	ea

June 30,	Amount
2017	32,247
2018	28,342
2019	26,155
2020	24,489
2021	5,946
Total	\$ 117,179

9. CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of legal counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial condition.

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN

Plan Description - The County is a participating employer in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Oregon Revised Statures 238.600 that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for public employers in the State of Oregon. PERS is a defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are established by state statute.

Pension Plan Detail - The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial reports/financials.aspx.

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN (CONTINUED)

- a) **PERS Pension** (**Chapter 238**). The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i) Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.
 - ii) Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided on or more of the following contributions are met:
 - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
 - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
 - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
 - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
 - iii) Disability Benefits. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disable from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
 - iv) Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.
- b) **OPSRP Pension Program** (**OPSRP DB**). The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i) Pension Benefits. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age: Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN (CONTINUED)

- ii) Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.
- iii) Disability Benefits. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.
- iv) Benefit Changes After Retirement. Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2015. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions and rates for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were as follows:

							Employer Contribution Rates			
For Year Ended	E	Employer	_ Emp	oloyee 6%_	Co	Total ntribution	Tier 1/ Tier 2	OPSRP General Service	Police and Fire	
6/30/16	\$	642,135	\$	-	\$	642,135	18.19%	7.56%	11.67%	
6/30/15		630,665		-		630,665	17.79%	14.66%	17.39%	
6/30/14		628,068		273,839		901,907	17.79%	14.66%	17.39%	
6/30/13		701,332		314,361		1,015,693	14.72%	11.06%	13.77%	

Employer contributions are required by state statute and made at actuarially determined rates as adopted by the OPERB. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute 6.0% of their annual salary to the system. Beginning July 1, 2014, the County contributed the 6% of covered employees salary on their behalf..

All participating employers are required by law to submit the contributions as adopted by OPERB. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, 2014, and 2013, the annual pension contributions were \$642,135, \$630,665, \$901,907, and \$1,015,693, respectively. Total pension expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was \$4,572,482.

At June 30, 2016, the County reported a net pension liability of \$5,454,322 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 based on a roll forward of the total pension liability calculated on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation date.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the County's proportion was .095 percent.

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN (CONTINUED)

	red Outflow Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ 294,125	\$	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		(1,143,349)	
Net changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	 7,968		(540,470)	
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)	302,093		(1,683,819)	
County contributions subsequent to measurement date	 642,135			
Net deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$ 944,228	\$	(1,683,819)	

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Subtotal amounts related to pension as deferred outflows of resources, \$302,093, and deferred inflows of resources, (\$1,683,819), net to (\$1,381,726) and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 Amount
2017	\$ (608,944)
2018	(608,943)
2019	(608,943)
2020	450,149
2021	(5,045)
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (1,381,726)

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB 68 reporting summary dated May 23, 2016. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial reports/financial.aspx.

<u>Actuarial Valuations</u> – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN (CONTINUED)

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation date	December 31, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2015
Experience Study Report	2014, Published September 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization
	bases over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over
	20 years and OPSRP pension UAL is amortized over 16 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation rate	2.75 percent
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent
Projected salary increase	3.75 percent overall payroll growth; salaries for individuals are assumed
	to grow at 3.75 percent plus assumed rates of merit/longevity increases
	based on service. For COLA, a blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA
	(1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with Moro decision, blend based on
	service.
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	RP-2000 Sex-district, generational per Scale AA, with collar
	adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active
	members: Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates that
	vary by group, as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees:
	Mortality rates are a percentage (65% for males and 90% for females)
	of the RP-2000 static combined disabled mortality sex-distinct table.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2014 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2013.

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-perentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Decrease		Rate	Increase	
	 (6.75%)		(7.75%)		(8.75%)
County's proportionate share of	 				
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 13,163,802	\$	5,454,322	\$	(1,042,745)

Since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation, the system-wide actuarial accrued liability has increased primarily due to the Moro decision and assumption changes, along with interest on the liability as current active members get closer to retirement. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future system Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the benefits projected to be paid by Employers compared to those developed in the prior actuarial valuation, and consequently increased plan liabilities. The employers' projected long-term contribution effort has been adjusted for the estimated impact of the Moro Decision. In accordance with statute, a biennial review of actuarial methods and assumptions was completed in 2015 to be used for the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation. After completion of this review and subsequent to the measurement date, the PERS Board adopted several assumption changes, including lowering the investment return assumption to 7.50%, which will be effective January 1, 2016 and will be included in the next update.

Individual Account Program - In the 2003 legislative session, the Oregon Legislative Assembly created a successor plan for OPERS. The Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) is effective for all new employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, and applies to any inactive OPERS members who return to employment following a six month or greater break in service. The new plan consists of the defined benefit pension plans and a defined contribution pension plan (the Individual Account Program or IAP). Beginning January 1, 2004, all OPERS member contributions go into the IAP portion of OPSRP. OPERS' members retain their existing OPERS accounts, but any future member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP, not the member's OPERS account. Those employees who had established an OPERS membership prior to the creation of OPSRP will be members of both the OPERS and OPSRP system as long as they remain in covered employment. Members of OPERS and OPSRP are required to contribute six percent of their salary covered under the plan which is invested in the IAP.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online at the below website, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO BOX 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/docs/er_general_information/opers_gasb_68_disclosure_information_revised.pdf

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PLAN (CONTINUED)

Assumed Asset Allocation

	Low	High	OIC
Asset Class/Oregon Investment Council (OIC) Strategy	Range	Range	Target
Cash	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	16.0%	24.0%	20.0%
Alternative Equity	0.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Total			100.0%

(Source: June 30, 2015 PERS CAFR; p. 76)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2013, the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. (Source: June 30, 2015 PERS CAFR; p. 57)

Asset Class	Target	Compound Annual Return
		(Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	7.20%	4.50%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00	3.70
Intermediate-Term Bonds	3.00	4.10
High Yield Bonds	1.80	6.66
Large Cap US Equities	11.65	7.20
Mid Cap US Equities	3.88	7.30
Small Cap US Equities	2.27	7.45
Developed Foreign Equities	14.21	6.90
Emerging Market Equities	5.49	7.40
Private Equity	20.00	8.26
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	5.00	6.01
Real Estate (Property)	13.75	6.51
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	6.76
Commodities	1.25	6.07
Assumed Inflation Mean		2.75%

11. INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Eight internal service funds are maintained. For financial reporting purposes, these funds are blended into the governmental activities for entity wide presentation. The purpose of these funds is to provide services to other funds and departments within the entity.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance with nominal deductible levels. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability for claims and judgments is reported in the appropriate fund. Amount of losses over the past three years have not exceeded insurance coverage less deductibles.

13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Employees are offered a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. An employee may enter into an agreement to defer a portion of their compensation, subject to certain limitations provided by law, by means of payroll deduction. Contributions to the plan and earnings thereon are deferred until the employee is separated from service.

Money accumulated under the deferred compensation plan has been deposited with Nationwide Retirement Solutions. Monies held by Nationwide are placed in various investments at the discretion of the employee. These investments are uninsured and unregistered securities held by Nationwide or their agents, but not in the County's name.

14. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS

The State of Oregon has a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and nonschool government operations. The limitation provides that property taxes for nonschool operations are limited to \$10.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt.

An additional limit reduces the amount of operating property tax revenues available. This reduction was accomplished by rolling property values for 1997-98 back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The Constitution also sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues.

15. TRANSFER OF HUMAN SERVICES, PUBLIC HEALTH, AND HAMMOND HOUSE TO CURRY COMMUNITY HEALTH

On December 2012 the Curry County Commissioners unanimously approved the transfer agreement between Curry County and Curry Community Health (CCH). The Agreement transfers all personnel and assets assigned to Human Resources Fund, Public Health Fund, and Hammond House Fund to CCH. The Agreement is filed on the County Clerk's public record website at http://clerk.co.curry.or.us/journals/CJ:2012-550 on 12/27/2012. The actual transfer occurred February 1, 2013.

The transfer delivered a number of real properties to CCH. The largest value item is Hammond House, an 8-unit, two-building apartment house at 29833 Airport Way, Gold Beach.

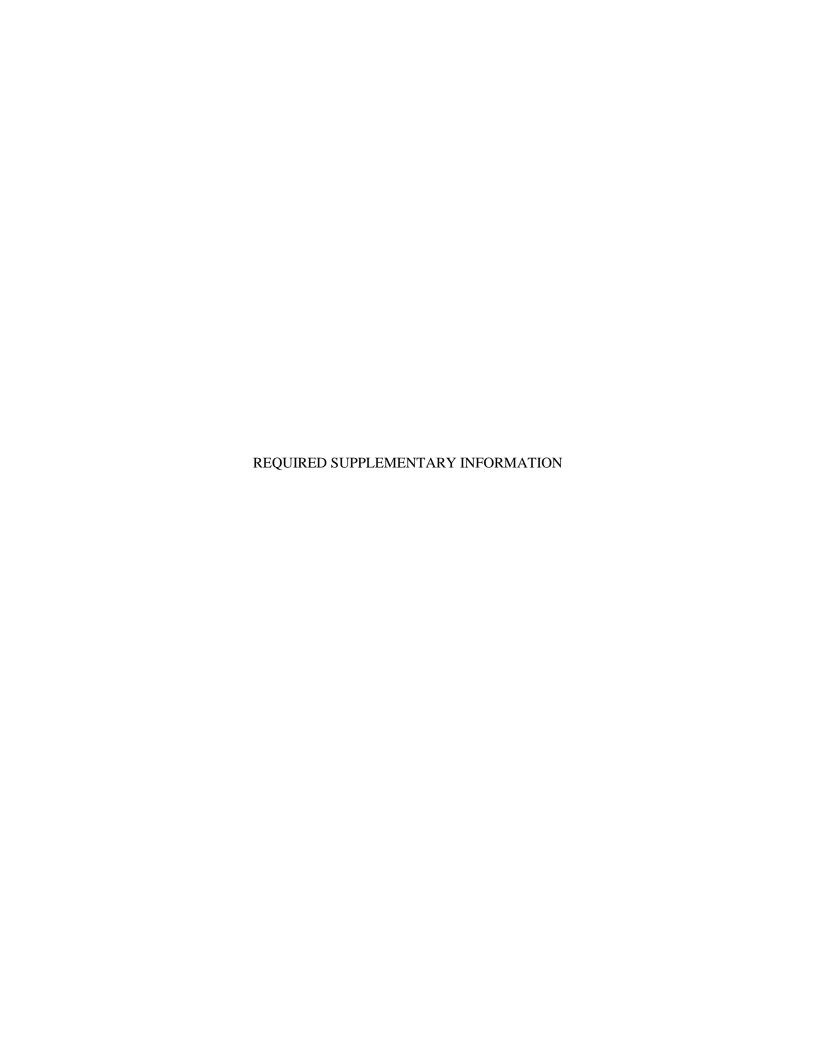
15. TRANSFER OF HUMAN SERVICES, PUBLIC HEALTH, AND HAMMOND HOUSE TO CURRY COMMUNITY HEALTH (CONTINUED)

Assets acquired while operating as County services that transferred to CCH include the complete original of each client's medical record, computer software used in providing services and conducting business, and all furniture, fixtures, computers, telephones, supplies, and related items. Accounts receivables, cash assets, fund balances also transferred to CCH. The County Public Health Fund retains a \$30,000 balance to enable processing match requests for certain funding streams that must continue to pass through the County.

Certain contract and grant revenues are received by the County and passed through to other organizations that now provide the related services. The County remains the Public Health Authority and employs a part time Public Health Administrator. The County has contracted with Curry Community Health (CCH) to act as the local public health authority in the County. Financing of public health services is governed by a three party agreement between Oregon Health Authority (OHA), CCH and County. The County retains ultimate control of the public health programs operated by CCH and must exercise oversight to confirm that the programs are operated in accordance with the standards set forth in the agreement.

The County is also responsible to adopt necessary ordinances, local enforcement of Public Health Laws, enforcement of Oregon Indoor Clean Air Act, and Oregon Drinking Water Quality Act.

Hammond House was purchased and renovated with a grant from Oregon Housing and Community Services Department (OHCS) that is subject to certain covenants and equitable servitudes which are effective until March 1, 2029 and are recorded with the title. Department of Humans Services (DHS), the County and CCH approved the real property transfer to CCH. The County is the "Recipient" in the assignment agreement and remains subject to performance requirements of the grant.



GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Property Taxes	\$ 1,570,000	\$ 1,570,000	\$ 1,620,718	\$ 50,718
Franchise & Other Taxes	505,500	505,500	543,301	37,801
Licenses and Permits	56,000	56,000	55,098	(902)
Intergovernmental	2,832,722	3,009,845	3,377,274	367,429
Fines and Penalties	31,800	31,800	53,166	21,366
Charges For Services	429,901	429,901	486,447	56,546
Grants & Donations	1,964,242	1,964,242	12,348	(1,951,894)
Investment Earnings	-	-	24,042	24,042
Internal Service Revenue	57,873	57,873	24,266	(33,607)
Reimbursements	4,200	4,200	10,229	6,029
Miscellaneous	45,150	45,150	58,231	13,081
Total Revenue	7,497,388	7,674,511	6,265,120	(1,409,391)
EXPENDITURES				
Personal Services	5,388,203	5,388,409 (1) 4,971,778	416,631
Materials and Services	5,569,546	5,748,593 (2,466,286	3,282,307
Capital Outlay	79,500	79,500 (71,913
Contingency	135,648	133,518 (133,518
Total Expenditures	11,172,897	11,350,020	7,445,651	3,904,369
Excess of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,675,509)	(3,675,509)	(1,180,531)	2,494,978
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	621,983	621,983	525,962	(96,021)
Transfers Out	(36,882)	(36,882)	(1) (36,882)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	585,101	585,101	489,080	(96,021)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,090,408)	(3,090,408)	(691,451)	2,398,957
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,090,408	3,090,408	4,196,618	1,106,210
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,505,167	\$ 3,505,167

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

ROAD FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

	DRIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,078,681	\$ 3,078,681	\$	3,137,809	\$ 59,128
Charges for Services	-	-		54,084	54,084
Internal Service Revenue	210,000	210,000		83,641	(126,359)
Reimbursements	-	-		14,412	14,412
Investment Earnings	-	-		200	200
Other Revenue	 310,000	 310,000	-	12,189	 (297,811)
Total Revenue	 3,598,681	3,598,681		3,302,335	 (296,346)
EXPENDITURES					
Personal Services	1,535,445	1,535,445	(1)	1,394,067	141,378
IGS - Personal Services	7,615	7,615	(1)	7,615	-
Materials and Services	1,547,340	1,547,340	(1)	1,083,415	463,925
IGS - Materials and Services	321,330	321,330	(1)	311,980	9,350
Capital Outlay	1,873,000	1,873,000	(1)	1,471,992	401,008
Contingency	 200,000	 200,000	(1)		 200,000
Total Expenditures	 5,484,730	 5,484,730	- <u>-</u>	4,269,069	 1,215,661
Excess of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (1,886,049)	 (1,886,049)	_	(966,734)	 919,315
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	100,000	100,000		78,046	(21,954)
Sale of Capital Assets	 500	 500		40,257	 39,757
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 100,500	 100,500	_	118,303	 17,803
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,785,549)	(1,785,549)		(848,431)	937,118
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 2,633,278	 2,633,278	_	3,992,878	1,359,600
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 847,729	\$ 847,729	\$	3,144,447	\$ 2,296,718

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

ROAD FUND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Investment Earnings	\$ 190,000	\$ 190,000	\$	227,885	\$ 37,885
EXPENDITURES					
Material and Services IGS - Materials and Services Capital Outlay	10,001,685 5,371 10,000,000	10,001,685 5,371 10,000,000	(1) (1) (1)	1,268 5,371	10,000,417
Total Expenditures	20,007,056	20,007,056	- —	6,639	20,000,417
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(19,817,056)	(19,817,056)		221,246	20,038,302
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(100,000)	(100,000)	(1)		100,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(19,917,056)	(19,917,056)		221,246	20,138,302
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	31,005,073	31,005,073	_	31,066,044	60,971
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 11,088,017	\$ 11,088,017	\$	31,287,290	\$ 20,199,273

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

CURRY COUNTY CURRY COUNTY, OREGON

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

PERS

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	(a)	(b)		(b/c)	Plan fiduciary
	Employer's	Employer's	(c)	NPL as a	net position as
Year	proportion of	proportionate share	County's	percentage	a percentage of
Ended	the net pension	of the net pension	covered	of covered	the total pension
June 30,	liability (NPL)	liability (NPL)	payroll	payroll	liability
2016	0.09 %	\$ (5,454,322)	\$ 4,297,190	(126.9) %	91.9 %
2015	0.09	2,142,832	4,485,910	47.8	103.6
2014	0.09	(4,824,245)	4,473,183	(107.5)	92.0

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presents

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

		Con	tributions in				Contributions
	Statutorily required ontribution	statut	ation to the orily required ontribution	def	ribution iciency xcess)	County's covered payroll	as a percent of covered payroll
2016	\$ 642,135	\$	642,135	\$	-	\$ 4,665,540	13.8 %
2015	604,203		604,203		-	4,297,190	14.1
2014	628,068		628,068		-	4,485,910	14.0

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presente

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	PF	APITAL ROJECTS FUND	 TOTAL
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, (Net of Allowance) Prepaids	\$ 2,710,243 112,642 399	\$	78,619 - -	\$ 2,788,862 112,642 399
Total Assets	\$ 2,823,284	\$	78,619	\$ 2,901,903
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll and Related Expenses Unearned Revenue Due to Other Funds	\$ 57,635 11,681 19,147 28,859	\$	466 4,037 - -	\$ 58,101 15,718 19,147 28,859
Total Liabilities	 117,322		4,503	 121,825
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	 399 2,460,416 70,829 181,253 (6,935)		- - - 74,116	399 2,460,416 70,829 255,369 (6,935)
Total Fund Balances	 2,705,962		74,116	2,780,078
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,823,284	\$	78,619	\$ 2,901,903

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	R	SPECIAL EVENUE FUNDS	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	 TOTAL
REVENUES				
Franchise Taxes	\$	150,052	\$ -	\$ 150,052
Other		30,636	-	30,636
Grants and Donations		165,249	-	165,249
Charges for Services		494,070	-	494,070
Intergovernmental		2,080,828	57,580	2,138,408
Licenses and Permits		395,665	-	395,665
Investment Earnings		14,331	-	14,331
Reimbursements		5,383	-	5,383
Internal Service		21,508	 145,054	 166,562
Total Revenues		3,357,722	202,634	 3,560,356
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Governmental		934,276	100,615	1,034,891
Public Safety		42,349	-	42,349
Public Works		452,980	-	452,980
Health and Welfare		733,929	-	733,929
Capital Outlay		678,820	39,652	718,472
Debt Service			 16,710	 16,710
Total Expenditures		2,842,354	 156,977	 2,999,331
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures		515,368	45,657	561,025
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of Capital Assets		926	-	926
Transfers In		61,382	-	61,382
Transfers Out		(365,508)	 <u>-</u>	(365,508)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(303,200)	 	(303,200)
Net Change in Fund Balance		212,168	45,657	257,825
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,493,794	28,459	 2,522,253
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,705,962	\$ 74,116	\$ 2,780,078

Non-major Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Court Mediation Fund</u> is a pass-through of State Court filing fees to hire mediators to provide court-ordered mediation for pending domestic relations cases. ORS 107.755

<u>Bike & Footpath Fund</u> receives 1% of the State Highway Fund fuel tax dollars received by the Road Fund. Funds are restricted to work associated with footpaths and bicycle trails. ORS 366.514.

<u>Clerk's Record Reserve Fund</u> collects 5% of certain fees to be used for the maintenance and restoration of records as authorized by the County Clerk. ORS 205.130.

<u>Cornerstone Preservation Fund</u> is funded by filing fees to pay for restoration and maintenance of government survey section corners. ORS 203.148

<u>Public Health Fund</u> is a pass through of revenues to Curry Community Health (CCH) for public health related services and contracts between Oregon Health Authority (OHA), Curry County and CCH.

<u>State Court Security Fund</u> is the State Court Facilities Security Account funded by an assessment in criminal cases and is administered by the State Trial Court Administrator. ORS 1.182 and ORS 137.309(7).

<u>Law Library Fund</u> receives court filing fee receipts for legal material for the benefit of lawyers and the public.

<u>Brookings Airport Fund</u> accounts for revenues and expenditures related to operations and airport improvement grants from Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and Oregon Department of Aviation (ODOA).

Economic Development Fund receives State Lottery funds and are restricted for economic development and jobs.

Sheriff's Reserve Fund is a fund for Search and Rescue donations and jail commissary sales.

<u>County Parks Fund</u> includes Boice Cope Park and Lobster Creek Park. State shared recreational vehicle registrations and user fees provide funding. All park revenues must be used in the parks. ORS 390.134.

Victim's Assistance Fund receives Federal and State funding for services to victims of criminal cases. ORS 147.227

<u>County Fair Fund</u> receives funds from State Lottery and various activities. All funds received by the fund must be used to maintain and operate the Fair and related activities. ORS 565.325.

<u>Public Services Fund</u> includes Planning, Building, and Environmental Divisions. Fees and grants received must be used exclusively for the respective purposes. ORS 215.402; 455.020; 454.745.

County Lands Fund holds revenue for activities related to County Lands, including auctions and timber harvest.

Cable TV Franchise Fund is funded by franchise fees specified by the non-exclusive franchise agreement.

<u>PEG Access Fund</u> is Public Education and Government cable access funded by cable TV franchise fees that must be used exclusively for equipment to broadcast public information.

<u>Children & Families Fund</u> is a pass through of grant funds from Oregon Department of Education Early Learning Division to other area agencies to support children and families.

Bridge Light Maintenance Fund receives donations to maintain lights on Patterson Memorial Bridge.

Title III Reserve Fund receives SRS receipts and are restricted to specific program uses. PL 106-393 and PL 110-343.

<u>County School Fund</u> is a pass through of USDA/Forest Service Title I funds passing through the State and Electric Co-op Gross Revenue Tax. ORS 328.005.

<u>Roadside Improvement Fund</u> is currently dedicated to Titus Lane. Developers have the option to pay the cost of road improvements or construct the improvements when a new development is approved.

<u>Port Orford Landfill Trust Fund</u> established in 1993 is funded by solid waste customers throughout Curry County to fund maintenance and monitoring of the closed landfill. DEQ must approve expenditures from the Oregon Pacific Bank Trust Fund.

<u>Towers Systems Maintenance Fund</u> is funded by General Fund, Title III and user fees. Towers provide radio communication throughout the County for 9-1-1 Sheriff, Road, ODOT, OSP, and fire.

<u>Child Advocacy Fund</u> provides funding and training for multidisciplinary child abuse teams for investigations of child abuse. ORS 418.747

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2016

	COURT MEDIATION FUND		MEDIATION RESERV		CLERK'S RECORD RESERVE FUND		CORNERSTONE			STATE COURT ECURITY FUND	LAW LIBRARY FUND	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	8,840	\$	18,203 1,520	\$	119,825	\$	89,293 -	\$	193,805 5,866	\$	184
Total Assets	\$	8,840	\$	19,723	\$	119,825	\$	89,293	\$	199,671	\$	184
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN	NCES:											
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$	927	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,471
Accrued Payroll and Related Expen	ses	-		-		-		-		-		274
Unearned Revenue Due to Other Funds		- -		- -		- -		- -		- -		-
Total Liabilities		927										1,745
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		7,913		19,723		119,825		89,293		199,671		-
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned Unassigned				-		-		-		-		(1,561)
Total Fund Balances		7,913		19,723		119,825		89,293		199,671		(1,561)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,840	\$	19,723	\$	119,825	\$	89,293	\$	199,671	\$	184

	PUBLIC HEALTH FUND	BROOKINGS AIRPORT FUND	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND			SHERIFF'S RESERVE FUND	 COUNTY PARKS FUND	VICTIMS ASSISTANCE FUND		
\$	94,498 9,758 -	\$ 19,246 1,004	\$	15,164 - -	\$	96,738 - -	\$ 27,759 17,622 399	\$	24,370	
\$	104,256	20,250	\$	15,164	\$	96,738	\$ 45,780	\$	24,370	
\$	33,213 218 -	416 - - -	\$	1,642 396 - 18,500	\$	1,314 - - -	\$ 7,448 1,710 -	\$	208 1,134 - 10,359	
	33,431	416		20,538	_	1,314	 9,158		11,701	
	70,825 -	- - 19,834 		- - - - (5,374)		95,424 - - -	399 36,223 - -		12,669 - - -	
_	70,825	19,834		(5,374)		95,424	 36,622		12,669	
\$	104,256	\$ 20,250	\$	15,164	\$	96,738	\$ 45,780	\$	24,370	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2016

	COUNTY PUBLIC FAIR SERVICES FUND FUND		COUNTY LANDS FUND		CABLE TV FRANCHISE FUND		PEG ACCESS FUND		CHILDREN AND FAMILIES FUND		L M	RIDGE JIGHT JIAINT FUND	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	100,211 4,550	\$ 161,357 - -	\$	21,563	\$	79,594 34,115	\$	88,028 4,291	\$	- - -	\$	4 -
Total Assets	\$	104,761	\$ 161,357	\$	21,563	\$	113,709	\$	92,319	\$		\$	4
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	ES:												
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll and Related Expense Unearned Revenue Due to Other Funds	\$ es	4,002 1,386	\$ 5,006 5,165 -	\$	- - - -	\$	1,035	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -
Total Liabilities		5,388	 10,171		-	_	1,035		-				
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		99,373 - -	 - 151,186 - -		21,563		- - - 112,674 -		92,319 - - -		- - - -		- - 4 - -
Total Fund Balances		99,373	 151,186		21,563	_	112,674		92,319				4
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	104,761	\$ 161,357	\$	21,563	\$	113,709	\$	92,319	\$		\$	4

TITLE III RESERVE FUND	SC	DUNTY CHOOL FUND	OADSIDE MPROVE- MENT FUND		PORT ORFORD LANDFILL FUND	 TOWERS SYSTEM MAINT FUND	A	CHILD DVOCACY FUND	TOTAL
\$ 1,251,477 - -	\$	- - -	\$ 22,515 - -	\$	265,763 164	\$ 28,983	\$	7,193 9,382	\$ 2,710,243 112,642 399
\$ 1,251,477	\$	-	\$ 22,515	\$	265,927	\$ 28,983	\$	16,575	\$ 2,823,284
\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - 19,147 -	\$	- - -	\$ 1,801 - -	\$	187 363 -	\$ 57,635 11,681 19,147 28,859
		-	19,147		-	 1,801		550	117,322
1,251,477 - - - - 1,251,477		- - - - -	 3,368 - - - - 3,368	· —	265,927 - - - 265,927	 27,182 27,182		16,025	 399 2,460,416 70,829 181,253 (6,935) 2,705,962
\$ 1,251,477	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 22,515	\$	265,927	\$ 28,983	\$	16,575	\$ 2,823,284

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)

REVENUES	COURT MEDIATION FUND	BIKE AND FOOTPATH RESERVE FUND	CLERK'S RECORD RESERVE FUND	CORNERSTONE PRESERVATION FUND	STATE COURT SECURITY FUND
Franchise Tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Grants	-	-	-	-	-
Donations	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-		53,083	40,062	-
Intergovernmental	9,599	17,435	-	-	36,302
Licenses & Permits	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	83	-	648	682	1,082
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Reimbursements	-	-	-	-	-
Internal Services Revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous					
Total Revenues	9,682	17,435	53,731	40,744	37,384
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Governmental	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	41
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Welfare	11,097	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay					
Total Expenditures	11,097				41
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(1,415)	17,435	53,731	40,744	37,343
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out		(78,046)	(16,289)	(40,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(78,046)	(16,289)	(40,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,415)	(60,611)	37,442	744	37,343
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	9,328	80,334	82,383	88,549	162,328
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,913	\$ 19,723	\$ 119,825	\$ 89,293	\$ 199,671

LIE	LAW BRARY FUND	Н	PUBLIC HEALTH FUND	BROOF AIRP	ORT	DEVE	ONOMIC ELOPMENT FUND	HERIFF'S ESERVE FUND		COUNTY PARKS FUND	
5	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
	-		98,087 -		-		2,165	13,581		6,127	
	-		-		28,945		-	6,941		87,433	
	21,923		138,624	67	75,820		93,167	-		66,250	
	74		-		262		14	928		188	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		9,975		-		-	-	-		
					2,850		8,000	 <u> </u>	· ·		
	21,997		246,686	70)7,877		103,346	21,450		159,998	
	29,237		-		-		102,591	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	42,308		-	
	-		214,443	3	33,610		-	-		136,094	
			-	67	78,820			 		-	
	29,237		214,443	71	2,430		102,591	 42,308		136,094	
	(7,240)		32,243	((4,553)		755	(20,858)		23,904	
	-		-		-		-	926		-	
	-		-	1	6,082		-	(30,000)		-	
				1	6,082			(29,074)			
		-	22.2.12					 ,		22.00:	
	(7,240)		32,243		1,529		755	(49,932)		23,904	
	5,679		38,582		8,305		(6,129)	 145,356		12,718	
\$	(1,561)	\$	70,825	\$ 1	9,834	\$	(5,374)	\$ 95,424	\$	36,622	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS)

	VICTIMS' ASSISTANCE FUND	COUNTY FAIR FUND	PUBLIC SERVICES FUND	COUNTY LANDS FUND	CABLE TV FRANCHISE FUND	PEG ACCESS FUND	CHILDREN AND FAMILIES FUND
REVENUES							
Franchise Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 133,118	\$ 16,934	\$ -
Grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Donations	-	33,268	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	189,543	30	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	59,782	53,817	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	-	-	395,665	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	-	505	792	132	488	482	-
Reimbursements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal Service	13,500	-	408	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		19,786	-	-			
Total Revenues	73,282	296,919	396,895	132	133,606	17,416	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Governmental	-	-	-	138	72,132	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	-	283,276	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Welfare	72,969	-	391,586	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-					
Total Expenditures	72,969	283,276	391,586	138	72,132		
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	313	13,643	5,309	(6)	61,474	17,416	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	20,800	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out		-			(50,000)		(28,244)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		20,800			(50,000)		(28,244)
Net Change in Fund Balance	313	34,443	5,309	(6)	11,474	17,416	(28,244)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,356	64,930	145,877	21,569	101,200	74,903	28,244
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 12,669	\$ 99,373	\$ 151,186	\$ 21,563	\$ 112,674	\$ 92,319	\$ -

TOTAL	CHILD ADVOCACY FUND	1	TOWERS SYSTEM MAINT FUND		PORT ORFORD LANDFILL FUND		ROADSIDE IMPROVE- MENT FUND		COUNTY SCHOOL FUND		TITLE III RESERVE FUND		BRIDGE LIGHT MAINT FUND	
150,052	\$ \$ -	-	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$
98,087 67,162	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		12,021	
494,070	-	- 566	60,566		27,317		-		-		-		150	
2,080,828	38,168	-					-		626,051		243,890		-	
395,665	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
14,331	18	71	71		144		138		67		7,529		4	
5,383	7.600	-	-)	(4,592)		-		-		-		-	
21,508 30,636	7,600	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
-	 					_						_		
3,357,722	 45,786	637	60,637		22,869	_	138		626,118		251,419	_	12,175	
934,276	-	520	81,520		10,021		-		626,118		-		12,519	
42,349	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
452,980 733,929	43,834	-	_		-		-		-		-		-	
678,820	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
2,842,354	43,834	520	81,520		10,021				626,118	_	<u>-</u>		12,519	
515,368	1,952	883)	(20,883		12,848		138		_		251,419		(344)	
,	-,,,,,		(= 0,000)		,			_					(6.17)	
926	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	_	500	24,500		-		-		-		(122,929)		-	
61,382 (365,508)	 					_					(,)			
	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	24,500		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>			_	(122,929)		_	
(365,508)	1,952	500	24,500		12,848	_	138						(344)	
(365,508)	1,952	500 617			12,848	_	138				(122,929)	_		

COURT MEDIATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	IGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Intergovernmental Investment Earnings	\$ - -	\$ - -		\$ 9,599 83	\$	9,599 83
Total Revenue	 -	 	_	9,682		9,682
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and Services Total Expenditures	 9,201 9,201	9,201 9,201	(1)	11,097 11,097	_	(1,896)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(9,201)	(9,201)		(1,415)		7,786
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	9,201	9,201		9,328	_	127
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$ 	5	\$ 7,913	\$	7,913

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

BIKE & FOOTPATH RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL			VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)	
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	16,900	\$	16,900		\$	17,435	\$	535
Total Revenues		16,900		16,900			17,435		535
EXPENDITURES									
Contingency		39,090		39,090	(1)		_		39,090
Materials & Services		80,000		-	(1)		-		-
Total Expenditures		119,090		39,090			-		39,090
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures		(102,190)		(22,190)			17,435		39,625
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers Out				(80,000)	(1)		(78,046)		1,954
Net Change in Fund Balance		(102,190)		(102,190)			(60,611)		41,579
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		102,190		102,190			80,334		(21,856)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$			\$	19,723	\$	19,723

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

CLERK'S RECORD RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	RIGINAL UDGET	_	FINAL BUDGET		<u>ACTUAL</u>	 VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Charges for Services	\$ 42,950	\$	42,950		\$ 53,083	\$ 10,133
Investment Earnings	 230		230		648	418
Total Revenues	 43,180		43,180		53,731	10,551
EXPENDITURES						
Materials & Services	 18,859	_	18,859	(1)		 18,859
Total Expenditures	 18,859		18,859		_	18,859
Excess of Revenues Over	2.4.22.4					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
(Under) Expenditures	 24,321	_	24,321		53,731	 29,410
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out	(43,495)		(43,495)	(1)	(16,289)	 27,206
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (43,495)		(43,495)		(16,289)	27,206
Net Change in Fund Balance	(19,174)		(19,174)		37,442	56,616
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 65,174		65,174		82,383	17,209
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 46,000	\$	46,000		\$ 119,825	\$ 73,825

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

CORNERSTONE PRESERVATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES	RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	 VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Charges for Services	\$ 36,000	\$ 36,000	\$	40,062	\$ 4,062
Investment Earnings	 223	 223		682	 459
Total Revenues	 36,223	 36,223	_	40,744	 4,521
EXPENDITURES					
Contingency	 39,634	 25,508 (1	.)		25,508
Total Expenditures	 39,634	 25,508	_		25,508
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	 (3,411)	 10,715		40,744	30,029
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers Out	 (36,000)	(50,126) (1)	(40,000)	10,126
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(36,000)	 (50,126)	_	(40,000)	 10,126
Net Change in Fund Balance	(39,411)	(39,411)		744	40,155
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 74,411	74,411		88,549	 14,138
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	\$	89,293	\$ 54,293

STATE COURT SECURITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	RIGINAL UDGET	 FINAL BUDGET			ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)		
Intergovernmental Revenues Investment Earnings	\$ 32,000 330	\$ 32,000 330	-	\$	36,302 1,082	\$	4,302 752	
Total Revenues	 32,330	32,330	-		37,384		5,054	
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and Services Capital Outlay	70,000 127,586	70,000 127,586	(1) (1)		41		69,959 127,586	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(165,256)	(165,256)			37,343		202,599	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	165,256	 165,256	_		162,328		(2,928)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	<u>.</u>	\$	199,671	\$	199,671	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

LAW LIBRARY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET	. .	Α	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Intergovernmental	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000		\$	21,923	\$ (77)
Investment Earnings	 _	 -			74	 74
Total Revenues	 22,000	 22,000			21,997	 (3)
EXPENDITURES						
Personal Services	16,828	16,828	(1)		16,678	150
IGS - Personal Services	90	90	(1)		90	-
Materials and Services	8,498	8,498	(1)		10,567	(2,069)
IGS - Materials and Services	 1,902	1,902	(1)		1,902	
Total Expenditures	 27,318	 27,318			29,237	 (1,919)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,318)	(5,318)			(7,240)	(1,922)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,318	5,318			5,679	361
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$ _	: :	\$	(1,561)	\$ (1,561)

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

PUBLIC HEALTH FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	-	RIGINAL BUDGET]	FINAL BUDGET	. <u>-</u>	ACTUAL	 VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Intergovernmental Reimbursements Grants and Contracts	\$	112,000 15,000 13,500	\$	122,238 15,000 183,262	\$	138,624 9,975 98,087	\$ 16,386 (5,025) (85,175)
Total Revenues		140,500		320,500	. <u> </u>	246,686	(73,814)
EXPENDITURES							
Personal Services Materials and Services		7,676 162,824		17,914 332,586	(1) (1)	10,243 204,200	7,671 128,386
Total Expenditures		170,500		350,500		214,443	 136,057
Net Change in Fund Balance		(30,000)		(30,000)		32,243	62,243
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		30,000		30,000		38,582	 8,582
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	-	\$	70,825	\$ 70,825

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

BROOKINGS AIRPORT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Charges for Services Intergovernmental Investment Earnings Other Revenue	\$ 21,400 176,238 300	\$ 21,400 775,413 - 300	\$ 28,945 675,820 262 2,850	\$ 7,545 (99,593) 262 2,550
Total Revenues	197,938	797,113	707,877	(89,236)
EXPENDITURES				
Contingency Materials and Services IGS - Materials and Services Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	2,570 20,396 8,986 189,820		(1) 22,757 (1) 10,853	2,570 (2,361) (1,867) 110,175
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(23,834)	(23,834)	(4,553)	19,281
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	16,082	16,082	16,082	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	16,082	16,082	16,082	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,752)	(7,752)	11,529	19,281
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,752	7,752	8,305	553
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,834	\$ 19,834

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES		RIGINAL UDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Intergovernmental	\$	76,000	\$	88,000	\$	93,167	\$	5,167
Investment Earnings	Ψ	40	Ψ	40	Ψ	14	Ψ	(26)
Donations		-		-		2,165		2,165
Miscellaneous				-		8,000		8,000
Total Revenues		76,040		88,040	<u> </u>	103,346		15,306
EXPENDITURES								
Contingency		2,931		2,000	(1)	_		2,000
Personal Services		81,522		81,522	(1)	80,109		1,413
IGS - Personal Services		447		447	(1)	447		-
Materials and Services		6,266		19,197	(1)	14,284		4,913
IGS - Materials and Services		6,124		6,124	(1)	7,751		(1,627)
Total Expenditures		97,290		109,290	<u> </u>	102,591		6,699
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(21,250)		(21,250)		755		22,005
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		21,250		21,250	_	(6,129)		(27,379)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	-	\$	(5,374)	\$	(5,374)

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SHERIFF'S RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	IGINAL UDGET					ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)		
REVERUES									
Charges for Services	\$ 10,000	\$	14,000		\$	6,941	\$	(7,059)	
Donations	10,000		10,000			13,581		3,581	
Investment Earnings	 600		600	-		928		328	
Total Revenues	20,600		24,600	-		21,450		(3,150)	
EXPENDITURES									
Materials and Services	76,720		80,720	(1)		42,308		38,412	
Contingency	24,273		24,273	(1)				24,273	
Total Expenditures	100,993		104,993			42,308		62,685	
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures	 (80,393)		(80,393)	•		(20,858)		59,535	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Sale of Capital Assets	_		_			926		926	
Transfers Out	 (30,000)		(30,000)	(1)		(30,000)		<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(110,393)		(110,393)	-		(49,932)		60,461	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	110,393		110,393	-		145,356		34,963	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$	-	=	\$	95,424	\$	95,424	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

COUNTY PARKS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	 VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Grants and Contracts	\$ 3,100	\$ 3,100	\$	_	\$ (3,100)
Intergovernmental	-	-		66,250	66,250
Charges for Services	109,500	109,500		87,433	(22,067)
Donations	· -	-		6,127	6,127
Investment Earnings	 -	-	_	188	 188
Total Revenues	 112,600	112,600	_	159,998	47,398
EXPENDITURES					
Personal Services	45,779	45,779	(1)	47,368	(1,589)
IGS - Personal Services	245	245	(1)	245	-
Materials and Services	70,552	70,552	(1)	73,349	(2,797)
IGS - Materials and Services	6,444	6,444	(1)	15,132	(8,688)
Capital Outlay	 500	500	(1)_		 500
Total Expenditures	 123,520	 123,520	- <u>-</u>	136,094	 (12,574)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(10,920)	(10,920)		23,904	34,824
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,920	10,920		12,718	1,798
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$ 	\$	36,622	\$ 36,622

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

VICTIMS' ASSISTANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	PRIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
REVENUES						
Grants and Contracts	\$ 25,466	\$ 25,466		\$ -	\$	(25,466)
Intergovernmental	20,982	20,982		59,782		38,800
Internal Service Revenue	 13,500	 13,500		13,500		
Total Revenues	 59,948	59,948		73,282	_	13,334
EXPENDITURES						
Contingency	9,981	9,981	(1)	_		9,981
Personal Services	54,342	54,342	(1)	64,756		(10,414)
IGS - Personal Services	278	278	(1)	278		-
Materials and Services	1,657	1,657	(1)	3,386		(1,729)
IGS - Materials and Services	 4,549	 4,549	(1)	4,549		
Total Expenditures	 70,807	 70,807		72,969	<u> </u>	(2,162)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	(10,859)	(10,859)		313		11,172
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers Out	 10,859	 10,859	(1)	-		(10,859)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,859	10,859		-		(10,859)
Not Change in Fund Dalance	 			212		212
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-		313		313
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 	 -		12,356		12,356
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$: :	\$ 12,669	\$	12,669

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

COUNTY FAIR FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Charges for Services	\$ 220,660	\$ 220,660	\$ 189,543	\$ (31,117)
Donations	750	750	33,268	32,518
Intergovernmental	29,000	29,000	53,817	24,817
Investment Earnings	400	400	505	105
Miscellaneous	37,000	37,000	19,786	(17,214)
Total Revenues	287,810	287,810	296,919	9,109
EXPENDITURES				
Personal Services	93,692	93,692 (3	1) 97,841	(4,149)
IGS - Personal Services	618	618 (-
Materials and Services	287,698	287,698 (119,606
IGS - Materials and Services	16,651	16,651 ((74)
Capital Outlay	4,500	4,500	1)	4,500
Total Expenditures	403,159	403,159	283,276	119,883
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(115,349)	(115,349)	13,643	128,992
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	20,800	20,800	20,800	_
1141101010 111			20,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	20,800	20,800	20,800	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(94,549)	(94,549)	34,443	128,992
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	94,549	94,549	64,930	(29,619)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,373	\$ 99,373

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

PUBLIC SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGI BUDO		FINAL BUDGE			ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Licenses and Permits	\$ 3	34,582	\$ 334	1,582	\$	395,665	\$ 61,083
Intergovernmental		-	,	_		-	-
Charges for Services		_		_		30	30
Internal Service Revenue		_		-		408	408
Grants and Contracts		24,300	24	1,300		-	(24,300)
Investment Earnings		· -		_		792	792
Reimbursements		6,000	6	5,000			 (6,000)
Total Revenues	3	864,882	364	,882		396,895	32,013
EXPENDITURES							
Personal Services	3	312,441	317	,441	(1)	299,401	18,040
IGS - Personal Services		1,679	1	,679	(1)	1,679	-
Materials and Services		73,957			(1)	54,472	19,485
IGS - Materials and Services		34,389	29	,389	(1)	36,034	 (6,645)
Total Expenditures	4	22,466	422	2,466		391,586	 30,880
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures		(57,584)	(57	,584)		5,309	 62,893
Net Change in Fund Balance	((57,584)	(57	,584)		5,309	62,893
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		57,584	57	,584		145,877	 88,293
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	_	\$	151,186	\$ 151,186

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

COUNTY LANDS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Investment Earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 132	\$ 132
Total Revenues			132	132
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and Services	21,540	21,540	(1) 138	21,402
Net Change in Fund Balance	(21,540)	(21,540)	(6)	21,534
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	21,540	21,540	21,569	29
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,563	\$ 21,563

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

CABLE TV FRANCHISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES		RIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Franchise Taxes	\$	120,000	\$	120,000	\$	133,118	\$	13,118
Investment Earnings	φ	240	φ	240	φ	488	φ	488
Total Revenues		120,240		120,240	_	133,606		13,366
EXPENDITURES								
Personal Services		70,103		70,103	(1)	62,476		7,627
IGS - Personal Services		754			(1)	754		-
Materials and Services		56,728			(1)	221		56,507
IGS - Materials and Services		8,681		,	(1)	8,681		-
Contingency		30,000	_	30,000	(1)			30,000
Total Expenditures		166,266		166,266		72,132		94,134
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		(46,026)	_	(46,026)		61,474		107,500
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out		(50,000)		(50,000)	(1)	(50,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(96,026)		(96,026)		11,474		107,500
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		96,026		96,026		101,200		5,174
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	-	\$	112,674	\$	112,674

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

PEG ACCESS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	- <u>-</u>	A	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Fees Franchise Taxes	\$ 13,000	\$ 13,000		\$	- 16,934	\$ (13,000) 16,934
Investment Earnings	 200	200			482	282
Total Revenues	 13,200	 13,200			17,416	4,216
EXPENDITURES						
Materials & Services Capital Outlay	13,014 72,500	13,014 72,500			-	13,014 72,500
Capital Guilay	 72,300	 72,200	. (1)_			 72,200
Total Expenditures	 85,514	 85,514				 85,514
Net Change in Fund Balance	(72,314)	(72,314)			17,416	89,730
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 72,314	72,314			74,903	2,589
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$ _	: =	\$	92,319	\$ 92,319

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

CHILDREN & FAMILIES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

	RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
EXPENDITURES					
Materials and Services	\$ 28,975	\$ 28,975	(1) \$		\$ 28,975
Total Expenditures	 28,975	 28,975	. <u> </u>		28,975
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (28,975)	(28,975)			28,975
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out	 (27,488)	 (27,488)	(1)	(28,244)	 (756)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(56,463)	(56,463)		(28,244)	28,219
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 56,463	56,463		28,244	 (28,219)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$ -	\$		\$

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

BRIDGE LIGHT MAINTENANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	GINAL DGET		INAL JDGET	 ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Investment Earnings	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 4	\$ 4
Charges for Services	-		-	150	150
Donations	 10,000		10,000	 12,021	 2,021
Total Revenues	10,000		10,000	12,175	 2,175
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay	5,000		5,000 (1)	_	5,000
Materials and Services	5,281		5,281 (1)	12,519	(7,238)
	 	-			 <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Total Expenditures	 10,281		10,281	12,519	 (2,238)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(281)		(281)	(344)	(63)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	281		281	 348	 67
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$		\$ 4	\$ 4

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

TITLE III RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)		
Investment Earnings Intergovernmental	\$ 2,456 242,091	\$ 2,456 242,091	\$ 7,529 243,890	\$ 5,073 1,799		
Total Revenues	244,547	244,547	251,419	6,872		
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and Services	1,138,224	1,138,224 (1	1)	1,138,224		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(893,677)	(893,677)	251,419	1,145,096		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out	(242,922)	(242,922)	1) (122,929)	119,993		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,136,599)	(1,136,599)	128,490	1,265,089		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,136,599	1,136,599	1,122,987	(13,612)		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,251,477	\$ 1,251,477		

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

COUNTY SCHOOL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	RIGINAL UDGET	 FINAL BUDGET	-	 ACTUAL	 VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Intergovernmental	\$ 625,860	\$ 625,860		\$ 626,051	\$ 191
Investment Earnings	 	 -	-	 67	 67
Total Revenues	 625,860	 625,860	-	626,118	 258
EXPENDITURES					
Pass Through Payment	 625,860	 625,860	(1)	 626,118	 (258)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-		-	-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		-	-		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$ -	:	\$ 	\$

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

ROADSIDE IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	DRIGINAL BUDGET	 FINAL BUDGET	 ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Investment Earnings	\$ 120	\$ 120	\$ 138	\$ 18
Total Revenues	120	120	138	 18
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	22,378	22,378	3,230	 (19,148)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 22,498	\$ 22,498	\$ 3,368	\$ (19,130)

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

PORT ORFORD LANDFILL TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET	1	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Investment Earnings Charges for Services Reimbursements Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	4,000 - 9,000 26,000	\$	4,000 - 9,000 26,000	\$	144 27,317 (4,592)	\$ (3,856) 27,317 (13,592) (26,000)
Total Revenues		39,000		39,000		22,869	 (16,131)
EXPENDITURES							
Contingency Materials and Services Capital Outlay		122,807 33,200 30,000		122,807 (1 33,200 (1 30,000 (1)	10,021	 122,807 23,179 30,000
Total Expenditures		186,007		186,007		10,021	 175,986
Net Change in Fund Balance		(147,007)		(147,007)		12,848	159,855
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		247,007		247,007		253,079	 6,072
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	265,927	\$ 165,927

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

TOWERS SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS

	ORIGINAL FINAL BUDGET BUDGET					ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES									
Charges for Services Investment Earnings Reimbursements	\$	37,939 - -	\$	37,939 - -	\$	60,566 71 -	\$	22,627 71 -	
Total Revenue		37,939		37,939		60,637		22,698	
EXPENDITURES									
Materials and Services IGS - Materials and Services Capital Outlay Contingency		75,496 5,895 35,000 5,000		75,496 5,895 35,000 5,000	(1) (1)	75,625 5,895 -		(129) - 35,000 5,000	
Total Expenditures		121,391		121,391		81,520		39,871	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(83,452)		(83,452)	<u> </u>	(20,883)		62,569	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		49,922		49,922	(1)	24,500		(25,422)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		49,922		49,922		24,500		(25,422)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(33,530)		(33,530)		3,617		37,147	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		33,530		33,530	. <u> </u>	23,565		(9,965)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	-	\$	27,182	\$	27,182	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

CHILD ADVOCACY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGINAI BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	. <u>-</u>	ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Investment Earnings	\$	- \$		\$	18	\$	18
Intergovernmental	э 31,5		65,974	φ	38,168	φ	(27,806)
Internal Services Revenue	7,6		7,600	. <u> </u>	7,600		(27,800)
Total Revenues	39,1	32	73,574		45,786		(27,788)
EXPENDITURES							
Personal Services	24,9	12	24,912	(1)	25,203		(291)
IGS - Personal Services		-	-	(1)	119		(119)
Materials and Services	18,7	26	47,858	(1)	14,979		32,879
IGS - Materials and Services	3,5	33	8,843	(1)	3,533		5,310
Contingency	7,9	86	7,986	(1)			7,986
Total Expenditures	55,1	57	89,599	. <u> </u>	43,834		45,765
Net Change in Fund Balance	(16,0	25)	(16,025)		1,952		17,977
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	16,0	25	16,025	. <u>—</u>	14,073		(1,952)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	- \$	-	\$	16,025	\$	16,025

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

BUILDING REPAIR AND CONSTRUCTION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	_	ACTUAL	7	ARIANCE FO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 87,769	\$	57,580	\$	(30,189)
Internal Service Revenue	145,054	145,054	Ψ	145,054	Ψ	(30,10)
Total Revenues	145,054	232,823		202,634		(30,189)
EXPENDITURES						
Personal Services	47,139	73,636	(1)	53,198		20,438
IGS - Personal Service	468	468	(1)	468		-
Materials and Services	44,288	65,560	(1)	37,173		28,387
IGS - Materials and Services	8,529	8,529	(1)	9,776		(1,247)
Capital Outlay	48,974	88,974	(1)	39,652		49,322
Debt Service	16,710	16,710	(1)	16,710		<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	166,108	253,877	. <u>-</u>	156,977		96,900
Net Change in Fund Balance	(21,054)	(21,054)		45,657		66,711
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	21,054	21,054		28,459		7,405
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$	74,116	\$	74,116

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2016

		ISSIONERS' CES FUND		NISTRATION VICES FUND		ENERAL ICES FUND	REP	ERVE FUND
ASSETS								
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,256	\$	134,654	\$	61,659	\$	230,871
Accounts Receivable	Ψ	-	Ψ	3,390	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Total Current Assets		3,256		138,044		61,659		230,871
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital Assets:								
Land		-		-		-		-
Buildings		-		56,259		-		-
Machinery and Equipment		-		484,558		177,234		924,294
Accumulated Depreciation	-			(375,834)		(176,545)		(555,525)
Total Capital Assets	-		-	164,983		689	-	368,769
Total Assets		3,256		303,027		62,348		599,640
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Related Deferred Outlfows		28,781		65,787				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	32,037	\$	368,814	\$	62,348	\$	599,640
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION:								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	493	\$	22,889	\$	4,392	\$	62,054
Unearned Revenue		-		_		-		-
Accrued Payroll and Related Expenses		3,145		6,303		_		-
Total Current Liabilities		3,638		29,192		4,392		62,054
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Net Pension Liability		166,254		380,016		-		
Total Liabilities		169,892		409,208		4,392		62,054
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Related Deferred Inflows		51,325		117,316		-		
FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		-		164,983		689		368,769
Restricted for self insurance		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		(189,180)	-	(322,693)		57,267		168,817
Total Net Position		(189,180)		(157,710)		57,956		537,586
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	32,037	\$	368,814	\$	62,348	\$	599,640

EQUI	ERAL FUND PMENT SELF RANCE FUND	EQU	OAD FUND IPMENT SELF RANCE FUND	MPLOYMENT ERVE FUND	RES	PERS RESERVE FUND		TOTAL
\$	106,026	\$	1,164,586	\$ 275,388	\$	213,599	\$	2,190,039 3,390
	106,026		1,164,586	275,388		213,599		2,193,429
	_		_	_		_		_
	_		_	_		-		56,259
	-		-	=		=		1,586,086
				 				(1,107,904)
				 				534,441
	106,026		1,164,586	 275,388		213,599		2,727,870
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 				94,568
\$	106,026	\$	1,164,586	\$ 275,388	\$	213,599	\$	2,822,438
\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 18,857 - - - 18,857	\$	- - -	\$	108,685 - 9,448 118,133
				 <u>-</u>		-		546,270
			<u>-</u>	 18,857				664,403
			<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		168,641
	-		-	-		-		534,441
	_		1,164,586	_		-		1,164,586
	106,026		1 164 506	 256,531		213,599		290,367
	106,026		1,164,586	 256,531		213,599		1,989,394
\$	106,026	\$	1,164,586	\$ 275,388	\$	213,599	\$	2,822,438

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	MISSIONERS' VICES FUND	INISTRATION VICES FUND	GENERAL SERVICES FUND		REP	VEHICLE LACEMENT ERVE FUND
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for Services	\$ 178,734	\$ 946,102	\$	217,601	\$	215,207
Grants and Contracts	-	12,705		-		-
Miscellaneous	 -	 874		-		-
Total Operating Revenues	 178,734	 959,681		217,601		215,207
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personal Services	334,488	932,270		-		-
IGS - Personal Services	-	3,215		-		-
Materials and Services	21,138	361,030		84,130		1,155
IGS - Materials and Services	-	17,781		89,488		3,977
Depreciation	 -	 47,613		-		125,958
Total Operating Expenses	 355,626	 1,361,909		173,618		131,090
Income, (Loss) From Operations	 (176,892)	 (402,228)		43,983		84,117
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	-	_		_		6,680
Interest Income	_	-		_		1,180
Income, (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(176,892)	(402,228)		43,983		91,977
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers Out	 	 		(63,000)		<u>-</u>
Total Contributions and Transfers				(63,000)		
Change in Net Position	(176,892)	(402,228)		(19,017)		91,977
Beginning Net Position	 (12,288)	244,518		76,973		445,609
Ending Net Position	\$ (189,180)	\$ (157,710)	\$	57,956	\$	537,586

GENERAL FUND EQUIPMENT SELF INSURANCE FUND	UIPMENT SELF EQUIPMENT SELF		PERS RESERVE FUND	TOTAL		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,723	\$ -	\$ 1,598,367 12,705		
-	_	-	-	874		
		40,723	<u> </u>	1,611,946		
-	-	-	-	1,266,758		
-	-	-	-	3,215		
10,610	3,132	48,372	1,401	530,968		
-	698	-	-	111,944		
				173,571		
10,610	3,830	48,372	1,401	2,086,456		
(10,610)	(3,830)	(7,649)	(1,401)	(474,510)		
-		-	-	6,680		
665		2,244	1,508	5,597		
(9,945)	(3,830)	(5,405)	107	(462,233)		
<u> </u>	<u>-</u> ,	(150,000)	(50,000)	(263,000)		
		(150,000)	(50,000)	(263,000)		
(9,945)	(3,830)	(155,405)	(49,893)	(725,233)		
115,971	1,168,416	411,936	263,492	2,714,627		
\$ 106,026	\$ 1,164,586	\$ 256,531	\$ 213,599	\$ 1,989,394		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

		MISSIONERS' VICE FUND	INISTRATION VICES FUND	ENERAL VICES FUND	REP	EHICLE LACEMENT ERVE FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from Services Provided	\$	178,734	\$ 959,992	\$ 217,601	\$	215,207
Payments to Suppliers		(21,476)	(376,695)	(176,181)		(74,978)
Payments to Employees		(199,788)	 (636,543)	 -		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(42,530)	 (53,246)	 41,420		140,229
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Interfund Transfers		-	-	(63,000)		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital and Related						
Financing Activities		-	 -	 (63,000)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		_	_	-		6,680
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		-	-	-		(205,199)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related	-					
Financing Activities		-	 	 		(198,519)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest on Investments		-	 	-		1,180
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities						
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(42,530)	(53,246)	(21,580)		(57,110)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		45,786	 187,900	 83,239		287,981
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	3,256	\$ 134,654	\$ 61,659	\$	230,871
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities						
Operating Income		(176,892)	\$ (402,228)	\$ 43,983	\$	84,117
Adjustments						
Depreciation Expense		-	47,613	-		125,958
Decrease (Increase) in Assets:						
Accounts Receivable		-	346	-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:				(0.000)		(40.04.7
Accounts Payable		(338)	2,116	(2,563)		(69,846)
Unearned Revenue Payroll Liabilities		(4.674)	(35)	-		-
Payroll Liabilities Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liabilities and Related Defferals		(4,674) 139,374	(3,678) 302,620	-		-
rroportionate share of ret rension Liabilities and Related Defferals				 		
Net Cash From Operations	\$	(42,530)	\$ (53,246)	\$ 41,420	\$	140,229

EQUIPM	RAL FUND MENT SELF ANCE FUND	EQUIP	AD FUND MENT SELF ANCE FUND	MPLOYMENT ERVE FUND	RESE	PERS RVE FUND	TOTAL
\$	- (11,930) -	\$	(4,230)	\$ 40,723 (31,453)	\$	(1,401)	\$ 1,612,257 (698,344) (836,331)
	(11,930)		(4,230)	9,270		(1,401)	77,582
				 (150,000)		(50,000)	 (263,000)
			<u>-</u>	 (150,000)		(50,000)	 (263,000)
	-		-	- -		-	6,680 (205,199)
	-		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		-	(198,519)
	665		<u>-</u>	 2,244		1,508	 5,597
	(11,265)		(4,230)	(138,486)		(49,893)	(378,340)
	117,291		1,168,816	413,874		263,492	 2,568,379
\$	106,026	\$	1,164,586	\$ 275,388	\$	213,599	\$ 2,190,039
\$	(10,610)	\$	(3,830)	\$ (7,649)	\$	(1,401)	\$ (474,510)
	-		-	-		=	173,571
	-		-	-		-	346
	(1,320)		(400)	16,919		-	(55,432)
	-		-	-		-	(35)
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 		<u> </u>	 (8,352) 441,994
\$	(11,930)	\$	(4,230)	\$ 9,270	\$	(1,401)	\$ 77,582

COMMISSIONERS' FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES		RIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	_		ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
IGS - Internal Service	\$	177,861	\$	180,361		\$	178,734	\$	(1,627)
103 - Internal Service	φ	177,601	φ	100,301	-	φ	170,734	φ	(1,027)
Total Revenues		177,861		180,361	-		178,734		(1,627)
EXPENDITURES Personal Services Materials and Services		183,915 29,200		194,915 20,700	` '		195,114 21,138		(199) (438)
Total Expenditures		213,115		215,615	_		216,252		(637)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(35,254)		(35,254)			(37,518)		(2,264)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		35,254	_	35,254	-		37,136		1,882
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		=		(382)	\$	(382)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Net Pension Liability Pension Related Deferred Inflows GAAP Fund Balance - End of Year						\$	(166,254) (22,544) (189,180)		

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	101 1110 1	our Biraca ou	 , = 0 = 0				
REVENUES		RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	_	ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
	_					_	
Charges for Services	\$	48,012	\$ 48,012		\$ 48,720	\$	708
Intergovernmental		12,500	12,500		12,705		205
Internal Service Revenue Other Revenue		882,512	882,512		897,382		14,870
Grants and Contracts		-	-		874		874
Grants and Contracts			 -	_	-		
Total Revenues		943,024	 943,024	_	959,681		16,657
EXPENDITURES							
Personal Services		660,333	660,333	(1)	613,694		46,639
IGS - Personal Services		3,499	3,499		3,215		284
Materials and Services		457,384	464,804	(1)	361,030		103,774
IGS - Materials and Services		4,325	4,325		17,781		(13,456)
Capital Outlay		500	500	(1)	-		500
Contingency		27,011	 19,591	(1)	-		19,591
Total Expenditures		1,153,052	 1,153,052	_	995,720	_	157,332
Net Change in Fund Balance		(210,028)	(210,028)		(36,039))	173,989
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		210,028	 210,028	_	144,891		(65,137)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$ _	=	108,852	\$	108,852
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Capital Assets Net Pension Liability Pension Related Deferred Inflows					164,983 (380,016) (51,529)		
GAAP Fund Balance - End of Year					\$ (157,710))	

GENERAL SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	RIGINAL UDGET	 FINAL BUDGET	. <u>-</u>	ACTUAL	 VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
REVENUES					
Internal Service Revenue	\$ 271,943	\$ 271,943	\$	217,601	\$ (54,342)
Total Revenues	 271,943	 271,943	. <u> </u>	217,601	 (54,342)
EXPENDITURES					
Materials and Services IGS - Materials and Services Contingency	 139,044 109,773 30,126	139,044 109,773 30,126	(1)	84,130 89,488	54,914 20,285 30,126
Total Expenditures	 278,943	 278,943	. <u> </u>	173,618	 105,325
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,000)	(7,000)		43,983	50,983
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out	 (63,000)	(63,000)	(1)	(63,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(70,000)	(70,000)		(19,017)	50,983
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	70,000	 70,000		76,284	 6,284
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$:	57,267	\$ 57,267
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Capital Assets, Net			_	689	
GAAP Fund Balance - End of Year			\$	57,956	

VEHICLE REPLACEMENT RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Investment Earnings	\$ 250	\$ 250	\$ 1,180	\$ 930
Internal Service Revenue	144,000	144,000	215,207	71,207
Total Revenues	144,250	144,250	216,387	72,137
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and Services	209	209		(946)
IGS - Materials and Services Capital Outlay	3,977	3,977 194,056		(11 142)
Contingency	194,056 74,712	74,712		(11,143)
Contingency		7 1,712	_ (1)	
Total Expenditures	272,954	272,954	210,331	62,623
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(128,704)	(128,704)	6,056	134,760
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets			6,680	6,680
Saic of Capital Assets		·	0,000	0,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			6,680	6,680
Net Change in Fund Balance	(128,704)	(128,704)	12,736	141,440
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	128,704	128,704	156,081	27,377
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	168,817	\$ 168,817
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Capital Assets, Net			368,769	
GAAP Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 537,586	
				=

GENERAL EQUIPMENT SELF-INSURANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Reimbursements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment Earnings	400	400	665	265
Internal Service Revenue	10,000	10,000		(10,000)
Total Revenues	10,400	10,400	665	(9,735)
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and Services	90,900	90,900	(1) 10,610	80,290
IGS - Materials and Services	30,000	30,000	(1)	30,000
Total Expenditures	120,900	120,900	10,610	110,290
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(110,500)	(110,500)	(9,945)	100,555
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	110,500	110,500	115,971	5,471
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 106,026	\$ 106,026

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

ROAD FUND EQUIPMENT SELF-INSURANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

EXPENDITURES	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	_	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
EXI EXDITORES						
Materials and Services	\$	1,069,466	\$ 1,069,466	(1) \$	3,132	\$ 1,066,334
IGS Materials and Services		50,000	50,000	(1)	698	49,302
Capital Outlay		50,000	 50,000	(1)		50,000
T (I F) L'		1.160.466	1.160.466		2 820	1.165.626
Total Expenditures		1,169,466	 1,169,466		3,830	 1,165,636
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,169,466)	(1,169,466)		(3,830)	1,165,636
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,169,466	1,169,466	_	1,168,416	 (1,050)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$ -	\$	1,164,586	\$ 1,164,586

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

UNEMPLOYMENT RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	RIGINAL BUDGET	 FINAL BUDGET	· <u>-</u>	AG	CTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Internal Services Revenue Investment Earnings	\$ 39,964	\$ 39,964		\$	40,723 2,244	\$ 759 2,244
Total Revenues	 39,964	39,964	_		42,967	3,003
EXPENDITURES						
Materials & Services	 293,659	 293,659	(1)		48,372	 245,287
Total Expenditures	 293,659	 293,659	_		48,372	 245,287
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(253,695)	(253,695)			(5,405)	248,290
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out	 (150,000)	(150,000)	(1)		(150,000)	 <u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(150,000)	 (150,000)	_		(150,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(403,695)	(403,695)			(155,405)	248,290
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 403,695	 403,695	_		411,936	8,241
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$ -	5	\$	256,531	\$ 256,531

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

PERS RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
Investment Earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,508	\$ 1,508
EXPENDITURES					
Materials & Services	218,300	218,300	(1)	1,401	 216,899
Total Expenditures	218,300	218,300		1,401	216,899
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(218,300)	(218,300)		107	218,407
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	(50,000)	(50,000)	(1)	(50,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(268,300)	(268,300)		(49,893)	218,407
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	268,300	268,300		263,492	(4,808)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$	213,599	\$ 213,599

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

ACCRUED INTEREST FUND	BALANCE NE 30, 2015	Α	ADDITIONS	DE	EDUCTIONS	J	BALANCE UNE 30, 2016
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,421	\$	50,000		47,629	\$	5,792
Total Assets	\$ 3,421	\$	49,999		47,629	\$	5,792
LIABILITIES							
Due to - Other Taxing Districts	\$ 3,421	\$	53,953		51,582	\$	5,792
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,421	\$	53,953	_	51,582	\$	5,792
UNSEGREGATED TAXES FUND							
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$ 221,646	\$	16,643,112		16,623,695	\$	241,063
Receivables							
Taxes	 2,137,011		2,128,462		2,137,011		2,128,462
Total Assets	\$ 2,358,657	\$	18,771,574		18,760,706	\$	2,369,525
LIABILITIES							
Due to - Other Taxing Districts	\$ 2,358,657	\$	18,771,574	\$	18,760,706	\$	2,369,525
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,358,657	\$	18,771,574	_	18,760,706	\$	2,369,525
A 6 TTAVOEELOE EUND							
A & T TAX OFFICE FUND ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$ 65,233	\$	259,929		265,641	\$	59,521
Total Assets	\$ 65,233	\$	259,928		265,641	\$	59,521
LIABILITIES							
Due to - Oregon State	\$ 65,233	\$	271,444		277,156	\$	59,521
Total Liabilities	\$ 65,233	\$	271,443	_	277,156	\$	59,521

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		ALANCE NE 30, 2015	1	ADDITIONS	DE	DUCTIONS		BALANCE NE 30, 2016
ADVANCE TAXES FUND ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	•	6,171	\$	186		6,357	\$	
Total Assets	\$ \$	6,171	\$	186		6,357	\$	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES								
Due to - Other Taxing Districts/Agencies	\$	6,171	\$	186		6,357	\$	_
Total Liabilities	\$	6,171	\$	186		6,357	\$	-
PAYROLL LIABILITY FUND								
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	523,771	\$	2,652,389		2,623,951	\$	552,209
Total Assets	\$	523,771	\$	2,652,389	_	2,623,951	\$	552,209
LIABILITIES			_				_	
Payroll Liabilities	\$	523,771	\$	8,024,929		7,996,491	\$	552,209
Total Liabilities	\$	523,771	\$	8,024,929	_	7,996,491	\$	552,209
TREASURER'S BANKING FUND ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	139,731,261		139,731,261	\$	-
Accounts Receivable		1,349		-		1,349		-
Total Assets	\$	1,349	\$	139,731,261		139,732,610	\$	-
LIABILITIES								
Due to - State Unclaimed Property	\$	748	\$	2,241		2,989	\$	-
Due to - Other Funds		601		_		601		
Total Liabilities	\$	1,349	\$	2,241		3,590	\$	
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	820,242	\$	159,336,877	\$	159,298,534	\$	858,585
Receivables								
Accounts		1,349		-		1,349		-
Taxes		2,137,011		2,128,462		2,137,011		2,128,462
Total Assets	\$	2,958,602	\$	161,465,339	\$	161,436,894	\$	2,987,047
LIABILITIES								
Payroll Liabilities	\$	523,771	\$	8,024,929	\$	7,996,491	\$	552,209
Due to - Oregon State		65,233		271,444		277,156		59,521
Due to - State Unclaimed Property		748		2,241		2,989		-
Due to - Other Funds		601		10 005 710		601		- 275 217
Due to - Other Taxing Districts Total Liabilities	•	2,368,249	•	18,825,713	4	18,818,645 27,095,881	4	2,375,317
Total Liabilities	\$	2,958,602	\$	27,124,327	\$	41,093,881	\$	2,987,047

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED

TAX YEAR	IMPOSED LEV OR BALANC UNCOLLECTI AT 7/1/15	CE .	ADJUSTMENT TO ROLLS	S ADD INTEREST	CASH COLLECTIONS BY COUNTY TREASURER	BALANCE UNCOLLECTED OF UNSEGREGATED AT 6/30/16
Current:						
2015-16	\$ 25,225,335	\$ 693,663	\$ 2,483	\$ 1,054	\$ 23,577,508	\$ 957,701
Prior Years:						
2014-15	1,000,670	13,799	-	785	466,977	520,679
2013-14	545,503	3 12,208	-	917	195,818	338,394
2012-13	357,407	3,160	-	977	177,399	177,825
2011-12	173,308	3 2,127	-	-	75,342	95,839
2010-11	74,944	1,644	-	-	5,056	68,244
2009-10	75,041	1,593	-	-	4,617	68,831
2008-09 & Prior	57,503	-	-	-	4,189	53,314
Total Prior	2,284,376	34,531		2,679	929,398	1,323,126
Total All						
Funds	\$ 27,509,711	\$ 728,194	\$ 2,483	\$ 3,733	\$ 24,506,906	\$ 2,280,827
Classified by Fund General Fund Unsegregated T	ax and Interest Fu	and (Agency)			\$ 1,620,718 22,886,188 \$ 24,506,906	\$ 152,365 2,128,462 \$ 2,280,827

GENERAL FUND BY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

	For the Y	ear Ended Jui	1e 30,	2016				
		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		ANCE WITH L BUDGET OVER JNDER)
PROPERTY TAX APPEALS								
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	880	\$	(120)
Total Revenue		1,000		1,000		880		(120)
Requirements								
Personal Services		3,765		3,765		3,758		7
IGS - Personal Services		16		16		16		-
Materials and Services		920		920		5		915
IGS - Materials and Services		279		279		279		-
Interfund Transfers Out		-						-
Total Requirements		4,980		4,980		4,058		922
Total Property Tax Appeals	\$	(3,980)	\$	(3,980)	\$	(3,178)	\$	802
OTHER REQUIREMENTS								
Requirements								
IGS - Materials and Services	\$	193,412	\$	193,412	\$	193,412	\$	-
Interfund Transfers Out		36,882		36,882		36,882		-
Capital Outlay		40,000		40,000		-		40,000
Operating Contingency		135,648		133,518				133,518
Total Requirements		405,942		403,812		230,294		173,518
Total Other Requirements	\$	(405,942)	\$	(403,812)	\$	(230,294)	\$	173,518

GENERAL FUND BY DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

	For the Year Ended Jun	ie 30, 2016		
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
NONDEPARTMENTAL	BODGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNDER)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,570,000	\$ 1,570,000	\$ 1,620,718	\$ 50,718
Other Taxes	427,500	427,500	457,157	29,657
Intergovernmental	1,401,181	1,487,781	1,804,430	316,649
Fines and Penalties	17,000	17,000	16,966	(34)
Reimbursements	200	200	-	(200)
Grants - General	1,657,164	1,657,164	7,240	(1,649,924)
Grants - Federal	298,078	298,078	3,557	(294,521)
Investment Earnings	-	-	24,041	24,041
Miscellaneous	500	500	17,878	17,378
Interfund Transfers In	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Total Revenues	5,421,623	5,508,223	4,001,987	(1,506,236)
Requirements				
Personal Services	50,000	50,000	-	50,000
Materials and Services	3,326,050	3,412,650	393,217	3,019,433
Total Requirements	3,376,050	3,462,650	393,217	3,069,433
Total Nondepartmental	\$ 2,045,573	\$ 2,045,573	\$ 3,608,770	\$ 1,563,197
COUNTY CLERK - ELECTIONS				
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 600	\$ 14,000	\$ 5,716	\$ (8,284)
Miscellaneous	50	50	1,521	1,471
Total Revenue	650	14,050	7,237	(6,813)
Requirements				
Personal Services	144,270	144,270	131,931	12,339
IGS - Personal Services	539	539	539	-
Materials and Services	61,020	74,420	77,060	(2,640)
IGS - Materials and Services	17,896	17,896	18,536	(640)
Interfund Transfers Out Total Requirements	223,725	237,125	228,066	9,059
Total County Clerk - Elections	\$ (223,075)	\$ (223,075)	\$ (220,829)	\$ 2,246
TAX COLLECTION				
Revenues				
Tax Penalties (Fines & Forfitures)	\$ 6,800	\$ 6,800	\$ 11,812	\$ 5,012
Intergovernmental	27,300	27,300	21,412	(5,888)
Charges for Services	2,000	2,000	1,603	(397)
Total Revenue	36,100	36,100	34,827	(1,273)
Requirements				
Personal Services	65,951	65,951	66,051	(100)
IGS - Personal Services	321	321	321	-
Materials and Services	48,667	48,667	46,163	2,504
IGS - Materials and Services	9,910	9,910	9,610	300
Interfund Transfers Out	<u>-</u>			
Total Requirements	124,849	124,849	122,145	2,704
Total Tax Collection	\$ (88,749)	\$ (88,749)	\$ (87,318)	\$ 1,431

GENERAL FUND BY DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	For the Y	ear Ended Ju	ne 30,	2016				
		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)	
COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE		BUDGET		BUDGEI		ACTUAL		JNDEK)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	6,800	\$	6,800	\$	7,066	\$	266
Charges for Services		500		500		638		138
Total Revenues		7,300		7,300		7,704		404
Requirements								
Personal Services		90,367		90,367		90,305		62
IGS - Personal Services		-		-		-		-
Materials and Services		11,833		11,833		9,412		2,421
IGS - Materials and Services		13,942		13,942		7,835		6,107
Interfund Transfers Out		-		-		-		-
Total Requirements		116,142		116,142		107,552		8,590
Total County Treasurer's Office	\$	(108,842)	\$	(108,842)	\$	(99,848)	\$	8,994
COUNTY ASSESSOR'S OFFICE								
Revenues								
Tax Penalties (Fines & Fort)	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	24,168	\$	16,168
Intergovernmental		164,900		164,900		93,958		(70,942)
Charges for Services		23,400		23,400		20,543		(2,857)
Total Revenue		196,300		196,300		138,669		(57,631)
Requirements								
Personal Services		417,689		417,689		415,148		2,541
IGS - Personal Services		1,669		1,669		1,669		-
Materials and Services		115,358		115,358		68,299		47,059
IGS - Materials and Services		48,773		48,773		46,134		2,639
Capital Outlay		4,500		4,500		-		4,500
Interfund Transfers Out Total Requirements		587,989		587,989		531,250		56,739
Total County Assessor's Office	\$	(391,689)	\$	(391,689)	\$	(392,581)	\$	(892)
COUNTY ASSESSOR'S OFFICE - GIS	<u></u>							
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	9,568	\$	(432)
Reimbursements	Ф	10,000	Ф	10,000	Ф	6,273	ф	6,273
Internal Service Revenue		27,500		27,500		0,273		(27,500)
Interfund Transfers In		27,300		27,300		_		(27,300)
Total Revenue		37,500		37,500		15,841		(21,659)
Requirements								
Personal Services		9,860		9,860		4,942		4,918
IGS - Personal Services		56		56		56		-
Materials and Services		40,367		40,367		352		40,015
IGS - Materials and Services		2,667		2,667		2,667		-
Interfund Transfers Out		_		-		-		-
Total Requirements		52,950		52,950		8,017		44,933
Total County Assessor's Office - GIS	\$	(15,450)	\$	(15,450)	\$	7,824	\$	23,274

GENERAL FUND BY DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

	For the Year End	ed June 30, 2016		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	A CITIVA V	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER
DISTRICT ATTORNEY	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNDER)
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 35,600	\$ 35,600	\$ 27,562	\$ (8,038)
Intergovernmental	20,000	20,000	7,455	(12,545)
Total Revenues	55,600	55,600	35,017	(20,583)
Requirements				
Personal Services	294,639	294,639	259,478	35,161
IGS - Personal Services	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			33,101
	1,578	1,578	1,578	10.742
Materials and Services	48,957	48,957	29,214	19,743
IGS - Materials and Services	50,437	50,437	48,695	1,742
Interfund Transfers Out	205.611	205 611	220.005	
Total Requirements	395,611	395,611	338,965	56,646
Total District Attorney	\$ (340,011)	\$ (340,011)	\$ (303,948)	\$ 36,063
COUNTY CLERK - RECORDING				
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 134,556	\$ 134,556	\$ 145,896	\$ 11,340
Internal Service Revenue	14,573	14,573	14,573	-
Interfund Transfers In	43,495	43,495	16,289	(27,206)
Total Revenue	192,624	192,624	176,758	(15,866)
Requirements				
Personal Services	165,520	165,520	154,322	11,198
IGS - Personal Services	610	610	610	-
Materials and Services	24,779	24,779	24,494	285
IGS - Materials and Services	17,876	17,876	17,576	300
Capital Outlay	15,000	15,000	7,587	7,413
Interfund Transfers Out	,	,		
Total Requirements	223,785	223,785	204,589	19,196
Total County Clerk - Recording	\$ (31,161)	\$ (31,161)	\$ (27,831)	\$ 3,330
COUNTY SURVEYOR				
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 16,100	\$ 28,706	\$ 15,369	\$ (13,337)
Miscellaneous	-	-	80	80
Interfund Transfers In	36,000	36,000	40,000	4,000
Total Revenue	52,100	64,706	55,449	(9,257)
Requirements				
Personal Services	53,952	66,158	59,048	7,110
IGS - Personal Services	98	98	122	(24)
Materials and Services	6,413	6,813	5,403	1,410
IGS - Materials and Services	5,403	5,403	5,403	
Interfund Transfers Out	5,405	5,405	5,405	_
Total Requirements	65,866	78,472	69,976	8,496
Total County Surveyor:	\$ (13,766)	\$ (13,766)	\$ (14,527)	\$ (761)
• •				

GENERAL FUND BY DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

		ear Ended Jur ORIGINAL BUDGET	,	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	RIANCE WITH IAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
SHERIFF-CIVIL & CRIMINAL						
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	7,500	\$	7,500	\$ 4,885	\$ (2,615)
Charges for Services		48,000		48,000	61,718	13,718
Permits & Licenses		20,000		20,000	23,805	3,805
Donations		-		-	-	-
Miscellaneous		27,500		27,500	16,742	(10,758)
Interfund Transfers In		200,000		200,000	200,000	-
Total Revenues	_	303,000		303,000	307,150	4,150
Requirements						
Personal Services		1,113,039		1,113,039	905,705	207,334
IGS - Personal Services		5,429		5,429	5,429	-
Materials and Services		111,390		111,390	91,642	19,748
IGS - Materials and Services		350,813		350,813	309,334	41,479
Interfund Transfers Out					 	_
Total Requirements		1,580,671		1,580,671	1,312,110	268,561
Total Sheriff - Civil and Criminal	\$	(1,277,671)	\$	(1,277,671)	\$ (1,004,960)	\$ 272,711
SHERIFF - SEARCH AND RESCUE						
Revenues						
Interfund Transfers In	\$	122,000	\$	122,000	\$ 87,122	\$ (34,878)
Total Revenue		122,000		122,000	 87,122	(34,878)
Requirements						
Personal Services		55,549		55,549	56,718	(1,169)
IGS - Personal Services		227		227	227	-
Materials and Services		45,117		45,117	28,950	16,167
IGS - Materials and Services		10,848		10,848	10,968	(120)
Capital Outlay		20,000		20,000	-	20,000
Interfund Transfers Out					 	
Total Requirements		131,741		131,741	96,863	34,878
Total Sheriff - Search and Rescue	\$	(9,741)	\$	(9,741)	\$ (9,741)	\$ -

GENERAL FUND BY DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

	ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER) 6,543 (1,440) (13,693) (8,590)
Revenues Start S	6,543 - (1,440) (13,693)
Intergovernmental \$ 152,533 \$ 152,533 \$ 159,076 \$ Charges for Services -	(1,440) (13,693)
Intergovernmental \$ 152,533 \$ 152,533 \$ 159,076 \$ Charges for Services -	(1,440) (13,693)
Miscellaneous 3,000 3,000 1,560	(13,693)
	(13,693)
Interfund Transfers In 55,000 55,000 41,307	
	(8,590)
Total Revenue 210,533 210,533 201,943	
Requirements	
Personal Services 165,584 165,584 164,671	913
IGS - Personal Services 819 819 819	-
Materials and Services 26,322 26,322 17,595	8,727
IGS - Materials and Services 29,812 29,812 30,861	(1,049)
Interfund Transfers Out	
Total Requirements 222,537 222,537 213,946	8,591
Total Sheriff - Marine Patro <u>\$ (12,004)</u> <u>\$ (12,004)</u> <u>\$ (12,003)</u> <u>\$</u>	1
SHERIFF - JAIL	
Revenues	
Intergovernmental \$ 219,100 \$ 270,100 \$ 302,925 \$	32,825
Charges for Services 13,000 13,000 29,131	16,131
Miscellaneous 100 100 34	(66)
Interfund Transfers In	-
Total Revenue 232,200 283,200 332,090	48,890
Requirements	
Personal Services 1,034,763 1,034,763 980,544	54,219
IGS - Personal Services 5,029 5,029 5,029	-
Materials and Services 241,770 292,770 239,705	53,065
IGS - Materials and Services 137,968 137,968 182,533	(44,565)
Interfund Transfers Out	
Total Requirements 1,419,530 1,470,530 1,407,811	62,719
Total Sheriff - Jail <u>\$ (1,187,330)</u> <u>\$ (1,187,330)</u> <u>\$ (1,075,721)</u> <u>\$</u>	111,609
SHERIFF - COMMUNICATIONS	
Revenues	
Charges for Services \$ 69,500 \$ 69,500 \$ 73,969 \$	4,469
Intergovernmental 123,000 123,000 136,497	13,497
Interfund Transfers In 63,000 63,000 63,000	
Total Revenue 255,500 255,500 273,466	17,966
Personal Services 587,986 587,986 567,419	20,567
IGS - Personal Services 2,783 2,783 2,783	-
Materials and Services 68,221 68,221 46,665	21,556
IGS - Materials and Services 59,289 59,289 59,289	-
Interfund Transfers Out	-
Total Requirements 718,279 718,279 676,156	42,123
Total Sheriff - Communication: \$ (462,779) \$ (462,779) \$ (402,690) \$	60,089

GENERAL FUND BY DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		 ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)	
SHERIFF - ANIMAL CONTROL							
Revenues							
Licenses & Permits	\$	36,000	\$	36,000	\$ 31,293	\$	(4,707)
Total Revenue		36,000		36,000	 31,293		(4,707)
Requirements							
Materials and Services		36,000		36,000	 31,293		4,707
Total Requirements		36,000		36,000	 31,293		4,707
Total Sheriff - Animal Control	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
HARBOR SUB-STATION							
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	
Total Revenue	-	10,000		10,000	 10,000		
Requirements							
Materials and Services		10,000		10,000	 8,138		1,862
Total Requirements		10,000		10,000	 8,138		1,862
Total Harbor Sub-Station	\$		\$		\$ 1,862	\$	1,862
PAROLE & PROBATION							
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	421,465	\$	421,465	\$ 579,394	\$	157,929
Charges for Services		26,500		26,500	37,876		11,376
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,000	 17,325		5,325
Total Revenue		459,965		459,965	 634,595		174,630
Requirements							
Personal Services		354,099		354,099	361,620		(7,521)
IGS - Personal Services		1,790		1,790	1,790		-
Materials and Services		54,084		54,084	75,300		(21,216)
IGS - Materials and Services		73,454		73,454	77,407		(3,953)
Interfund Transfers Out		402.407		192 427	 516 117		(22, (00)
Total Requirements		483,427		483,427	 516,117		(32,690)
Total Corrections	\$	(23,462)	\$	(23,462)	\$ 118,478	\$	141,940

GENERAL FUND BY DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

	C	PRIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	1	ACTUAL	RIANCE WITH NAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
JUVENILE - ADMINISTRATION						
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	81,694	\$ 81,694	\$	51,807	\$ (29,887)
Charges for Services		800	800		790	(10)
Fines & Penalties		-	-		220	220
Donations		-	-		1,245	1,245
Reimbursements		4,000	4,000		3,445	(555)
Internal Service Revenue		15,800	15,800		9,693	(6,107)
Miscellaneous		2,000	2,000		3,102	1,102
Interfund Transfers In		26,488	26,488		28,244	1,756
Total Revenue		130,782	130,782		98,546	(32,236)
Requirements						
Personal Services		441,437	429,437		422,797	6,640
IGS - Personal Services		2,361	2,361		2,361	-
Materials and Services		80,113	92,113		50,523	41,590
IGS - Materials and Services		63,294	63,294		90,425	(27,131)
Interfund Transfers Out		-	-		-	-
Total Requirements		587,205	587,205		566,106	21,099
Total Juvenile - Administration	\$	(456,423)	\$ (456,423)	\$	(467,560)	\$ (11,137)
EMERGENCY SERVICES						
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	62,732	\$ 62,732	\$	56,488	\$ (6,244)
Reimbursement		-	-		512	512
Interfund Transfer In		25,000	 25,000			 (25,000)
Total Revenue		87,732	87,732		57,000	(30,732)
Requirements						
Personal Services		87,656	87,656		87,847	(191)
IGS - Personal Services		398	398		398	-
Materials and Services		47,325	47,325		27,060	20,265
IGS - Materials and Services		15,083	15,083		16,234	(1,151)
Interfund Transfers Out		-	-		-	-
Total Requirements		150,462	150,462		131,539	18,923
Total Emergency Services	\$	(62,730)	\$ (62,730)	\$	(74,539)	\$ (11,809)

GENERAL FUND BY DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET-BUDGETARY BASIS

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE WI FINAL BUDGE OVER (UNDER)	
SOLID WASTE							
Revenues							
Franchise Taxes	\$ 78,000	\$	78,000	\$	86,144	\$	8,144
Total Revenue	78,000		78,000		86,144		8,144
Requirements							
Personal Services	17,684		17,684		15,760		1,924
IGS - Personal Services	95		95		95		-
Materials and Services	1,673		1,673		996		677
IGS - Materials and Services	1,813		1,813		1,813		-
Interfund Transfers Out Total Requirements	 21,265		21,265		18,664		2,601
Total Solid Waste	\$ 56,735	\$	56,735	\$	67,480	\$	10,745
RSVP							
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 52,225	\$	57,355	\$	39,385	\$	(17,970)
Donations	9,000		9,000		306		(8,694)
Total Revenue	 61,225		66,355		39,691		(26,664)
Requirements							
Personal Services	57,612		57,612		56,233		1,379
IGS - Personal Services	277		277		2,993		(2,716)
Materials and Services	10,548		15,678		7,105		8,573
IGS - Materials and Services	4,239		4,239		4,239		-
Interfund Transfers Out	 				-		-
Total Requirements	 72,676		77,806		70,570		7,236
Total RSVP	\$ (11,451)	\$	(11,451)	\$	(30,879)	\$	(19,428)

GENERAL FUND BY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS

		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	FIN.	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
VETERANS							
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	33,452	\$ 43,969	\$	43,969	\$	-
Miscellaneous		-	 -		-		-
Total Revenue		33,452	 43,969		43,969		-
Requirements							
Personal Services		68,426	68,426		62,797		5,629
IGS - Personal Services		365	365		365		-
Materials and Services		10,466	20,983		24,992		(4,009)
IGS - Materials and Services		5,233	5,233		5,233		-
Transfers Out		-	· -		-		-
Total Requirements		84,490	95,007		93,387		1,620
Total Veterans	\$	(51,038)	\$ (51,038)	\$	(49,418)	\$	1,620
SHERIFF-FOREST PATROL							
Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	59,345	\$ 59,345	\$	53,635	\$	(5,710)
Intergovernmental		37,840	37,840		48,079		10,239
Transfers In	<u></u>	1,000	 1,000		-		(1,000)
Total Revenue		98,185	 98,185		101,714		3,529
Requirements							
Personal Services		83,469	83,469		79,775		3,694
IGS - Personal Services		427	427		427		-
Materials and Services		8,382	8,382		5,596		2,786
IGS - Materials and Services		21,330	21,330		15,917		5,413
Transfers Out			_		-		_
Total Requirements		113,608	 113,608	_	101,715		11,893
Total Sherriff-Forest Patrol	\$	(15,423)	\$ (15,423)	\$	(1)	\$	15,422
TOTAL EXPENDITURES - GENERAL FUND	ı						
Personal Services	\$	5,363,316	\$ 5,363,522	\$	4,946,867	\$	416,655
IGS - Personal Services		24,887	24,887		24,911		(24)
Materials and Services		4,435,775	4,614,822		1,311,886		3,302,936
IGS - Materials and Services		1,133,771	1,133,771		1,154,400		(20,629)
Capital Outlay		79,500	79,500		7,587		71,913
Contingency		135,648	133,518		-		133,518
Transfers Out		36,882	 36,882		36,882		-
Total Expenditures	\$	11,209,779	\$ 11,386,902	\$	7,482,533	\$	3,904,369

SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTABILITY FOR ELECTED OFFICIALS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	AS	SSESSOR	OUNTY CLERK	DISTRICT TTORNEY	SHERIFF	 SURVEYOR	T]	REASURER	 TOTAL
On Hand - July 1, 2015	\$	2,000	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ 16,327	\$ 100	\$	-	\$ 18,527
Adjustments		-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Receipts		1,380	-	-	291,854	-		-	293,234
Turnovers & Disbursements: To County Treasurer & Others		(1,600)	-	-	(288,529)	-		-	(290,129)
On Hand June 30, 2016	\$	1,780	\$ 100	\$ 	\$ 19,652	\$ 100	\$	_	\$ 21,632
Consists of:									
Change, Petty Cash, and Revolving Funds	\$	1,780	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ 300	\$ 100	\$	-	\$ 2,280
Sheriff Inmate Checking		-	-	-	7,208	-		-	7,208
Sheriff Civil Clearing		_	 _	 	 12,144	 			 12,144
On Hand June 30, 2016	\$	1,780	\$ 100	\$ 	\$ 19,652	\$ 100	\$		\$ 21,632

CURRY COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	FEDERAL CFDA	PASS-THROUGH GRANTORS	-	EVENINITURES		
PROGRAM TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	E/	KPENDITURES		
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						
Passed through Oregon Department of Administrative Services Forest Service Schools and Road Cluster						
SRS Federal Forest Receipts	10.665	Not provided	\$	1,398,926		
SRS Federal Title I Schools & Roads	10.665	Not provided	Ą	466,309		
SRS Federal Title III	10.665	Not provided		122,929		
Total Forest Service Schools and Road Cluster	10.003	not provided		1,988,164		
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT						
Passed through Oregon Infrastructure Finance Authority						
Community Development Block Grant - Rehome Oregon	14.228	Not provided	\$	211,247		
Community Development Block Grant - Brookings Head Start	14.228	Not provided		104,029		
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR Direct						
Secure Rural Schools Act - Title I	15.227		\$	1,096,282		
Secure Rural Schools Act - Title III	15.227			94,478		
National Wildlife Refuge	15.659			6,197		
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE						
Direct	46		ć	40.00-		
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575		\$	43,232		
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program Montal Hoalth Court	16.606 16.745			375		
Mental Health Court	16.745			6,228		
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Direct						
Airport Improvement Program	20.106		\$	678,820		
Passed through Oregon Dept of Transportation			•	,		
Transit Grant - Formula Grants for Other than Urbanized Areas	20.509	Not provided	\$	178,340		
Transit Grant - Capital Assistance Program for Elderly and Persons with Disabilities	20.513	Not provided		114,654		
Transit Grant - Capital Assistance Program for Bus Purchases	20.526	Not provided		396,206		
GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION SERVICES						
Passed through Oregon Department of Administrative Services						
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property	39.002	Not provided	\$	12,748		
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						
Passed through Clatsop County:						
Senior Health Insurance Benefits Assistance Program (SHIBA)	93.779	Not provided	\$	7,200		
Passed through Oregon Health & Sciences University						
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant	93.994	Not provided	\$	32,187		
CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL COMMUNITY SERVICE						
Direct Retired and Senior Volunteer Program	94.002		\$	31,029		
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY						
Passed through Oregon Military Department						
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	15-508	\$	46,718		
Homeland Security Grant	97.067	13-213		9,770		
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES			\$	5,057,904		
SUBRECIPIENTS:						
CURRY COMMUNITY HEALTH						
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant - CACOON	93.994		\$	32,187		
BROOKINGS-HARBOR SCHOOL DISTRICT 17-C						
Federal Forest Receipts Title I Schools	10.665		\$	325,157		
CENTRAL CURRY SCHOOL DISTRICT #1						
Federal Forest Receipts Title I Schools	10.665		\$	99,464		
PORT ORFORD / LANGLOIS SCHOOL DISTRICT 2CJ						
Federal Forest Receipts Title I Schools	10.665		\$	41,688		
CURRY PUBLIC TRANSIT, INC. Transit Grant - Formula Grants for Other than Urbanized Areas	20.509		\$	178,340		
Transit Grant - Capital Assistance Program for Elderly and Persons with Disabilities	20.513		ب	114,654		
Transit Grant - Capital Assistance Program for Bus Purchases	20.526			396,206		
	20.020		_			
TOTAL SUBRECEIPIENTS			\$	1,187,696		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CURRY COUNTY, OREGON NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

1: GENERAL

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) presents the activities of Federal financial award programs of Curry County, Oregon (i.e. primary government only). The Curry County, Oregon reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the County's basic financial statements. All Federal award expenditures as well as Federal awards passed through to other entities are included in the schedule.

2: BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the County's basis financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in 2 CFR 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirement for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The County has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OREGON MINIMUM AUDIT STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Curry County, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Curry County, Oregon (the "the County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and have issued our report thereon dated June 1, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement. Our report includes a qualified opinion over the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units as 4-H and Extension Service District has not been audited, and accordingly this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the 4-H and Extension Service District.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules OAR 162-10-000 to 162-10-330, as set forth below, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts:

- The use of approved depositories to secure the deposit of public funds.
- The requirements relating to debt.
- The requirements relating to the preparation, adoption and execution of the annual budgets for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.
- The requirements relating to insurance and fidelity bond coverage.
- The appropriate laws, rules and regulations pertaining to programs funded wholly or partially by other governmental agencies.
- The requirements pertaining to the use of revenue from taxes on motor vehicle use fuel funds.
- The statutory requirements pertaining to the investment of public funds.
- The requirements pertaining to the awarding of public contracts and the construction of public improvements.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State:

- The County experienced budgetary over-expenditures in various funds which are disclosed in the Note 2.B. of the County's financial statements.
- The County ended the year with a deficit fund balance on a GAAP basis for three funds. This is not a violation of state laws.



Noncompliance with a Federally Funded Program

We found two instances of noncompliance with requirements of which are required to be reported in accordance with, OMB's Uniform Guidance. These findings are presented in the schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016-002, 2016-003 and 2016-004.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We communicated a deficiency identified during our audit in the schedule of findings and questions costs as item 2016-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency. Additionally, we noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County in a separate letter dated June 1, 2017.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Partner for Moss Adams LLP Medford, Oregon

June 1, 2017





REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Curry County, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Curry County, Oregon (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 1, 2017.

The financial statements of Curry County Public Transit Service District were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and accordingly this report does not include reporting on internal controls over financial reporting or instance of reportable noncompliance associated with Curry County Public Transit Service District. Our report includes a qualified opinion on the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units as 4-H and Extension Service District has not been audited, and accordingly this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of noncompliance associated with the 4-H and Extension Service District.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.





Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2016-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The County's Response to Findings

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Medford, Oregon June 1, 2017





REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Commissioners Curry County, Oregon

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Curry County, Oregon's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our qualified and unmodified opinions on compliance for major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.





Basis for Qualified Opinion on Airport Improvement Program

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the County did not comply with requirements regarding CFDA 20.106 Airport Improvement Program as described in finding numbers 2016-002 for Matching and 2016-003 for Reporting. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the County to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on Airport Improvement Program

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on Airport Improvement Program for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Unmodified Opinion on the Federal Service Schools and Roads Cluster Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the other major federal program identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Other Matters

The County's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County's is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and a significant deficiency.



A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016-002 and 2016-003 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2016-004 to be a significant deficiency.

The County's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Medford, Oregon June 1, 2017

Moss adams LLP



CURRY COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR JUNE 30, 2016

Section I - Summary of Audit	or's R	esult	ts
Financial Statements			
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Qua Unr Unr	lified Pres nodifi Gene nodifi Roac nodifi Roac nodifi	ied – Governmental Activities – Aggregate Discretely sented Component Units ied – Governmental Fund – eral Fund ied – Governmental Fund – d Fund ied – Governmental Fund – d Capital Improvement Fund ied – Aggregate Remaining Fund
Internal control over financial reporting:			
• Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	⊠ No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	\boxtimes	Yes	☐ None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	⊠ No
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major federal programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	□ No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes	☐ None reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	\boxtimes	Yes	☐ No
Identification of major federal programs and type of auditor's federal programs:	repoi	ts iss	sued on compliance for major
CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cl	uster		Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance for Major Federal Programs
10.665 Federal Service Schools and Roads	Clus	ter	Unmodified
20.106 Airport Improvement Progra	ım		Qualified
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$	750,	,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	∑ No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

FINDING 2016-001 - Significant Deficiency in Internal Controls over Accounts Receivable, repeated

Criteria: The County does not track accounts receivable after the initial billing has been done. Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance over the completeness of recorded accounts receivable and related revenue, revenue cut-off, as well as tracking receivables to ultimate collection in cash. This is generally addressed through the use of a revenue/receivable subsidiary ledger so that all revenues can be tracked from point of billing, to the point of collection.

Condition: The County does not have adequate controls to ensure all grants received ultimately are booked as revenue in the correct period, and monitored to the point of cash collection. This condition is repeated from the prior year.

Context: Controls do not exist for tracking and following up on accounts receivable and revenue due to the County.

Effect: As a result, there is the potential for revenue to be recorded in the incorrect reporting period. Additionally, because the County does not utilize a subsidiary ledger to track receivables, there is a risk to the County of not following up timely on collectable receivables, or monitoring to ensure all receivables are collected in cash.

Cause: The County does not utilize a subsidiary ledger to track grant revenue once it has been billed.

Identification as a repeat finding: 2015-001

Recommendation: We suggest the County implement a process of reporting all approved grants in the minutes from Commission meetings or log with department heads to identify and track grant revenue if a subsidiary ledger is not available. If a decision is made note to use a subsidiary ledger we recommend the County implement a process of reporting all approved grants in the minutes to Commission meetings or some other log with department heads or other grant managers identified and reconciling monthly.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions:

The County plans to include Grant Administrator to the job description of the Finance Director (County Accountant). As Grant Administrator the job description should require the Finance Director to process final steps on all grant applications, such as signature authority, authorization for county matching funds, etc. Grant Administrator should also require all departments to send a copy of grant awards to the Finance Office for administrative oversight.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

FINDING 2016-002 - Matching (Material Weakness in Internal Control and Instance of Material Noncompliance)

CFDA Number	Federal Agency/Pass-through Entity - Program Name	Award Number	Award year	Questioned Costs FYE 2016
20.106	Department of Transportation – Airport Improvement Program	3.41-00008-014- <i>2015</i>	7/1/15- 6/30/16	\$67,882

Criteria: The grant agreement requires the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) to pay 90% of the allowable costs incurred accomplishing the project. The County is responsible for 10% matching of the cost.

Condition: The County requested 100% of the allowable cost to be reimbursed by the FAA.

Context: The entire grant received during the 2016 fiscal year of \$678,820 was tested for matching. Only 90% of the allowable costs should have been requested from the FAA in the amount of \$610,938.

Effect:

The County was over paid by \$67,882, which is 10% of the allowable project costs and not allowed under the grant agreement.

Cause: The County lacked the knowledge of the requirement.

Recommendation: Checks and balances should be in place for any numeric calculations or thresholds used in the determination of the draw down for this program to ensure the correct amount is requested less the 10% matching requirement.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: Action is currently underway to correct the overpaid claim amounts with the FAA grant. An under-trained employee was left in charge of the grant when a supervisor left and was not replaced. In the future, the Grant Administrator detailed in the corrective action for Finding 2016-001 should reduce the chance of another occurrence like this.

FINDING 2016-003 - Reporting (Material Weakness in Internal Control and Instance of Material Noncompliance)

CFDA Number	Federal Agency/Pass-through Entity - Program Name	Award Number	Award year	Questioned Costs FYE 2016
20.106	Department of Transportation – Airport Improvement Program	3.41-00008-014- <i>2015</i>	7/1/15- 6/30/16	\$ -

Criteria: The program requires the County to file annually SF-271 Outlay Report and Request for Reimbursement for Construction Programs and SF-425 Federal Financial Report within 90 days after the federal fiscal year end.

Condition: The County is unable to locate these forms and can't verify if they were filed.

Context: All required reports for the program, SF-271 and SF-425, can't be located and it is unknown if they were filed.

Effect: The County may have not complied with the requirement to file the forms SF-271 and SF-425.

Cause: The County lacked the knowledge of the requirement.

Recommendation: The County should ensure that all required reports are filed timely.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: Action is currently underway to determine if the reports were filed. An under-trained employee was left in charge of the grant when a supervisor left and was not replaced. In the future, the Grant Administrator detailed in the corrective action for Finding 2016-003 should reduce the chance of another occurrence like this.

FINDING 2016-004 - Reporting - Significant Deficiency

Criteria: Section 2 CFR 200.512 of the Uniform Guidance outlines the frequency required for audits. The Uniform Guidance states that audits shall be performed annually, when the federal award recipient meets the audit requirement of the Uniform Guidance. Section 2 CFR 200.512(a) also outlines the requirement that the audit shall be completed and submitted within the earlier of 30days after receipts of the auditor's report, or nine months after the year end of the audit period.

Condition: In 2016, the County did not submit a program-specific single audit in a timely manner to be in compliance with the audit requirement under the Uniform Guidance. The 2016 audit report was due on March 31, 2017, and has not been filed as of the date of this report.

Questioned costs: None Noted.

Context: The County did not meet their reporting deadline for March 31, 2017.

Effect: Audit was no performed and submitted in a timely manner. The County has not met the reporting requirements under the Uniform Guidance.

Cause: The County lacked the knowledge of the requirement.

Recommendation: We recommend that the County obtain a program-specific single audit for each year that is meets the audit requirement of the Uniform Guidance.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: There was a change in the Finance Office administration. Financial statement preparation was started late and had several delays during the process. The program-specific singe audit will be submitted in a timely manner for 2017.

CURRY COUNTY, OREGON CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING 2016-001 – Significant deficiency in internal Controls over Accounts Receivable, repeated

Name of contact person responsible for correction action: Louise Kallstrom, County Accountant

Corrective action planned: We concur with the auditors findings and will implement the recommended procedure in 2017. The County plans to include Grant Administrator to the job description of the Finance Director (County Accountant). As Grant Administrator the job description should require the Finance Director to process final steps on all grant applications, such as signature authority, authorization for county matching funds, etc. Grant Administrator should also require all departments to send a copy of grant awards to the Finance Office for administrative oversight.

Anticipated date of corrective action: July 1, 2017

FEDERAL AWARD FINDING 2016-002 - Matching - Material weakness in internal control and instance of material noncompliance

Name of contact person responsible for correction action: Louise Kallstrom, County Accountant

Corrective action planned: We concur with the auditors findings and will implement the recommended procedure in 2017. Action is currently underway to correct the overpaid claim amounts with the FAA grant. In the future, the Grant Administrator detailed in the corrective action for Finding 2016-001 should reduce the chance of another occurrence like this.

Anticipated date of corrective action: July 1, 2017

 $FEDERAL\ AWARD\ FINDING\ 2016-003\ -\ Reporting\ -\ Material\ weakness\ in\ internal\ control\ and\ instance\ of\ material\ noncompliance$

Name of contact person responsible for correction action: Louise Kallstrom, County Accountant

Corrective action planned: We concur with the auditors findings and will implement the recommended procedure in 2017. Action is currently underway to determine if the reports were filed. An under-trained employee was left in charge of the grant when a supervisor left and was not replaced. In the future, the Grant Administrator detailed in the corrective action for Finding 2016-003 should reduce the chance of another occurrence like this.

Anticipated date of corrective action: July 1, 2017

FEDERAL AWARD FINDING 2016-004 - Reporting - Significant deficiency

Name of contact person responsible for correction action: Louise Kallstrom, County Accountant

Corrective action planned: We concur with the auditors findings and will implement the recommended procedure in 2017. There was a change in the Finance Office administration. Financial statement preparation was started late and had several delays during the process. The program-specific singe audit will be submitted in a timely manner for 2017.

Anticipated date of corrective action: July 1, 2017

CURRY COUNTY, OREGON SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Finding: 2015-001 Significant deficiency in internal Controls over Accounts Receivable

Status: There was a change in the finance office administration and the prior year corrective action was not implemented. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the Finance Director will process final steps on all grant applications, such as signature authority, authorization for county matching funds, etc. Grant Administrator/Finance Director will also require all departments to send a copy of grant awards to the finance office for administrative oversight which includes revenue recognition and accrual of accounts receivable.

CURRY COUNTY PUBLIC TRANSIT SERVICE DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of Curry County, Oregon)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CURRY COUNTY PUBLIC TRANSIT SERVICE DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of Curry County, Oregon)

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS	TERM EXPIRES
Thomas Huxley, Chair	December 31, 2018
Susan Brown, Vice Chair	December 31, 2016
David Brock Smith, Commissioner	December 31, 2016

All commissioners receive their mail at the address listed below

Registered Agent

John Huttl, Curry County Counsel

Curry County P.O. Box 746 Gold Beach, OR 97444

CURRY COUNTY PUBLIC TRANSIT SERVICE DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of Curry County, Oregon)

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Board of Commissioners Curry County Public Transit Service District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the budgetary comparison of the Curry County Public Transit Service District (the District), a component unit of Curry County, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.





Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of governmental activities and the major fund of the District as of as of June 30, 2016, and respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison statement for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated June 1, 2017 on our consideration of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Medford, Oregon

Imanda McCleany-moore

June 1, 2017



Management's Discussion and Analysis

We offer readers of the Curry County Public Transit Service District's ("District") financial statements the following narrative and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the financial statements, which begin on page 8.

Financial Highlights

- The District's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$416,267 (*net position*). Of this amount \$412,748 is the net investment in capital assets which are restricted to public transit uses and \$3,519 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- The District's total net position increased by \$361,245.
- At the close of the year, the District reported an ending fund balance of \$3,519. The ending fund balance is available for spending at the District's discretion (*committed fund balance*).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. Under the reporting model the basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's annual financial statements in a manner similar to private-sector business reporting.

The *statement of net position* a component of the government-wide financial statements, presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets.

The *statement of activities* presents revenue and expense information showing how the District's net *position* changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net *position* are reported on the accrual basis, as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that may result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

The governmental activities of the District include a single function of providing funding for transit operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts (revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities) that is used to control resources that have been segregated for specific activities. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has only one governmental fund, the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental* activities in the *government-wide* financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at fiscal year-end. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund.

The District adopts an annual appropriation budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided (page 12) to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14 to 18.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The District's assets are comprised of cash, accounts receivable and capital assets. These assets represent .83%, 16.44% and 82.73% of total assets, respectively.

	20	015-2016	2	014-2015	20	013-2014
ASSETS						
Current Assets	\$	86,176	\$	95,159	\$	106,829
Capital Assets, Net		412,748		48,717		87,708
Total Assets	\$	498,924	\$	143,876	\$	194,537
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities	\$	82,657	\$	88,854	\$	99,419
Total Liabilities	\$	82,657	\$	88,854	\$	99,419
NET ASSETS						
Net Investment in Capital Assets,	\$	412,748	\$	48,717	\$	87,708
Unrestricted		3,519		6,305		7,410
	\$	416,267	\$	55,022	\$	95,118

The District's net capital assets increased by \$361,245, which is attributable to the current year's investment in capital assets. Of the District's *Net Investment in Capital Assets*, \$412,748 is restricted for use conforming to ODOT Public Transit Grants. Committed net position may be used to meet the district's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

	2015-2016	2014-2015	2013-2014
REVENUES			
General Revenues			
Operating Grants	\$ 769,200	\$ 386,193	\$ 392,383
Miscellaneous	\$ 42,711	\$ 56,088	\$ -
Gain on Sale of Assets	682	2,421	_
Total Revenues	\$ 812,593	\$ 444,702	\$ 392,383
EXPENSES			
Pubilc Transportation	\$ 451,348	\$ 484,798	\$ 449,151
Total Expenses	\$ 451,348	\$ 484,798	\$ 449,151
Change in Net Position	\$ 361,245	\$ (40,096)	\$ (56,768)
Beginning Net Position	55,022	95,118	151,886
	\$ 416,267	\$ 55,022	\$ 95,118

The District's revenues increased by \$367,891 from the prior fiscal year. The increase is mostly due to an increase in Grants to purchase capital assets. Expenses decreased by \$33,450 which is attributable mostly to purchasing capital assets.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental fund reported an ending committed fund balance of \$3,519 which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

Budgetary Highlights

The District had a supplemental budget of \$117,000 for a grant to purchase capital assets.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, amounts to \$412,768. The investment in capital assets consists of transit vehicles. Depreciation expense amounted to \$32,175 for the current fiscal year and no capital addition.

Long-term Debt

There is no long-term debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Curry County unemployment rates have been dropping steadily since July 2013 when the unemployment rate was at 10.1%. In December 2016 Curry County's unemployment rate was at 6.7%. Oregon statewide unemployment rate is generally more than 3 percent lower than Curry County.

Portland Oregon CPI showed a 2.6% annual increase for the 12 months ending June 2016.

The Public Transit District is very dependent on state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives.

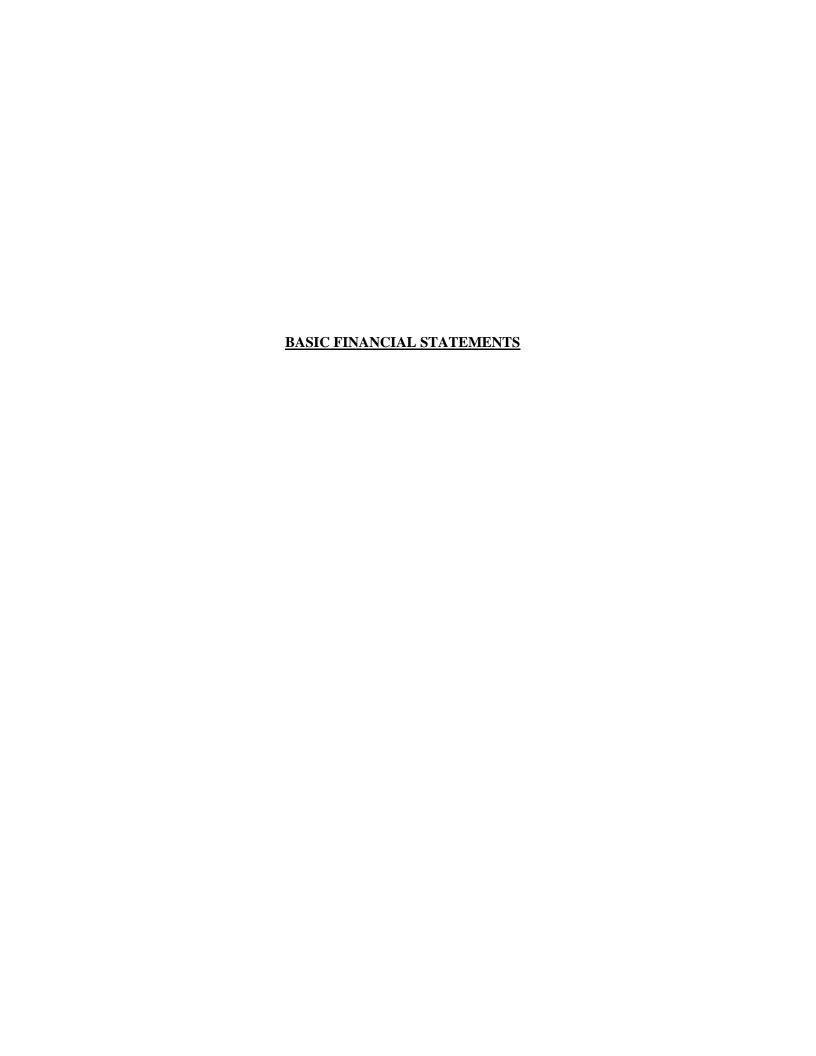
Management believes that the total amount of liability, if any, which may arise from claims and lawsuits pending against the District beyond insurance coverage would not have a material effect on the financial statements.

These factors were considered in preparing the Curry County Public Transit District budget for the fiscal year 2016-2017.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, customers, investors, creditors and others with an interest in the District, a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Curry County Clerk 94235 Moore Street, Suite 212 Gold Beach, OR 97444



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,149
Accounts Receivable Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	82,027 412,748
Total Assets	498,924
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable	82,657
Total Liabilities	82,657
NET POSITION:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	412,748
Unrestricted	3,519
Total Net Position	\$ 416,267

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		PROGRA	AM REVENUES		
FUNCTIONS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	REVE CHAN	EXPENSE) ENUE AND GES IN NET SSETS
Public Transportation	\$ 451,348	\$ -	\$ 769,200	\$	317,852
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 451,348	\$ -	\$ 769,200	_	317,852
	General Revenu Investment Ea Miscellaneou Gain/(Loss) o	arnings	Assets		129 42,582 682
	Total General	Revenues			43,393
	Changes in N	et Position			361,245
	Net Position -	- Beginning			55,022
	Net Position -	- Ending		\$	416,267

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30, 2016

	ENERAL FUND
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,149
Accounts Receivable	 82,027
Total Assets	\$ 86,176
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:	
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 82,657
Total Liabilities	 82,657
Fund Balances:	
Committed	3,519
Committee	 3,517
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 86,176

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Fund

\$ 3,519

The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in the governmental fund. The Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets \$ 869,698 (456,950)

412,748

Net Position \$\\ 416,267

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET -

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Intergovernmental Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 978,794 - 69,000	\$ 978,794 - 69,000	\$ 769,200 129 42,582	\$ (209,594) 129 (26,418)
Total Revenues	1,047,794	1,047,794	811,911	(235,883)
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and Services Capital Outlay	451,475 606,060	, ,	1) 419,173 1) 396,206	32,302 209,854
Total Expenditures	1,057,535	1,057,535	815,379	242,156
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(9,741)	(9,741)	(3,468)	6,273
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets	3,500	3,500	682	(2,818)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,241)	(6,241)	(2,786)	3,455
Beginning Fund Balance	6,241	6,241	6,305	64
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,519	\$ 3,519

(1) Appropriation Level

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Total Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$ (2,786)
Capital asset additions are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in of Activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital assets additions exceeds dep	usef	ful lives as	
Capital Asset Additions (reduction to expenditures) Depreciation Expense	\$	396,206 (32,175)	364,031
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 361,245

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the accounting policies are described below.

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Curry County Public Transit District (the District) was formed pursuant to ORS chapter 451 in 2006 for the purpose of providing regular, safe, reliable, and affordable transportation for senior citizens, persons with disabilities, and the general public of Curry County.

The financial transactions are limited to the receipting of grant revenues and payment of contracted services to a not for profit organization.

The financial statements include all activities and organizations with which the District exercises authoritative appointment of governing authority or where financial dependency on the District exists. There are no potential component units as determined under general accepted accounting principles. The District is considered a component unit of Curry County, Oregon, because the County Commissioners are the Board of Directors of the District and there is no financial benefit or burden to the County. As such the District is included in the basic financial statements of Curry County, Oregon, for the year ended June 30, 2016. The reports can be viewed at the County Clerk's office, County Courthouse, 29821 Ellensburg Ave., Gold Beach, OR 97444 or on the County website at http://www.co.curry.or.us/Departments/Finance.

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

The government-wide statements report information irrespective of fund activity, and the fund financial statements report information using the funds. There are only "governmental activities" and one "program" as defined in the Statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounts are organized and operated on the basis of fund accounting. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum numbers of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers grant revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accounting.

Interest and other revenue associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

C. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION

1. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represents payments that the District made on behalf of Curry County Public Transit District, Inc., a not-for-profit entity which subcontracts projects for the District.

2. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include transit vehicles, are reported in the applicable statement of net position column in the government wide financial statements. All assets with an expected useful life of three years or more and that meet the capitalization threshold specified for the asset classification shall be capitalized. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Category	Threshold	Useful Life
Machinery & Equipment	\$7,000	3-7 years
Vehicles (all licensed)	\$10,000	3-5 years

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over a period of 3-7 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is pooled with Curry County. Please refer to the County's basic financial statements, issued under separate cover, for additional information pertaining to the nature and collateralization of the County's cash and investments.

4. Fund Equity

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions, is followed. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- <u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid items.
- <u>Restricted fund balance</u> represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution, which is the districts highest level of decision making authority.
- <u>Assigned fund balance</u> represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. Authority to classify ending fund balances as Assigned was delegated to the Liaison Commissioner, the department head or the County Accountant.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

There were no nonspendable, restricted, assigned, or unassigned fund balances at June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. BUDGET

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting in the main program categories required by the Oregon Local Budget Law. The budget process begins early in each fiscal year with the establishment of the budget committee. Recommendations are developed through late winter with the budget committee approving the budget in early spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are published generally in early spring with a public hearing being held approximately three weeks later. The board may amend the budget prior to adoption; however, budgeted expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than ten percent. The budget is adopted and appropriations are made no later than June 30th.

The expenditures budget is appropriated for materials and services and capital outlay.

Expenditures cannot legally exceed the above appropriations levels. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Supplemental appropriations may occur if the Board approves them due to a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements reflect the original appropriations. Expenditures were within authorized appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2016.

F. CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	 2015	 Additions		Retirement		Iditions Retirement 2016		2016
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Vehicles	\$ 564,848	\$ 396,206	\$	(91,356)	\$	869,698		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Vehicles	 516,131	32,175		(91,356)		456,950		
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 48,717	\$ 364,031	\$		\$	412,748		

Of the District's capital assets, \$412,748 represents the depreciated cost of busses to which the Oregon Department of Transportation is a lienholder and is restricted for use conforming to ODOT Public Transit Grants.

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

Materials & Services Expense	\$ 32,175
Total depreciation for governmental activities	\$ 32,175

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. RISK MANAGEMENT

There is exposure to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. Commercial insurance is purchased to minimize exposure to these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

3. RELATED PARTY

The Curry County Public Transit Service District entered into a cooperative agreement with Curry Public Transit, Inc. (CPTI). Curry Public Transit, Inc. is a non-profit corporation formed on March 6, 2006 for the purpose of providing public transit services in Curry County. CPTI is responsible for maintaining a level of transit services (routes, scheduling, and charters) as prescribed by the District. CPTI is responsible for the daily operations of the transit system including staffing, maintenance of vehicles, and financial management (payment of bills, receipt of revenue, preparation of financial statements, etc.). The District provides oversight on CPTI's performance and compliance with the level of service set by the District. The Cooperative Agreement between Curry County Public Transit Service District (District), Curry County (County), and Curry Public Transit, Inc. (CPTI) describes the duties and responsibilities of the respective parties. Curry County provides daily operational support services for the District including administrative, legal, treasury, accounting and audit support without receiving compensation from the District. The District Governing Body costs are also supported by the County. The District is allowed \$2,000 per year from the ODOT STF grant to help pay for the annual audit. ODOT considers the County and the District as the same entity and all transit grant funds received by the County are passed through to the District to CPTI.

4. COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES

There is participation in a number of state assisted grant and contract programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives.

Management believes that the total amount of liability, if any, which may arise from claims and lawsuits pending against the District beyond insurance coverage would not have a material effect on the financial statements.



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OREGON MINIMUM AUDIT STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Curry County Public Transit Service District

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Curry County Public Transit Service District (the District), a component unit of Curry County, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and have issued our report thereon dated June 1, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules OAR 162-10-000 to 162-10-330, as set forth below, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts:

- The use of approved depositories to secure the deposit of public funds.
- The requirements relating to the preparation, adoption and execution of the annual budgets for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.
- The requirements relating to insurance and fidelity bond coverage.
- The appropriate laws, rules and regulations pertaining to programs funded wholly or partially by other governmental agencies.
- The statutory requirements pertaining to the investment of public funds.
- The requirements pertaining to the awarding of public contracts and the construction of public improvements.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our test disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State.





Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Partner for Moss Adams LLP

Imanda McCleary-moore

Medford, Oregon

June 1, 2017





CURRY COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

MINUTES – GENERAL MEETING Wednesday, April 5, 2017 –10:00 A.M. Commissioners' Hearing Room, Courthouse Annex 94235 Moore St., Gold Beach, Oregon 97444

Commissioners Present: Chair Thomas Huxley, Vice-Chair Sue Gold, Commissioner Court Boice **Support Staff Present**: County Counsel, John Huttl; On Call Clerk, John T. Jezuit; County Accountant, Louise Kallstrom

1. CALL TO ORDER & 1001 PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Chair Huxley opened the meeting at 10:01AM. After the Pledge of Allegiance, **Chair Huxley** asked for public speaker slips. There were 8.

2. AGENDA AMENDMENTS

- Move Agenda items 2A Order Amending County Counsel Working Out of Class Pay and 2B Contract for Prisoner Transport Services with Cal-Ore moved to the Consent Calendar.
- Motion by Vice Chair Gold to move Agenda item 12A 2015 Juvenile Recidivism Report to after Public Comments. Second by Chair Huxley. Vote Chair Huxley Aye; Vice Chair Gold; Aye Commissioner Boice Nay.
- Regarding Agenda items **10A** BOC Budget Direction & **10B** County Consumption Tax Advisory Committee C.T.A.C., reverse the order so that 10A is 10B and **10B** is **10A**.

3. APPROVAL OF AGENDA

- Commissioner Boice asked to continue or postpone Agenda item 7A Adoption of Rules of Conduct for Board Meetings to another time and exchange Agenda item 7A for rules of conduct for Commission members.
 - o **Chair Huxley** asked why?
 - o **Commissioner Boice** responded problem is secret meeting.
 - o **Motion** by **Commissioner Boice** to change **7A** to rules of conduct for Commission members. No second. Motion dies.
- County Counsel Huttl asked Commissioner Boice is amending Agenda item 7A? C
 - o Commissioner Boice responded can be separate or a discussion.
 - o County Counsel Huttl advised keep items separate.
 - o Chair Huxley asked if agenda item 7C is to be added.
 - o Commissioner Boice replied conduct in organizing scheduling conducting secret meetings.
 - Motion by Vice Chair Gold second by Commissioner Boice to add Agenda item 7C Secret Meeting Motion carried Agenda item 7C added.
- Commissioner Boice asked to move Agenda item 6F Order Appointing J. Brazil and D. St. Marie to the Curry County Planning Commission out of the Consent Calendar.
 - o Both **Chair Huxley** and **Vice Chair Gold** stated Agenda item 6F will remain in the Consent Calendar.

• Motion by Commissioner Boice to approve the Agenda. Second by Vice Chair Gold. Motion carried unanimously.

4. ANNOUNCEMENTS - None

5. PUBLIC COMMENTS

- Chair Huxley stated there are 8 speaker slips and asked if any of the speakers who are not commenting on an agenda item would like to do now? Also, would the speakers like to comment before or after the agenda item.
 - Speaker 8, Assessor Jim Kolen chose to wait until discussion of Agenda item 10B BOC Budget Direction.
 - o Citizen **David Barnes** wanted to speak now.
- Chair Huxley invited Mr Barnes to the podium.
 - o **Mr Barnes** spoke about salmon, specifically, Washington DC is about to cut all money going into salmon reproduction & education on west coast. Salmon is important to the local economy and tourism. Will BOC consider writing a letter to Washington DC to say it's a bad idea to do this?
 - o Vice Chair Gold suggested we talk to the Ports, too, about this issue.
 - o Commissioner Boice agrees with Vice Chair Gold.
 - o Chair Huxley asked if Commissioner Boice would like to take the lead.
 - o Commissioner Boice agreed.
- Chair Huxley asked Juvenile/Parks Director Jay Trost to present Agenda item 12A 2015 Juvenile Recidivism Report. Director Trost -
 - o Reported Oregon's overall recidivism rate is 27.2% Curry County's rate's is 85.4%, which is the 4 lowest in the State. Also 85.4% is the lowest rate in the State when compared to counties with 15 or more referrals.
 - Credits Curry County's success in this area to prevention and the staff, led by Karli Wright,
 School Resource Counselor, which promotes and fosters a prevention culture. This results in
 a boots on the ground approach which is doing good work in schools and communities.

6. CONSENT CALENDAR

- A. Order Appointing K. Bunten to the Curry County Compensation Board
- B. 2016-17 Budget Appropriations Transfer
- C. Amended agreement with ODOT
- D. Personnel add Fly-U-Home Program to AirMedCare Agreement
- E. Personnel Actions done by Appointing Authorities (Sheriff's Dept)
- F. Order Appointing J. Brazil and D. St. Marie to the Curry County Planning Commission
- G. Amendment to IGA for Southwest Seven (SW7) Consortium
- H. 2A added -- Order Amending County Counsel Working Out of Class Pay

Motion by Vice Chair Gold, second by Commissioner Boice to approve the Consent Calendar. Motion carried unanimously.

7. ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS/APPOINTMENTS

- A. Adoption of Rules of Conduct for Board
 - **Chair Huxley** stated there are 3 public comment speaker slips and asked if the speakers would like to comment before or after the Board discussion?

- **Mr Barnes** approached the podium and asked what is the impetus or mechanism the Board can be to ask for removal or censure? 1 or 2 commissioners?
 - o County Counsel Huttl responded the
 - o Chair is empowered by Ordinance from year 2000 to govern the code and discipline.
 - o Existing Order gives all power to the Chair.
 - o New order gives power to the Board of Commissioners.
- Assessor Kolen stated he will speak after the discussion.
- Chair Huxley asked County Counsel to open discussion on Agenda item 7A.
- County Counsel Huttl reviewed the rules.
 - Old rules were put there before board experienced disruptive conduct. Rules were taken from around the State and country.
 - o The main changes were to Meeting management to 2.5 hours meeting time, listen to citizens, and why not take speakers at Workshop.
 - o The new rule clarifies these old rules by requiring actual disruption in a meeting.
 - O There is case law of an incident where the one Board member was disrupting the Chair, was removed from the meeting, and the Court ruled the Board member was interfering with the Board's business.
- Commissioner Boice opposes these rules because
 - o We already have rules in place,
 - o We're telling people their testimony is not important, the County needs to pull together. Amazed at the amount of time spent on this.
 - o Josephine County is closing their jail.
 - o The Board has work to do.
- Commissioner Gold believes the BOC meetings need rules as we are not children but sometimes act like children. As long as we have rules in place, Board can act accordingly.
- Chair Huxley opened the meeting to public comment.
- Assessor Kolen stated
 - People have joked with him calling these the Kolen rules of conduct or Huxley rules of comments
 - o Did not realize calling Chair by 1st name hurting Chair's feelings. Asked what's your preference?
 - o The County Clerk asked for the courtesy of the Chair looking at her while she was speaking.
 - o This order legislates respect for the Chair. Chair needs to earn respect.
 - o Has seen Vice Chair Gold in action at meeting.
 - o Had requested (Jan, 2017) the Board refrain electing **Commissioner Huxley** as Chair.
 - o Recommends BOC replace **Chair Huxley** with **Vice Chair Gold**. BOC needs an effective chair. Thinks not allowing change in BOC Chair does a disservice to public.
 - o Trying to legislate these rules is hypocritical compared to when Chair Huxley, as a citizen, attended BOC meeting. This set of rules is hypocritical.
 - o Best thing BOC can do is replace Chair Huxley as BOC Chair.
 - o Feels Speaker Slips take away people's option to participate. Feels speakers should be allowed at the workshops, too.

Motion by Vice Chair Gold, second by Chair Huxley to approve the Rules of Conduct for Board. Chair Huxley called for vote. Chair Huxley Aye. Vice Chair Gold Aye. Commissioner Boice Nay. Motion carried.

- **B**. Order Rescinding Order 20322 (Temporary Pay Increase)
 - Chair Huxley asked if the speaker would like to comment before or after the Board discussion.

- o Senior Accounting Clerk, **Cena Crook**, approached the podium. Ms Crook stated Working out of class until February, 2017 as there is a learning curve. Pieces completed in Feb. Gave give a brief down of work load.
 - Assisted w/research.
 - Loaded budgets January, 2017. Still doing 15-16 Fiscal Year in January, 2017
 - Creating IT Dept claim.
 - In Feb was extensively involved with Port Orford bank reconciliation and CCH reconciliation as no one knew CCH contract was out there
 - Gave financial status sent to auditors
 - Explanation is not to discredit County Accountant. There was a huge, huge volume of info.
 - Payroll and Personnel Coordinator, Julie Swift, helped, too. Suggested changing temporary pay increase from November 30, 2016 to January 31, 2017, as County Account Kallstrom had evaluation in Jan.

• Chair Huxley

- o Asked County Accountant Louise Kallstrom for any comments? Agree with Order?
- o County Council Huttl have any comments?
- o County Account Kallstrom stated.
 - Talked to Senior Accounting Clerk, Cena Crook and Payroll and Personnel Coordinator, Julie Swift, and they have a point.
 - Recommends BOC seriously considers Senior Accounting Clerk, Cena Crook recommendation
- o County Counsel Huttl stated
 - Some of this occurred before **County Accountant Kallstrom** was brought on.
 - He got exasperated with the process and told the State to forget it. County Accountant Kallstrom got back and things started happening again.
 - Senior Accounting Clerk, Cena Crook not involved in any of CCH unless it involves a payment.
 - County Account Kallstrom not aware of temporary pay increase Order.

• Commissioner Boice stated

- o You have been here 8 months.
- o Legal Secretary, Brenda Starbird and Julie give this building credibility.
- o We promised overtime. Now we are going back to November 30, 2016, and asking for retroactive payment.
- o Appreciate their efforts.
- Commissioner Gold stated Looking at \$748 a month for both combined, about \$2100.
- **Motion: Chair Huxley** moved to change termination date from November 30, 2016 to February 28, 2017. Second by **Vice Chair Gold. Motion** carried unanimously

C. Secret Meetings

- **Commissioner Boice** Asked if **Commissioner Gold** knew about the meeting on Tuesday, April 4, 2017, in the Blue Room? Were you a little concerned about not being invited? Bothered by it?
- Commissioner Gold replied no.
- **Commissioner Boice** stated Walked in on the meeting and was quite surprised.
 - o Budget info before given to pub.

- Read law. Issue not if any decisions were made of. Issue is to have a meeting where he is not notified.
- o This is not open government, not accountable.
- o He's trying to bring BOC together It's not happening.
- o He looks for opportunities to meet with **Carl King & Tom Brand**.
- o We see it happen nationally. Can give **Chair Huxley** an opportunity here. Wants to learn.
- o Chair Huxley you put King & Brand in a bad position.
- He has grave concern about this.
- o Neither he nor Vice Chair Gold knew about the meeting which makes it a secret meeting
- Chair Huxley asked County Counsel if he had any comments
- County Counsel asked Commissioner Boice, "Do you have statutory reference?"
- Commissioner Boice replied he
 - o Will provide it.
 - o Does not want to walk in on a meeting. It's wrong.
- Chair Huxley stated
 - o He suggested **Commissioner Boice** talked to **County counsel** about this.
 - o **Commissioner Boice** has a clear lack of understanding of public meeting laws.
 - o The meeting was to listen to separate presentations.
 - o Given calendar presented by County Accountant, Curry County on a very tight schedule. Very tight.
 - It was prudent on my part to contact less than a majority to further discuss their presentations.
 Roadmaster Doug Robbins was asked to participate. Also asked 2 of the budget committee lay members.
 - One meeting was at 9A on Monday, April 3. There's a lot that has to be presented to the **County Accountant** this morning.
 - o It was prudent in H's opinion to better prepare for a meeting to give direction to acct.
 - o Commissioner Boice have you gone through the minutes?
- Chair Huxley used gavel 4 times to restore order.
- Chair Huxley continued
 - On March 8, the budget committee and Citizens Budget Advisory Committee (CBAC) met. Topic 2 was motioned to have quorum of 4. Quorum is majority of public body. CBAC moved to change number from 5 to 4.
 - o He encourages **Commissioner Boice** to read public meeting laws. CBAC meeting minutes very well done.
 - o Initially unable to locate CBAC minutes on website.
- Commissioner Boice stated
 - Chair Huxley took opportunity away from him and Vice Chair Gold to meet with County Counsel.
 - o Questioned if **Chair Huxley** was prejudiced against north County member (Scaffo)?
 - o Appalled he was not included in meeting.
 - o Will stand firm on what happened yesterday, 4/4.. Inexcusable. Improper.
 - o It takes us away from our work. Asking for better focus.
- Vice Chair Gold No further comments.
- **County Counsel** asked **Commissioner Boice** for what authority he is citing?
- Commissioner Boice stated
 - He will do research.

o Asked if anyone else on the Board was offended? There were no comments.

Chair Huxley asked if a break (for lunch) was in order.

Commissioner Gold suggested Agenda Item 10B County Consumption Tax Advisory Committee C.T.A.C. be covered now as Agenda Item 10A BOC Budget Direction will take some time.

Chair Huxley Recess meeting for lunch. Be back at 1:15P

10. NEW BUSINESS

A. County Consumption Tax Advisory Committee C.T.A.C.

• Vice Chair Gold

- o Stated CTAC has been discussed over the years.
- o Previous Boards have done work on this over the years.
- o Believes research would be in order.
- o Spent time with former Commissioner Waddle & Rhodes. Also Brookings City Manager, Gary Milliman. They have offered their time & expertise.
- o Property tax levy would have a difficult time.

• Commissioner Boice

- o Stated 40% from tourism. People come from all over the world. They love the Curry Coast. Look at this as possible option.
- o Assign BOC to support CTAC.
- o Report back early summer, 2017. Complete by August. On Ballot in November, 2017, for 18-19 FY budget
- Vice Chair Gold The people I have talked to adamantly against any taxes.

• Commissioner Boice stated

- o We are in serious trouble. Look at print out of Josephine County closing its jail.
- o In Coos County, 4 or 5 houses broken into. Coos is having 4 car thefts a night.
- o Irresponsible not to recognize this.
- o North Curry do everything we can to help all law enforcement.
- o Del Norte County, CA & Coos County lawbreakers are coming over the border.
- o Not in favor of considering Property tax levy.
- o Per the plan, developed in 2012, could generate \$4M or \$5M in revenue for the County.
- Vice Chair Gold -- I'm not totally against a committee.
- Commissioner Boice needs your help Vice Chair Gold. I implore you.

• Chair Huxley

- o Agrees with Vice Chair Gold.
- o Commissioner Boice references this report. Can you provide us with the report?
- o Requesting ordinance creating CTAC. It's not an ordinance, a resolution.
- o There have been six, seven, eight, or nine6, 7, 8, or 9 failed tax levies.
- Did go thru commissioner journals. Six since 2007. These were county tax measures. In all of these BOC referred it to voters. The citizens have been trying to send a message to County by voting No to all of these measures.
- o These came up in budget committee meetings. Better to engage the people.
- o A suggestion by **Tom Brand** why not consider the initiative process? Citizens have power to direct county to put on ballot. Much better & credible. Been done in the past. Come before board w/1100 signatures. Suggests this in future for any kind of tax measure.

- o Now is not the time to do this.
- Commissioner Boice
- o Need addition revenue per budget committees.
- o This is a very sound proposal. We need your help on this.
- **Chair Huxley** Do you want to make a motion?

Motion by **Commissioner Boice** for the Board of Commissioners to adopt a resolution to form a Consumption Tax Advisory Committee for the November, 2017 general election. No second. Motion dies.

- B. Board of Commissioner (BOC) Budget Direction
 - Chair Huxley stated there Are 4 open public speaking cards and asked County Accountant Kallstrom to begin the discussion.
 - Vice Chair Gold suggested County Accountant Kallstrom go through the eight recommendations one at a time.
 - County Accountant Kallstrom approached the podium and asked if there were any public comments now?
 - Carl King stated
 - o He has attended 4 years of budget committee hearing, BOC meetings and when CBAC was formed, attended their hearings.
 - o What happens here will restrict what happens in May, 2017.
 - o His 2 top priorities
 - Build a budget no Road Fund revenue and
 - Provide reasonable and adequate law enforcement.
 - Thomas Brand spoke next and stated
 - o He's been on the budget committee since 2007.
 - o Create 1 line item for a professional manager.
 - o Budget has if County has fully paid commissioners.
 - o Supports Carl King.
 - o Concerned about spending our reserves especially if something unanticipated happens.
 - o To get voters to understand
 - o Present the voters with idea of reality.
 - o Present voters with what they're paying for a bare bones budget.
 - o Do it for a couple of years
 - **Bryan Grammon** spoke next.
 - o Has spent his life turning companies around.
 - o County needs turn around.
 - We have a situation with not enough monies to pay for things we need.
 - o Has looked at it again -- sales tax is fairest thing to do. Charging a sales tax, especially concentrated on tourist area is tax best way to do it

County Accountant Kallstrom started with Recommendation 1

Various Departments: Decrease Revenue {\$8,082}

Move Grants from General Fund to Restricted Fund. Some grants had revenue budget lines without corresponding expenditure budget lines.

• County Accountant Kallstrom

- o Unusual for restricted funds to be in general funds. Have restricted grant funds set up in a fund
- o This grant is to build the wild life fence at Brookings Airport.
- Chair Huxley

- o Trying to get grants under control so that someone in the County knows what's going on.
- o The reason it's so critical for accountability for grants. Funds FY17-18 \$30 \$60K for matching funds. Needs to be budgeted.

County Accountant Kallstrom

- o Doing that with 2 funds. 2 grant funds -- Federal funds and other funds. Both restricted grants.
- o Some grants had rev budget but not expenditure budgeted. Therefore impact to general is \$8082

Chair Huxley called for discussion on Recommendation 2

Move certain department budgets to restricted funds. The revenues for these funds are very restricted to certain activities and if they are in the General Fund any carryover balance would be absorbed into the General Fund carryover. Restricted carryover balances are not allowed in General Funds. The Department Heads in charge of these activities will budget in the restricted fund with a zero based budget (no transfers from the General Fund).

Also need to eliminate budgets for discontinued RSVP and SHIBA programs.

Sheriff:	Decrease	Expenditure	\$47,884
Move Search & Rescue, Marine Patrol,			
Forest Patrol and Adult Parole and			
Probation to restricted funds. Funds have)		
restricted revenues that cannot be carried			
over into General Funds.			
RSVP & SHIBA:	Decrease E	Expenditure	\$18,116
Programs not continued into 2017-2018 budget year			

- **Vice Chair Gold** No questions
- Chair Huxley There is some grant extensions.
- County Accountant Kallstrom Airport construction went over

Chair Huxley called for discussion on Recommendation 3

Use approximately half of the unanticipated carryover from 2015-2016. Budgeted carryover to 2016-2017 was \$1,647,808 and the Actual carryover is \$2,265,167. I recommend to budget \$450,000 of the \$977,359 increased carryover. The amount of unanticipated carryover has been fairly consistent over the past few years and should be at least the amount in Contingencies and budget lines for unexpected Capital Projects.

Non-Departmental: Increase Revenue \$450,000 2015-2016 Carryover in General Fund was \$977,000 more than the budgeted amount

- Vice Chair Gold No comments at this time.
- Commissioner Boice Quick clarification, \$2.265M should be \$2.625M \$450K. We will have another carry over.
- Chair Huxley Recommends to not budget any of the road funds (\$977K) for this budget process and carry over to next year.
- County Accountant Kallstrom If done, need to find another \$460k in revenue.
- **Chair Huxley**
 - o Find over next few weeks.
 - o Do we have consensus to have acct look at not including \$450k.
- Vice Chair Gold What is your reasoning

- Chair Huxley We need to stop.
- Vice Chair Gold Saying keep money for emergency funds?
- Chair Huxley Yes. Where can we make these savings
- Commissioner Boice
 - o Rule out road funds, this changes everything.
 - o Looks like we want to call the bank.
 - o What's going to be left for services?
 - o What good will it do us?
- Chair Huxley Take that as a no.?
- Commissioner Boice Yes
- Chair Huxley Nothing being done here is in concrete.
- County Accountant Kallstrom Need direction

Chair Huxley called for discussion on Recommendation 4

Current budget for O&C harvested timber on Federal Forest lands is \$250,000. Rocky McVay estimates \$500,000 to \$600,000 for Fiscal Year 2017-2018. Add revenue of \$250,000 to budget line.

Add 3% to property tax revenue and reduce various miscellaneous revenue lines in Non-Departmental revenues that do not have historical support for budgeted amounts.

Non-Departmental: Increase Revenue \$250,000

Estimate received from Rocky McVay should be a total of \$500,000 to \$600,000 for O&C funds in 2017-2018

Non-Departmental: Decrease Revenue (\$6,923)

Increase Property Tax Revenue by 3%; decrease other miscellaneous revenues per historical actual receipts

• Vice Chair Gold

- o Rocky McVay Good way to go, because there are no guarantees.
- o Still conservative.
- o Has a lot of confidence in this number, if Rocky states it's going to be.
- County Accountant Kallstrom this is adding \$250K
- **Commissioner Boice** Not quite that optimistic.

Chair Huxley called for discussion on Recommendation 5

Recommend reducing transfers into the General Fund.

- a. Two departments are receiving transfers from Reserve Funds that are more than the annual receipts. The County Clerk's Recording Reserve Fund and the County Surveyor's Cornerstone Reserve Fund are currently spending down their reserves by transferring more than annual receipts. Recommend reducing transfers to annual receipts.
- b. Reduce transfer from Road Capital Improvement Fund for Sheriff

Patrol from \$1,705,000 to \$500,000 to maintain Road Capital

Improvement Fund balance.

c. A transfer was budgeted in 2016-2017 Fiscal Year from Public Health Fund to Sheriff Department to cover partial cost of the Code Enforcement Officer. Sheriff Department is no longer handling the Code Enforcement Officer position so this transfer to the General

Fund is no longer needed.

Clerk-Recording:

Reduce transfer in from Recording Reserve fund to maintain Reserve fund balance Decrease Revenue

(\$40,722)

County Surveyor:

Reduce transfer in from Cornerstone Reserve fund to maintain Reserve fund balance (\$10,000)

Sheriff-Civi1/Criminal/Patrol:

Reduce transfer in from Road Capital Improvement fund to maintain Road Capital fund balance Decrease

Revenue (\$1,205,000)

Sheriff-Civil/Criminal/Patrol:

Eliminate transfer in from Public Health fund -Sheriff Department no longer funding Code Enforcement Officer position **Decrease Revenue** (\$30,000)

• Vice Chair Gold

- o We're taking monies from the Road Fund? \$500K? Right now taking \$1.7 Million
- o Knows we can't keep taking monies form the Road Fund forever.
- o CBAC recommended \$400K. What would happen if we did \$400K?

County Accountant Kallstrom

- o It really would depend on what happens with all the recommendations.
- o Won't know impact until goes back to desk to look at what kind of gap we would have.

• Commissioner Boice

- o Doesn't see how we can make it 1 more year and keep current level of services.
- o Stating publicly doesn't see how we can hope to maintain even a skeleton of a County without assistance (from road funds)

• Chair Huxley

- o Position is not to use road funds for this budget process.
- o Per **Vice Chair Gold**, CBAC recommended using road funds. Yes it was their recommendation. Using other cuts, other recommendations, also.
- O Part C discussed yesterday referencing code enforcement officer. Decrease from Clerks office. Discussed w/Ken Dukek & Planning Director. Something needs to be done this year on code enforcements. Actual consequences. Working with County official so that something can be done this year.
- o The more individuals see there are no consequences, the more these individuals, not a lot, a few, the more emboldened they become. \$10K coming from CCH. To be used for code enforcement, must be geared to where rev came. Somewhat restrictive.
- o We need to start \$75k to \$80k of which \$30k, at least a commitment, will come from CCH.
- Vice Chair Gold Really important. Has heard complaints from individual regarding some of these issues
- County Accountant Kallstrom Not sure if pieces will come from General Fund. Probably come from Building division, too.
- Chair Huxley Discuss and budget for code enforcement
 - o Consensus on code enforcement?
 - o Commissioner Boice Pass. Use or not use of \$500K? In favor of not budgeting any of that
 - o Vice Chair Gold OK with it, but
 - Would like to see what it looks like with and without road funds. We may end up going to road funds. Try it without road funds.
 - o Commissioner Boice Already spoken about it.

- North County need to start packing open carry.
- Sheriff's department spread thin. If keep Sheriff's office intact, then go to DA how much do we pare that down?
- Road department needs \$200K to \$300K in equipment. If so, we then lose 2 or 3 deputies.
- Disagree with not using road funds.
- Chair Huxley For direction here, at this time, we have 2 for use of no road funds.

Chair Huxley called for discussion on Recommendation 6

Recommend closing County Services for six days during the 2017-2018 Fiscal Year. This recommendation comes with the caveat that the County, citizens and interested parties join together to pass a Sheriff Levy on the November

2017 ballot to permanently fund the Criminal, Civil and Patrol Department and the Jail Department. The cost savings for the General Fund comes from employee cost per day of approximately \$17,000. All funds and departments, including elected officials, department heads and regular employees, would participate.

All Departments: Decrease Expenditure \$102,000

Close County Departments for 6 days during 2017-2018 Fiscal Year at \$17,000 per day. To be used in conjunction with campaign to pass a Sheriff Levy.

- Vice Chair Gold How about 2 weeks at Christmas that would be 10 days or 1 day a month?
- Commissioner Boice No comment at this point
- Chair Huxley
 - o Generally the discussion yesterday, day before. Not practical, not realistic for sheriff's department. Not using furloughs as an option.
 - Look into possibility to changing jobs to irregular. Can't say it's the same for every department.
 Look at other recommendations that would certainly exceed estimate there. Do not use only furloughs.
- Vice Chair G How is County Accountant Kallstrom supposed to do that without direction?
- Chair Huxley That's the next step in the process. Look at 32 not 40 hour work week.
- Vice Chair Gold Would this exclude law enforcement? Did this include law enforcement??
- County Accountant Kallstrom
 - o All employees within General Fund.
 - Included Admin costs.
- Commissioner Boice
 - o County Accountant Kallstrom recognition of her expertise.
 - o (Recommendation 6 states) To be used in conjunction with passing a sheriff levy. Just to research a sales tax taken off the table, again, today.
- County Accountant Kallstrom
 - o Does not wish to decrease salaries just to balance the budget. Looking at a piece of looking for paid.
 - o Furloughs are a step toward keeping anybody from losing their jobs.
- Commissioner Boice
 - Most importantly keeping
 - an Assessor's office,
 - a Clerk's office,
 - a DA's office,
 - a Juvenile office.

- o Appreciates you making this an emphasis, you're spot on.
- Chair Huxley Recommendation 6 Do not look at furlough days.
- Vice Chair Gold What you're saying--Would this be explored at the Workshop?
- Commissioner Boice What workshop?
- Chair Huxley Target other areas.
- County Counsel There is a scheduled Solid Waste & Recycling Committee meeting 10 Noon
- Vice Chair Gold We can do workshop at different time.
- Chair Huxley Where are we on recommendation 6?
- Vice Chair Gold Would like to see other options.
- Chair Huxley Not to proceed w/furlough issue

Chair Huxley called for discussion on Recommendation 7

Reduce budgeted positions through attrition. County Election Department- reduce one position not filled in the current fiscal year. Sheriff Department- reduce two out of three unfilled positions.

Clerk-Elections: Reduce budgeted position (not currently filled) Decrease Expenditure \$50,947 Sheriff-Civi1/Criminal/Patrol:

Reduce (2) budgeted positions (not currently filled)

Decrease Expenditure \$130,000

Recommend combining Board of Commissioners Office and Finance Office. The consolidation would provide backup staff to BOC daily operations and allow the current unfilled BOC staff position to be reduced.

2nd Portion Admin Services:

Decrease Expenditure

\$28,000

Consolidate Financial & BOC offices. Use finance staff as backup and eliminate (1) budgeted BOC position (not currently filled).

Vice Chair Gold

- o If getting rid of positions, through attrition is best possible way at this point.
- o What are disadvantages and advantages of county administrator?

• County Accountant Kallstrom

- o Better to have, especially with county manager, as county manager and finance director work closely together.
- o Just having extra bodies around, to have all in one space makes a lot of sense.
- County Counsel Would different County Accountant have different recommendation?
- Chair Huxley A good question. Additional scenario discussed yesterday hold this in abeyance until after county administrator & county accountant hired.
- **Vice Chair Gold** The disadvantages would be new people coming on would be OK with that that configuration.

County Counsel

- o Has been BOC admin supervisor
- o Keep Brenda Starbird.
- o A single staff person in the BOC office is doable.
- o This was also a CBAC recommendation.
- o Reasonable option for BOC to consider in this budget process.

Commissioner Boice

- o Consolidation is the wisest thing to do.
- o Mr Jezuit, Counsel Huttl, Brenda Starbird, Finance office (Ms Kallstrom), Cena Crook, Julie Swift. Everybody's leaning on everybody.

- o New employees, new positions -- There's 3 new positions that are going to cost us some money to market and fill.
- o 2 quick questions.
 - What would it take to fill your position?
 - County Accountant Kallstrom What I'm making now should be put into budget for next year for new county accountant.
 - **Commissioner Boice** County administrator?
 - County Accountant Kallstrom Doesn't know

• Commissioner Boice

- o Looking at 2 budget positions not filled.
- o New road deputies are most needed.
- Chair Huxley Recommendation for 17-18 was not to budget for 3 positions.
- **Vice Chair Gold** This is what was recommended by the department chairs when they were interviewed?

• County Accountant Kallstrom

- o Yes, the department heads have budgeted positons..
- O Department heads have done without and adjusted to it. It's a good contribution to balance budget.

\$67,500

- o Sheriff has unfilled positions, still has 1 unfilled position.
- Chair Huxley 2nd portion of recommendation 7. There seems to be agreed on this. \$28K is realistic and should be budgeted.
- Consensus?
- Vice Chair Gold Fine
- Commissioner Boice OK

Chair Huxley called for discussion on Recommendation 8

Correct 2016-2017 budgeting typo error, in Sheriff Department the Uniform

Supply budget line item was inadvertently entered as \$75,000 instead of \$7,500.

Sheriff-Civi1/Criminal/Patrol: Decrease Expenditure

Correct budgeting error, budgeted \$75,000 instead of \$7,500 for Uniforms.

Reduce all Material and Supplies budgets, net of Administrative

Intergovernmental SeNices and Grants, by 5%. (Schedule Attached)

Find additional expenditure line items in General Fund to complete budget balancing.

Non-Departmental: Reduce expenditure line(s) to balance as needed

Decrease Expenditure \$930

• **County Accountant Kallstrom** Wasn't caught last year. Error caught during session last year. Inadvertent typo. Will decrease by \$67.5K

• Chair Huxley

- o We're in agreement there.
- o Recommendation 8, 2nd part, as far a dollar estimate for all departments for materials and services. Attached, last page of memo. Understood it would not necessarily be the same for all departments.
- o An average 5 % reduction would be \$155K. The main topic here is to go with a % reduction. In this case 5% reduction.
- o Also in spreadsheet is what was excluded from the calculations -- grants and IGAs

- County Accountant Kallstrom The grants on the sheet are being moved out anyway. Cannot reduce admin fees and other fees. Added together it's \$155K
- Vice Chair Gold You talked to all department heads? What was their response?

• County Accountant Kallstrom

- o In materials & services, certain expenditures can't be reduced. Contracts, property & liability insurance, mandatory training costs.
- o To reduce 10% would really cause some problems. Even 5% would take some creative in some departments.

Commissioner Boice

- o Budget is a moving target.
- o Was there a goal or objective of 0 to 10% for getting to a net figure?
- County Accountant Kallstrom Usually departments are told to find 5 or 10% or sometimes 15%
- Vice Chair Gold Really important to involve the departments. Appreciate asking departments
- Chair Huxley That was last topic. Other items discussed in last several days. PERS increases? \$150K to \$300k
- County Accountant Kallstrom Hasn't removed the attrition positions nor removed funds going to restricted funds.

• Chair Huxley

- o What are Current number of employees?
- o Current payroll?
- o As far as Floras Lake issue. Do we budget any liabilities in the 17-18 budget to be prudent?

• County Accountant Kallstrom

- o It would be prudent.
- o Assign funds to take care of project.
- o It would take care of a potential liability if the Board wants to look ahead.
- Vice Chair Gold On Floras Lake we're looking at having a contingency fund?

• County Accountant Kallstrom

- o Separate fund.
- o Planning board contingency. It's a planning for something unknown and unplanned for.

• Vice Chair Gold

- Special budget meeting if not planned for?
- Should establish fund to gather resources to do what has to be done. Correct.?
- County Counsel Last direction from BOC was to actually remove the rocks.
- Chair Huxley Agrees with County Counsel
- **County Accountant Kallstrom** Amount is up to BOC.
- Chair Huxley That was the last recommendation. Working on things from CBAC also.
- **Commissioner Boice** Could we bring back CBAC recommendations and incorporate in BOC Budget direction for **County Accountant Kallstrom**?
- Chair Huxley Is John (Spicer) or Terry (Brayer) here? Terry, would you like to come up?
- Terry Brayer. From Nesika Beach. Part of the Citizens Budget Advisory Committee (CBAC).

- When we were tasked we broke into 3 different groups.
- One was looking at physical, another consolidation and the third interviewing department heads for those departments using general fund money.
- CBAC looked at it from a perspective of taking a 30% and a 60% budget cut. Which would mean monies taken from road fund. Met with different groups. Have different recommendations.
- Came forward w/exec summary -- \$6.4M shortfall if no road funds used. However, the road fund came up with about a \$3M shortfall which is part of the \$6.4M.
- Not a matter of borrowing from the road fund; it's really taking from road fund. No intention of paying back the road fund.
- Put data into a spreadsheet along with supporting documents. **CBAC Chair John Spicer** has not agreed nor seen nor approved the data, yet.
- One recommendation is for each department to take a 30% reduction and county keeping the 7 road deputies intact, then CBAC agreed to take \$400k from road fund this year. We really can't continue to kick the can down the road.
- County has about 18 months to come up with revenue. This is not an expenditure issue, it's a revenue problem.
- Keep law enforcement as full as possible.
- Another recommendation is to bring in additional assessor(s). Assessor Kolen stated if there were 1.5 or 2 FTE assessors then, it would reduce re-assessment backlog from 18 years to 7 years. Use contract employees as additional assessor(s).
- If there were a 30% budget cut, re-assessment backlog could go from a 20 year to a 30 year backlog.
- If we bring in an extra 3% into the county in assessed value, the county would be getting revenue in long term particularly to special districts.
- There are specific recommendations to cut certain positions to ½ time positions to save money and save on benefits. Will get this (spreadsheet data) as soon as **Chair Spicer** can go over it.
- **Commissioner Boice** There was about a \$2M difference between the 2 proposals CBAC & Acct in terms of the shortage. Can you shed some light on this?
- **Terry Brayer** The road fund would extend this year. Looking at a little over \$3.3M, only bringing in
- Vice Chair Gold In your recommendations, you met with these folks.
- **Terry Brayer** There are some similarities between CBAC & County Accountant. For example met w/clerk's office who spread their wages between clerk office, recorder's office, and 5% to BOPTA. Trying to figure where the money actually is sometimes is hard. Easier to look at department entire
- **Chair Huxley** As a side piece to recommendation 6, we were looking at a 32 work week vs a straight 30% cut. It was a combination of all the input.

• Terry Brayer

A couple of years ago, we had directive to County Accountant to come up w/2 budgets – if levy passes and if it didn't passed. We're (CBAC and County Accountant) about \$100K off what we recommend borrowing from road fund. Part of this is CBAC has 7 deputies. County Accountant has 8 road deputies.

- O Public does not trust government. We are in fact lean and mean. We are into the marrow of the bone. We have to show we're not willing to keep kicking the can down the road. Road fund may be depleted in 4 to 8 years. It's some hard decisions we have postponed making the last 7 years.
- Vice Chair Gold Deputies need roads.
- Terry Brayer Have to decide when is it you are going to say, "No more."

Chair Huxley asked for public comment

- **Assessor Jim Kolen** Haven't given us any budget direction at all. Over another of \$1M cuts out of budget. Looks like not any money for anything else. My recommendation, just fund law enforcement and shut down everything else down. Assessment tax collection cut from 14 FT in 2007 to 7.2 FT now. We're not meeting many of the mandates required by law. A 30% cut see comments to CBAC committee **Commissioner Gold** what did you mean about talking to people who don't want tax.?
- Vice Chair Gold Get a county administrator. Maybe it will be me that has to be cut. Fine with that.

• Assessor Kolen

- o Really would like to see from BOC -- give us a number to work with and tell us, rather than going to 32 hour work week. Better served by keeping whole employees and keep morale intact in order to keep them more productive. We'd be keeping our normally best employees.
- o Not having anything in budget direction from this board. If direction is given, would like to come back and give more public comment.
- Commissioner Boice Re-building programs. Are you looking at 1 year or looking 5 years down the road? Worst case scenario. That's part of my emphasis is to keep us from getting to that point. Wants to avoid that.
- Assessor Kolen Look at my comments to CBAC if you're looking to make 30% to 60% cuts, is really shutting other county departments down. Doesn't think can do both funding law enforcement and funding all departments.
- Commissioner Boice What could we do? And at what point in time could we do this?
- **Assessor Kolen** As I recall, the **Sheriff** asked for direction in September & December. Hoping to get direction now. If I'm going to have to lay off some my employees, have to let them know so they can start planning their futures.
- Commissioner Boice Learned a lot today. Use minor portion of road funds is not going to happen. Certain things not working for example furlough days. Certain things are not workable like furlough days? What time as soon as possible can we give department head directions?
- Chair Huxley We have given direction to county accountant.
- County Accountant Kallstrom Will give worksheets to department heads Friday
- Commissioner Boice So do we still have a date we can offer the department heads?
- Chair Huxley No
- Comm Boice. So the human side be damned.
- County Accountant Kallstrom Doesn't think budget is balanced at this point. Has enough to get worksheets out to department heads. There may be adjustments past that date. Will take what was talked about today and put into spreadsheets and really figure out what impact of

those things are. My understanding (of what direction is) - The 4 positions through attrition will be adjusted in their budgets. Department heads will be directed to take a take a 5% cut in materials and supplies. Beyond that does not have anything. During next few days should be able to have some kind of topic to discuss again through we can with consensus. Thinks she can give direction.

- **Commissioner Boice** Is there a date we can say give to saying we have all the information we need. Still doesn't hear date. Is there even a theoretical date.
- County Accountant Kallstrom A date to do what by? What date are you looking at?
- Commissioner Boice Worst case scenario. This is what we're looking at, subject to final approval, on June 21. So people know. May not be a fair question to you.
- County Accountant Kallstrom It is kind of a fair question to me. Hopefully we can come back on 4/19 general meeting to finalize this procedure and have a proposed balanced budget. Have asked department heads to get back by 4/24. Only gives me couple of weeks. These things have to be decided assessed in next couple weeks. If we have workshop and hammer out more details, we can get this for . Not sure how much of these decisions. On 4/19, you might be able to tell me which staffing level. If there are other further cuts need to look at, will discuss with those departments heads to get that into the budget. And they can change those, too. Julie as it set up really well..
- **Commissioner Boice** Sounds like the 4/12 would not give enough time?
- **County Accountant Kallstrom** By 4/12 would be able to bring some information to you so BOC can be ready 4/19
- Vice Chair Gold Are we adding workshop next wed afternoon? I think we need one. What time?
- County Counsel Have a 10-Noon solid Waste recycling meeting on that day. Will start at 1P. Don't know if we'll have any materials
- Chair Huxley Schedule workshop 4/12 at 1P
- Assessor Kolen Workshop 4/12, will BOC give department heads opportunity to participate?
- Chair Huxley On 3/22 workshop, public comments were accepted. As was the case today. Yes it will be. Expect we would have comments from those in the audiences in those department heads.
- Commissioner Boice Good to have dep heads here
- Vice Chair Gold Should have them here

13. COMMISSIONER UPDATES/LIAISON & DEPARTMENT ACTIVITY REPORTS

- Vice Chair Gold
 - o Need to bring back the travel policy & county administrator.
 - o Has talked to County Counsel about county administrator
- County Counsel Assign Vice Chair Gold to work with County Counsel. BOC supports it.
- Commissioner Boice
 - o Coos Bay Police Department So much going on and it's accelerating.
 - o Report from Coos narcotics agent.
 - Heroin is 50% of drug use.
 - Pouring over Mexico US border. Portland is primary distribution center.

- o Coos has similar problems with jail. Can only afford 95 beds not 290.
- o Will keep you up to date on this. Cities isolated like Gold Beach, Port Orford and Brookings. Consolidate law enforcement to fight crime
- o Attended Fair Board.
 - Awaiting RV park.
 - Oregon promoting more RV travel.
 - Fair Board concerned about liability insurance. Very important to them.
 - Want to be on both websites
- o Working with **Roadmaster Robbins** about vehicle inventory.
 - Asking department heads.
 - If something not needed, can change/sell/save money.
- o Have a lot of meetings next 2 weeks.
- o Are you having workshop on 4/12?
- **County Counsel** Was going to ask BOC. Not sure workshop required at this time. Does BOC really want a workshop. Group can make recommendations to BOC.
- **Commissioner Boice** In favor of workshop every Wednesday.
- County Counsel On schedule to make a present
- Vice Chair Gold
 - o Presentation will be fine.
 - o Workshop OK. Especially w/budget discussions
 - o County Accountant Kallstrom you need direction today?
 - o Reason for a workshop on budget?
- **Commissioner Boice** Other items to add to workshop
- County Account Kallstrom.
 - o Budget direction from BOC is essential
 - o Good to have meeting next week. Once gets directions, calculates the impact to direction.
- County Counsel Consensus of BOC?
- Chair Huxley Think about it.
- County Counsel asked minute taker Jezuit about April 8 Town Hall meeting.
- Carl King stated there will be town halls in Chetco 1st, Gold Beach 10:45A and Port Orford at 1P
- Chair Huxley
 - o Town Hall meeting with State Sen Cruse & Representative Smith
 - o Heard or asked if county account has resigned to take employment elsewhere?
- County Account Kallstrom
 - o has given a resignation letter effective 6/21/17 after budget process.
 - o Is going to Coos Bay.
- Chair Huxley definitely ask for BOC for direction.
 - o We need opening put out in various locations.
 - o Immediately start pursuing hiring another County Accountant.
- **Vice Chair Gold** more than willing to help new person on board. Came here w/0 help from previous acct.
- Commissioner Boice Much appreciate County Accountant Kallstrom will stay until June

14. EXECUTIVE SESSION

15. ADJOURN 3:25P



Mtg. Title:	Curry County Board of Commissioners Workshop					
Facilitator:	Chair Huxley Date / Time: 4/12/17 1P to 230P					
Scribe:	John T. Jezuit Location: County Annex Hearing Room					
Attendees:	Chair Thomas Huxley, Vice Chair Sue Gold, Commissioner Court Boice, County Counsel, John Huttl					
Absent:	None					
Guests:	County Accountant, Louise Kallstrom. Public Speakers: Assessor, Jim Kolen; Juvenile/Parks Director, Jay Trost; Sheriff Ward,					

Tania	Discussion	Action
Topic:	/ Information:	Required:
1:00P	Meeting called to order. Pledge of Allegiance recited. Chair Huxley asked County Accountant Kallstrom to begin update of 2017-2018 Fiscal Year (FY) budget	
County Accountant Kallstrom	 Has put in everything talked about at the April 5th general meeting. This includes the BOC recommendations, PERS increase effective July 1, Department heads, 1.5% Workers Compensation reserve, added a few CBAC recommendations, left in legal professional services and reduced liability & property insurance and 3% cuts to departments across the board. This resulted in a \$1,094,000 shortfall. Used carry over, did not use road funds nor furlough days. Used CBAC rec 6a & 6b eliminate deputy election clerk, open admin position in BOC office, CBAC 7 eliminate funding for Surveyor's office. CBAC 8 Close Cable TV fund. \$140k Not sure of moving County Counsel resources into the General Fund. CBAC 9 close County Lands Fund \$20K. CBAC 5 reducing Juvenile by 30% not sure how Juvenile Department works. Director Trost notes a \$129K cut in payroll cost. Revenues for Search and Rescue are included Need time to input data to prepare a published budget. Re: Carryover. It is budgeted revenue with no budgeted expenditure against it. Based on 	We need to discuss how to take care of the \$1.094M shortfall. Not a lot of cuts can be made. By increasing the carryover balance a little, we can sustain a budget. Finds it irresponsible to use neither all nor none of the carryover. Recommends using 30%-40% of carry over. Wants to get budget ready to publish. Concerned about timeline. Wants directions by 4/19 General Meeting. Will go to department heads and ask if there's anything more than 3% they can do.

	department head budgets they will look at this year budgets and past years budgets. Will try to project the carryover.	
Chair Huxley	Department heads will look at deficit and make appropriate cuts and reductions then interface with County Accountant Kallstrom . 30% and 60% reductions were discussed at the last meeting. BOC cannot do same thing across all departments. The department have to decide how to make cuts. Law enforcement revenues come to \$670K. Is there more than that? For long range planning, County can use some carryover funds for future maintenance, IT, vehicles, infrastructure.	Does not support simply moving surplus carryover to balance the budget as we need to go into next year with some reserves. Open to a 25%-30% of carryover. Does not support following verbatim recommendation from CBAC nor anyone else.
Commissioner Boice	No cuts within Sheriff's Department. Presenting 3 different options and proposals to balance the budget. All 3 address the \$1.1M shortfall. The option of using road funds and carry over is critically important. The carry over funds have already been allocated. The proposals are prudent options, but hiring a County Administrator now is not. These proposals will buy the county some time to figure out how to raise revenues. The county has an opportunity to turn this into our advantage. Asking department heads to take a 10% cut is asking them to fund the County Administrator.	Proposal 1 uses 70%–75% of the carry over and is the preferred option. Proposal 2 same as prop 1 but has 1.5% cuts in materials & services and a 3% cut across all departments, except the Sheriff. Proposal 3 has budgeted in \$100K for County Admin salary, uses \$700K of the carry over, and 7% across the board cuts to county departments. Consolidate law enforcement will save money.
Vice Chair Gold	Department heads will do whatever they can do. Chair Huxley is not for moving carryover from 16-17 FY to 17-18 FY. It is really important to have a contingency plan. Relate it to Port of Brookings Harbor. Right now they have maintenance needs that cannot be taken care of. Based on what was discussed today, hopes	Make 7% a goal across all departments and use some of the carry over funds. Or 10% and not use

	carryover and road funds can be used until we find a solution. A projected carryover number will be very helpful.	any carry over funds.
2:10P	Chair Huxley asked for Public Comment	
Sheriff Ward	There is a solution here. While it's irresponsible not to use road funds, there is an option. For 2016-2017 FY budget, \$1.7M of road funds has been allocated. The department anticipates using either \$1.1M or \$1.2M. The unused amount is due to not filling the deputy opening. The department cannot lose what we now. If any more cuts are made, the department cannot do its job. In 1900 there were 18 deputies. Now there are only 7 deputies, which means patrols have been reduced to 10 hours a day.	The County has a right to use road funds. ORS 368.076 (with references to ORS 294.060 & ORS 368.705) states 7 counties, of which Curry is one, may use road funds for patrolling.
County Assessor Kolen	In complete agreement with Sheriff Ward and Commissioner Boice . We have not prepared public for what cuts will mean to their daily lives. Using road funds and some carryover, the BOC will have time to have conversations with the public to prepare them.	We need to make preparation for the CAFFA grant. The submission deadline is May 1, 2017. Would it be possible to get a consensus at the 4/26 meeting?
Chair Huxley	Ok with special meeting on 4/26. Vice Chair Gold asked Assessor Kolen if he needed a budget before he can do CAFFA grant. OK	Special Meeting scheduled for Wednesday, 4/26, at 10A.
Juvenile/Parks Director Trost	Parks and Juvenile departments built budgets to be intertwined. Believes in keeping both department budgets together. Separating budgets hurts both departments. With regard to carryover The 2 departments have not used all the 2015-2016 FY carryover. We are talking about contingency. There is carryover from 2015-2016 FY that will be carried over to 2016-2017 FY. Hopes carryover will be used.	Give some direction on budget process so that an appropriate budget can be built between Juvenile and Parks together. Is it possible to forecast next year's carryover based on our current spending so far this year?
2:29P	Chair Huxley adjourns the meeting	
Next Meetings:	Wednesday, April 19, 2017 10A-12:30P General Mtg Wednesday, April 26, 2017 10A-12:30P Special Mtg	County Annex Hearing Room